

No. 8853

Supreme Court of Illinois

John D. Hawkins

vs.

James Taber, et al

71641  7

State of Illinois vs
Marion County

Pleas and proceedings had in the Circuit Court in and for the County of Marion and State of Illinois in a certain cause heretofore pending in said Court wherein John D Hawkins was Plaintiff and Warren Tabor Jeremiah Kiser James M Tabor and Sarah Breckhouse were Defendants

Be it remembered that on the 8th day of March AD 1866 the above named Complainant filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court in and for the County in the State aforesaid his certain Bill for Partition which is in the words and figures following to wit

State of Illinois } March 2nd A.M. of the year
Marion County } Circuit Court A.D. 1866

John D. Hawkins {
. vs.

Warren Taber.

Heinrich Kiser

James M. Taber.

Sarah Greshouse

} Bill for Partition

To The Hon^{ble} L. L. Bryan
Presiding Judge, in and for the 3rd Judicial
Circuit in the County of Marion
and State of Illinois in Chancery Sitting

Your Petitioner John D. Hawkins
who is a citizen of the County of Clinton
and State of Illinois, would respectfully
show to you, Honor, that one Warren Taber
who now deceased, previous to his death
was a citizen of the County of Marion and
State of Illinois, was during his life
time and at his death the owner of the
North East 1/4 of the South East 1/4
of Section Number (8) Eighth Town
Number (3) North of Range No. one East
of the third Principal Meridian and
also the West half of the South
East quarter of Section Number

Eight Township (3) North Range.
 No. one. East in Marion County
 Illinois Containing Eighty acres
 That Said Warren Tabor In due
 died seized of Said Lands and
 left him Surveying. James W. Tabor
 Wesley Tabor ^{Jefferson} Sarah Ann Tabor Warren
 Tabor ^{William} ~~Tabor~~ ~~Jacob~~ ~~Freemah~~
~~James Tabor~~

Jemimiah Tabor
 Who is now ^{inter} married with John Kiser
 and John Tabor. and Love Tabor that
 Since the death of the Said Warren
 Tabor or the Said John Tabor.
 departed this life leaving his widow
 Sarah Tabor since intermarried with
 William ^{Greathouse} ~~Greathouse~~ and having no
 Children and that Since the
 death of the Said Warren Tabor
 son the Said William Tabor Son
 of Said Warren died leaving no
 widow nor children nor descendants
 That Since the death of the Said
 Warren Tabor son the Said Love Tabor
 has died leaving no wife nor chil-
 dren — That at the time of Said
 Warrens. death the Said Estate

3

above described was divisible unto
ten parts but by the death of
the Said John Tabor the one half
of his interest vested by inheritance
in Sarah Tabor now ~~Greathouse~~
and the other half vested in his Bro-
thers and Sisters - That Said John
died about the year 1857 and
before the conveyances to your petition
hereafter mentioned that Said William
died about the year 1863
leaving no widow nor children and
That Said - ~~Love~~ died about
the year 1864 - That at the death
of Said Lowell his rights had been sold
under Execution to James Williams and
Joseph Kiser to be annulled - Sold to James
Williams surviving partner of the firm of
Robert Alton and James Williams
That at the death of Said Warren an
each heir was Entitled to 13 acres - That
by the death of John ~~East~~ the remaining
heirs were Entitled to $12\frac{6}{10}$ acres - That
by the death of William each heir sur-
viving became Entitled to 14 acres and
one tenth. That the Said Sarah Tabor
now Greathouse by marriage was Entitled
to six acres by reason of inheriting

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from the Said John her husband now deceased. That in 1859 James M Tabor Executed a bond for a deed to Wm Greathouse for his interest to which he was then Entitled. — Herewith filed and marked "A" That his interest at the time of making said Bond was $14\frac{1}{2}$ acres of Said land That in A.D. 1860 the Said Sarah Ann daughter of Said Warren having Married One George W Campbell Executed a quit claim deed to the Said William Greathouse for her interest which was then $14\frac{1}{2}$ acres marked B" that in 1862 the Said Wesley Tabor and wife Executed a deed of quit claim to the Said Wm Greathouse for their undivided interest in Said land he being then entitled to $14\frac{1}{2}$ acres Exhibit "C" that the Said Sarah widow of the Said John decd. having intermarried with the Said Wm Greathouse and being Entitled to Six acres of land or the ~~one~~ half of the interest of the Said John her husband joined with the Said Wm Greathouse in making a quit claim deed to her Share and also ~~the~~ shares of the Said William to your petitioner

Making in all Conveyed to him three
Shares in full of 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres each and
the Half Share of the Said Sarah Six
acres total forty Eight $\frac{3}{4}$ acres that
the ~~Said~~ interest of the Said ^{Love} and the
Said Jefferson were Sold under Execution
in the life time of the Said ^{Love} Kisner
and Williams and Since that time con-
veyed to the Said James M. Tabor who
is now entitled to 28 $\frac{1}{10}$ tenth acres
that Jane Tabor and Jemimah and
and Warren are each entitled to 14 $\frac{1}{2}$
acres and that Sarah Greathouse
is entitled to Dower in the ~~of~~ interest
of John her former Husband
That Since the purchase of Said lands
by petitioner to wit in August 1864
large rents have accrued and been
collected by the Said James M. Tabor
from Said lands to which Said peti-
tioner is Equally Entitled according to his
interests - That Jemimah and ^{Warren} ~~Jessie~~
Tabor are minors and ~~that~~ as the
Said interests are undivided your
petitioner asks that the Said land
shall be partitioned - That the writ of
Subpoena may issue to Clinton County

to James M Tabor and to Pike County
to Warren Tabor and to - and to Marion
County to Jemimah Kisner Commanding
them to appear and answer this bill
and that a Guardian ad litem -
May be appointed for Warren Tabor
and Jemimah and that they shall
be required to answer and that after
a full hearing the Said lands may
be divided according to the respective
interests of Said parties that the
Dower Interest of Said Sarah
may be assigned to her and that
Commissioners may be appointed
to Set aside Said Dower and parti-
tion Said lands. that an account
of the Said rents may be taken
and that upon a full hearing
of this Cause your Honor will decree
a partition of Said lands and
that Said Dower may be assigned
and that the Share of each in Said
rents may be Set apart and if Said
lands Shall not be ~~s~~ acceptable of
division that Said lands may
be Sold and that that the attorney for

7 for which I am to pay \$25 dollars.
Shall be apportioned in Said decree
and that all costs may be equally
taxed to the respective Parties and
that your Honor will grant
any and all relief as may seem
meet to.

B. B. Smith
Sol for petitioner

State of Illinois
McLean County

I John D Hawkins
being duly sworn according
to law says that he is the com-
plainant in the foregoing petition
and that the matters and things
in Said Petition Contained are
true in Substance and fact.

Subscribed and Sworn to before
me this ~~the~~ 2nd day of August
AD 1867

H. C. Moore clk John D Hawkins
by J. A. Moore
Dept

No 1

John D. Hawkins
vs.

Jemimah Kisner
Warren Tabor
James M. Tabor

Petition for Partition

Filed March 8th 1866

A C Moore, clk

Please issue to Sta
County for Warren
Tabor. To Clinton
County for James
M. Tabor and to
Marion County for
Jemimah Kisner

B. B. Smith
for Compt

8 / Stummons

State of Illinois }
State of Illinois } ss { The people of the state of
Marion County } Illinois, to the sheriff of said
County, Mettino:

We command you to summon Benjamin
Easner, James W. Taylor, Warren Taylor and
Sarah Heathouse, if to be found in your county,
to appear before the circuit court of Marion
County on the first day of the term thereof, to be held
~~on~~ at the court house in Salem on the third Monday
in the month of March instant to answer John
D. Hawkins in his petition for Divorce and
partition, and hereof make due return to
said court as the law directs.

Witness, Henry C. Moore Clerk of



our said court and the seal
thereof, at Salem this 8th day
of March A. D. 1866

H. C. Moore clerk

By J. O. Chance, Dept

Summons
No 307

March Term 1866

J. D. Hawkins,
as

Amimah Risner, James
McAber, Warren Gaber
and Sarah Heathouse

Summons in Chancery

Service	8	
Mileage	8	15
Returning	8	

in Marion County
March 3rd 1866
J. W. Shadley
Sheriff

The witness named
parties not found

March Term ad 1866.

John Q Hawkins	} Dover my Partition
vs	
Jemima. Kiser	
Hannah Taber	
James M Taber	} Wednesday March 21 st 1866
and Sarah Greathouse	

Ordered that this cause stand
continued to the next term
of this Court for service

August Term ad 1866

John D. Hawkins
No 263 vs.

Jemimah Kiner, Nancy Taber }
James M. Taber James M. Taber } Part & Dover
and Sarah Greathouse }

Tuesday August 21st 1866

Comes Complainant and on his motion
this is continued to the next term
of this Court for Service and an
alias Writ ordered.

State Of Illinois } vs { The People of the State of Illinois
Marion County } (to the Sheriff of said County

Greeting
The command, as here to fore to summon
Jesemiah Blane, James ^mTabor, Warren Tabor,
and Sarah Greathouse if to be found in your
County to appear before the Circuit Court of Marion
County on the first day of the Term thereof
to be held in at the Court house in Salem, on
the Third Monday in the Month of March next
to answer John D Hawkins in his petition for
Dower and partition, and thereof make due
return to said Court as the law directs.

Witness, Henry C Moore, Clerk of our
said Court and the seal thereof
at Salem, this 29th day of
November A. D. 1866

H C Moore. Clerk



Recd by copy

Summons

No

March Term 1867

J. D. Hawkins
as

Feminah Risner

Summons in Chancery

Service -	\$ 2.0
Mileage	\$ 3.0
Returning	\$ 1.
	<u>\$5.00</u>

Served by reading &
by copy to Feminino
Risner and James
Gibbs, Warren Jo
and Sarah Heath.
Not found in this Co
This 21st day of Feb
1867 J. D. Gear.

Above,

March Term 1867

John D Hawkins }
vs.
Jemima Kiser
Warren Taber
James M. Taber
and Sarah Greathouse }
Dover & Partition

Monday March 18 1867
this Cause is called and continued
for further service

Circuit Court of Marion County Illinois
August Term 1867

John D Hawkins 3
vs 3 Petition for Divorce
Frances Kiser - et al 3 and Partition
and the said man
Gaber, infant-defendant in said Petition,
by Mr Schaeffer his guardian ad Litem
appointed by this Court, for answer to said
Petition, says that he is of tender years, and
ignorant of the matters in said petition set
forth, and prays the protection of this Hon
Court in the premises

By Mr Schaeffer Guardian
ad Litem

Guardian & fees \$5.00

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John D Hawkins

as

Prinmah Heman

etc

I

etc

Answer of

Good Listener

Filed August 20th

1867

H C Moore et R

\$5.00

Quorations for \$5.00

111

John D Hawkins³ In Circuit Court
as August Term A.D 1867
Ferrimoth Kinner³
at 30³

Valentine Ward being duly sworn in
this cause on the part of plaintiff deposes as
follows, I am acquainted with the parties to this
suit, I am acquainted with the custom of
renting lands in the neighborhood in which
the land put there for from two to two
dollars and half per acre for purposes
of cultivation, my judgment is that the
orchard on the land described in the petition
in this suit would make the use of the farm
worth from seventy five to one hundred
dollars more per year than the price of
the rent of the land alone. There are about
fifty acres of land in cultivation on the place
David Sherman lived on the farm in 1864
and Monroe Gabor told me that he rented
the farm to David Sherman for that year
James W. Gabor paid his rent to the farm to
Mrs. Prugh in 1865 Mr. Prugh occupied it that
year. Mr. Prugh also occupied the farm during
1866 and up to the present time

Subscribed and sworn to
before me this 24th day of August A.D 1867
J. B. Waggs, Master in Chancery

No 5

John L. Hamlin
vs
Jenman Risner clbs

Masters Rep't of
Testimony

(Fee \$200
Pds)

Valentine Wards
Witness for \$100

Oyled August 26th
1867

H C Brown CLR

John D Hawkins 3 August Term A.D. 1867
vs
Francesca Risner 3 Partition and Survey
Warren Gaber 3
James M Gaber and 3
Sarah Gauthier 3

August 19th and now on this day come the complainant by B.B. Smith his solicitor, and it appearing to the court that the adult defendant had been duly served with process on Motion of Complainants solicitor Mr Schaeffer is appointed Guardian ad Litem for the minor heirs, and rule is entered upon the adult defendants to answer by 1st Monday of this term August 21st and it appearing to the court that Mr Schaeffer Guardian ad Litem has filed his answer, and the adult defendant unto having failed to answer on Motion of solicitor for complainant a decree pro confesso is entered before the court and it is ordered adjudged and decreed that partition shall be granted as prayed in Complainants petition and absolute title possessory Balance and Samuel Phelps are appointed by the court as commissioners - It is ordered adjudged and decreed by the court that the said Commissioners so appointed shall divide said lands as follows

L 28-3-10

setting off to the said John D Hawkins
forty eight $\frac{3}{10}$ acres, and to the said James
McGaber Twenty Eight $\frac{3}{10}$ tenth acres and
to James Gaber $1\frac{1}{4}\frac{1}{10}$ acres, and to Penimah
Kisner and Warren Gaber such $1\frac{1}{4}\frac{1}{10}$ acres.
That these are the respective quantities
to which the said parties are entitled
as shown to the satisfaction of the Court
from the evidence — And that this cause
is referred to the Master for Testimony,
August 26th and now comes the said
Commissioners and make report that
said lands are not susceptible of ^{division} partition
which report is approved by the Court and
on motion of Complainants solicitor the
said property is ordered to be sold
on the premises after giving four weeks
notice by publication in some public
news paper in the County, August 28th
The cause is referred to Mr Schaeffer special
Master appointed by the court to take testimony
who makes his report of testimony
and after hearing the testimony
in said cause it is found by the court
that James Mc Gaber has received rents
and profits of said lands to the amount
of four hundred and fifty five dollars, whereupon
it is rendered by the court that the said
James Mc Gaber shall account to the
said parties for the sum of four hun-
dred and fifty five dollars and that

each party, plaintiff and defendant shall
be intitled to his respective share and
that execution shall issue there upon
It also ordered and adjudged by the
Court that Mr Schaeffer shall be appointed
special Commissioner to sell said lands
in said Bill mentioned on the premises
that notice of said sale shall be given
by four weeks notice in some public
news paper published in the county —
Terms of sale ten percent in hand
and balance in six months, Purchaser
giving Bond with good personal security
and Mortgage on the premises, and that
he report to the next term of this court
and for this purpose this cause is, by
~~continued~~ the Court ordered to stand
~~continued~~

(Decree written by Sol. B. B. Sneed)

John D Hawkins

vs

Gabor Szabol

District

Filed Feb 19th

1868

H C Moore

Clark

State of Illinois } Marion County Circuit Court -
Marion County } To the March Term A.D. 1868

John D Hawkins }

vs

Warren Gabor } Petition for Partition.

Jemimah Risner }

James M Gabor }

Sarah Mathews }

B. B. Smith atty for Complainants
in the above entitled cause take notice
that we will, as attys, for the said
defendants, make at the March Term of
said court in said above entitled case
complaint to correct said decree, and set
aside said judgment, which was rendered
at the last term against said Warren
Gabor one of the defendants.

Omulying & Murray

Sal for Drft

Dated 17th Octy 1868

No 7

John D Hawkins
vs
Warren John et al

~~Mr. Justice~~ Mr.

Second copy of notice
notice on B.B. Smith
This 12th of Feb 1868
J E Morris

Filed March 6th
1868

H C Morris

CIR

State of Illinois 3 March Term Marion County
Marion County 3 Circuit Court A D 1868

John D Hawkins	3
vs	3
Warren Tabor	3
Jessieah Kiser	3
James M Tabor	3
Sarah Greathouse	3

Petition for Partition

Charles Sherman after being duly
sworn deposes and says, that before the trial
of the above entitled cause, at the last Term
of this Court, August Term A D 1867 of the
Circuit Court, he went and had a settlement with
the Complainant John D Hawkins on or
about the 12th day of January A D 1867 and
that he paid the said Hawkins all the rent
on his the said Hawkins share of the land,
described in said petition. And that said
Hawkins was to give the receipt in full to
James Tabor for the rents, and also gave
up a bond for a sum, that he held against
the said James Tabor, and was to dismiss
the above case at the March Term 1867 of
this Court for partition of said Land,
upon the payment of half of the Atty's
fee, which amount was \$12,50 and that the
said Hawkins agreed to have the suit
dismissed, and satisfied the defendant

17) of the facts, and told them not to attend
Court as the cause, would be dismissed, and
according to that understanding or agreement
The defendants in the said Case for Partition
did not appear on that occasion defend
against said suit, and that that in the
absence of said defendant the said Hawkins
did not dismiss the said suit, as he had
promised to do, but obtained judgement
of four hundred & fifty five dollars against
the said James Tabor, ^{fraudently} dice then & there ob-
tained said judgment, against James Tabor

Charles X Sherman
mark

Subscribed & sworn to
before me this 1st of
February A D 1868
26 & Moore CLK

James Tabor one of the defendants in the above
entitled cause after being duly sworn according
to law, deposes and says that the said John
D Hawkins dice before the trial of this cause,
and his son Ruben Hawkins to offiant
and told him that he need not attend
the court because he in Sherman and his
Father had settled the matter, and he said
that his Father had got him to write about
to B B Smith the atty in said cause of

18)

the fact of settlement of same, and upon
this understanding the said affiant did
not attend court, thinking the matter
was settled, and that the affiant was
informed that the rent was all paid
and that the said John D Hawkins was
to give him a receipt in full, and know
not of said judgment having been obtained
until after the last August Term of said
Court 1867.

James M^x Tabor
mark

Sworn to and subscribed
before me this 1st day
of Feby 1868

H C Moore clk

The said James M^x Tabor, swears positively
that he did not owe one dollar of the
rent, decreed against him, that the said
rent was all settled for by said Sherman
as said affiant swears was stated to him
by said Sherman, and that is the same
indebtedness decreed in said suit to be
paid by affiant. James M^x Tabor
mark

Sworn to and subscribed
before me this 26th day of
March 1868. H C Moore clk
mark
Roy S. T. Moore
Dept

Marion, Circuit Court
To the Clerk Term of 1868

John D Hawkins

as

Warren Tabor et al

Affidavit of
Defendants

Filed March 6th 1868

H. C. Moore

c/c

John D Hawkins

as

James M Gabor } No to sue aside done
19) et al } chy

Mary Sherman being first
duly sworn says that some time in the
fourth part of the year 1867 as she believes
in January of that year, she heard John
D Hawkins say that if he could purchase
out the interest of Charles Sherman in the
land in the bill described he would bring
the suit-thin pending

Subscribed to and sworn Mary ⁱⁿ Sherman
before me this 26th March 1868

H C Moore clk

John Sherman being sworn says that he
heard the foregoing remarks by the said
John D Hawkins, and that the affidavit
of Mary Sherman is true; and that he has
no interest in this suit or motion

John Sherman

Subscribed and sworn
to before me this 26th
March 1868, H C Moore clk

State of Illinois }
Marion County } 33

20) John Baxter being first duly
sworn says that he heard John D Hawkins
state in substance, that he had agreed
to dismiss the suit of Partition against
the Gobos, at the last March Term of this
Court; but that he said that was based
upon an agreement that James Gabor
was to surrender the possession, & that
because sd James had not surrendered
possession, he had gone on with the
suit. This conversation was last summer
time. John Baxter
Subscribed & sworn
to before this 26th day of March
1868

H C Moon Clark
By J N Moon
Dept.

John D Hawkins
as
as in Tuber et al } Obj. Mo. in chy.

2) John Morris being duly sworn say that sometime last summer, at a trial between sd Hawkins & Charles Sherman, he heard Hawkins testifying himself to the effect following, that he had purchased out Charles Sherman's interest in the land, and had in the trade give up the rent, but he contended he was to get possession & that because the possession was not surrendered to him, he was not bound by the bargain. He admitted that he got the possession without a law suit by putting a man in possession.

John Morris

Subscribed and sworn to
before me this 31st day
of March 1868.

H C Moore clerk
By C A Moore
Dept

B808

Hawkins

vs

Gobau et al.

31st March 1868

Henniker

State of Illinois } 3 March Term Marion Circuit
Marion County } Court A.D. 1868

Hawkins	3
so	3
Meathouse &	3
James M. Gabor	3
John	3

26th Ruuben Hawkins being
24) duly sworn before H.C. Moore clerk to
states that he knows John D Hawkins
and James M Gabor - that he is informed
that said James M Gabor has stated
that he affiant was instructed by John
D Hawkins Complainants to tell the said
James M Gabor, that the original suit
in this case of Partitions and account
had been dismissed or that John D
Hawkins sent him to said Gabor to tell
said Gabor, that the said suit would
be dismissed. Affiant says that the said
John D Hawkins never did instruct him
to tell said Gabor that said suit was
dismissed, nor did the said Hawkins
ever tell him that he would dismiss said
suit - and he states that said John
D Hawkins never instructed him to tell
said Gabor that he had dismissed said
suit, or that he would dismiss said suit;
and he also states that he affiant never

and till said James M Gabor that his
father had told him to tell said Gabor
that he had or would dismiss said
suit. Affiant states that he heard John
D Hawkins tell said Gabor that if he
Gabor and others would give said
Hawkins possession of the farm known
as the Gabor farm that he would dis-
miss the said suit of Partition and
account — Affiant says that this con-
ciliation was before the decree in this
case and while said suit was pending
Affiant says that said Gabor and others
did not give possession to said J D
Hawkins of said place before the said
decree was rendered — Affiant states
that about the last of July 1867 or first
day of August he had a conversation
with said Gabor — That said Gabor
was then talking about the said law
suit. And said to affiant who is the
son of Hawkins, that he affiant and
he Gabor, he believed could settle this
lawsuit. That said Gabor then knew
said law suit was pending, because
he was talking ^{with} affiant about
it. He stated that affiant and he
could he believe settle said suit
but that said J D Hawkins and said

James Gabor could not, as they did
not speak without quarreling

Sworn to and }
Subscribed before }

on this 31st March 1868

H C Moore

CLR

}

Rubens Hawkins

J. D. Hawkins

vs

Heathouse

Tabor et al

Filed March 31st
1868

H C Moore

clerk

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State of Illinois } March Term Marion
Marion County } Circuit Court A.D. 1868.

Hawkins
Kos
Greenhouse
Yakov Ebal

John Barta being duly sworn
says that he knows John D Hawkins and
Monroe Gabor. That about July 20th 1867
I heard a conversation between John D.
Hawkins and Monroe Gabor at 229
Philips and Hawkins Gabor were talking
about the back rent for the farm I know
as the Gabor farm embraced in the origi-
nal Bill and Hawkins told Gabor that
he Hawkins was prosecuting his right to
the rents of said farm in the court of
Common Pleas and he understood him to mean the circuit court
and he told Gabor that it would all come
right at court — They were disputing about
the rent — Hawkins told him the suit was
going on — In this conversation Hawkins
said he would dismiss the suit on con-
ditions, that the defendant gave him posse-
sion,

Savoir to and subscribed }
before me this 31st March 3 John Foster
1868. H C Moore CLR
B J O'Chace opt

808

Filed March 21st

1868

H. C. Moore
clerk

State of Illinois 3 March Term Gen^l Marion Circuit
Marion County 3 Court A.D 1868

Hawkins 3
vs 3
Gabor et al 3

(John D Hawkins being duly sworn
says that he is plaintiff in this suit - that he
never sent word to James M Gabor that he
would dismiss this suit in this case only
on the condition that he Gabor would
give up possession of the Gabor farm
and have no more to do with it. That
said Gabor did not ~~nor~~ ^{nor} would give
possession of said place affiant went
to Monroe Sherman and told him to talk
with James M Gabor and get him to
give the possession of said farm Gabor
farm, and the said Sherman told affiant
that he had talked with Monroe Gabor and
that he could not get him to do any
thing, and affiant then told Sherman
it would have to go ahead, affiant says
that he never told said Gabor nor any
other person that he would dismiss
this suit, only on the condition that said
Gabor would give possession of said
farm, and that Gabor did not
nor would give possession of same

But ~~first~~ affiant for the back rents
before a Phelps apstle of the peace
Sworn to and ^{his}
Subscribed before ^{his} D. X. Warren
me this 81st August
1868

H. C. Moore clk

J. D. Channing
as
Gentlemen
I have ever

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Silas March 31st

1868

H. C. Moore
clerk

State of Illinois } March Term of the Marion
Marion County } Circuit Court A.D 1868

John D Hawkins }
vs }
Warren Gabor }
James Mah Risner }
James M Gabor }
Sarah Greathouse }

State of Illinois } John D Hawkins being duly
^{Marion County} sworn before Henry C. Moore clerk of the
circuit court, and state affirms that he
is plaintiff in this suit - that he denies
that he ever stated to Warren Gabor
that he would dismiss the suit in this
case - and denies that he obtained the
decree in this cause by fraud - but algs
that he has not made any agreement
with said Warren at any time about
the dismissal of said cause - and
denies that he ever made an agreement
with Charles Thurman to dismiss this
cause - and he denies that he ever
authorized his son Ruben to go to said
Warren Gabor and state that he would
dismiss this bill and he denies that he
ever instructed his attorney B B Smith
to dismiss this suit - and denies
that he has ever induced or author-

M 9 308

ized any body to induce said Sator
to not appear in this suit
Swear to and
Subscribed before

Me this 2 March A.D. 1868

H C Moore clerk
by J W Moore } John D & Howpins
Dept } his mark

Huntington
as
Sator's Attorney
etc

Oppenau's place

Fifield. March 19th

1868

H C Moore
clerk

State of Illinois 3 March Term Marion Circuit
Marion County 3 Court A. D. 1868

John D Hawkins }
 P.S.
Grinthouse
Yabor Ebal

3

Samuel Phelps being duly
sworn says that he knows J. D. Hawkins
and James M. Gabor, that he lives in the
neighborhood of the said parties and has
known them for number of years. That
the fact of the suit of Hawkins against
the defendants in this suit for Partition
of the lands in Controversy was amanu-
script — that was publicly known in that neighbor-
hood — that Gabor lived about $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles
from the land. That affiant was one of
the Commissioners who was appointed to
divide the land, that while he and
Ballance, another Commissioner were divi-
ding the land on the premises, the said
James M. Gabor was at one of the houses
on the farm and sent us pass, that the
partition of the suit was matter of public
talk. That Gabor was in the possession of
the land by tenant at and before the
commencement of the suit.

I swear to and subscribe this 3rd day of March 1868, Samuel Phelps

H C Moore

cen

Hawkins
as
Greathouse
Tobal Ebol

Tid March 31st
1868

H C Moore
CIR

308

John D Hawkins S Down and Partition

v.s.

Jernimah Kiner Haneu (Thursday March 26th A.D. 1868 come
Saba James M Taber and the Parties by their Solicitors and
Sarah Greathouse) the Defendant Warren Taber by
Omelvay and Morris his Solicitors etc
Motion to Conect the Decease

Entered in this Cause, at the August Term A.D.
1867 of this Court and to Set aside the
Judgement therein for the sum of four
hundred and fifty five Dollars against Said
Haneu Taber.

Afterwards to wit on Tuesday March
31st A.D. 1868 - the parties by their Solicitors
came and the court hears said motion and
being fully advised in the premises doth
allow same. And Said decree of August Term
1868 of this court herein is modified so that
said Judgement against Said Taber for
the sum of \$455. is set aside but in all other
respects that Said decree doth stand
The Court Ordered that the costs of this term
be arrefts against the Complainant Hawkins
Afterwards to wit On Thursday April 2nd
A.D. 1868 - Comes Michael Shaeffer Special
Commissioner to sell &c and presents his report of
Sale herein which Report the Court Examined
and approved and Ordered that same be

Confirmed. Filed and recorded which is
done as follows, to wit

Circuit Court of Marion County Ills.

John D Hawkins }
vs. }

March Term 1868.

) Petition for Partition

Jeremiah Kisner) Report of Sale

Waneu Taber et als) To the Hon. S L Bryan Judge of
the Second Judicial Circuit of the State of Illinois

The undersigned Special Commissioner charged
with the Execution of the decree and order
of Sale, entered at the August term of
this Hon Court for the year A.D. 1867
in the above entitled cause would respe-
ctfully submit the following report of his acts
and doings under said order to wit,

That under Said Order he did have notice
of Sale, published for six consecutive weeks
prior to the day of Sale in the Salem Republican
a weekly newspaper published in the city
of Salem in the County of Marion and State
of Illinois a copy of which advertisement
with the publishers certificate of the pub-
lications thereof is hereto attached marked —

Exhibit "A," and made a part of this report
that in pursuance of Said Order of Sale
and Said notice he did on the 9th day of
November, A.D. 1867 on the premises

Sell at public Sale the Said real Estate
to wit The N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ of S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ and the N. $\frac{1}{2}$
of S.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ all in section No Eight (8) in S. 3 NR
1, 8, in Marion County Illinois to John D.
Hawkins of Said County of Marion and State
of Illinois the Complainant in this cause
for the sum of ten dollars per acre his being
the highest and best bid therefor for ten per
cent Cash and the balance in Six Months
and your Commissioner would further report
that he first ^{offered} the Said lands at Said Sale
in their legal Subdivisions of forty acres
each and that the bids when so offered
did not in the aggregate amount to more
than Seven hundred and eighty Dollars,
whereas when offered altogether
the bid of Said John D. Hawkins
being ten dollars per acre as aforesaid
amounted in the aggregate to twelve hundred
dollars - And thereupon the Said John
D Hawkins having complied with the terms
of Said Sale your Commissioner executed
and delivered to Said John D Hawkins a
deed to and for the Said premises - That your
Commissioner has rec'd ten percent of the proce-
ds of Said Sale - — \$ 120. 00

That he has paid as follows to wit
 Costs of this court - - - - - \$ 38.05.
 Printed fees - - - - - 6.00
 Commissioners deed - - - - - 5.00
 Stamps on Deed - - - - - 150
 Commissioners 3 per ct

 \$ 36.00
 \$ 86.55

Bal to be divided \$ 33.45
All of which is respectfully submitted and
an order Conferming the same prayer
for
M, Shaeffers
Special Commissioner
Exhibit "A" Copy above
and published as certificate
to sell &c
attached

State of Illinois }
Marion County }
I A O' Moore
Clerk of the Circuit Court in and
for the County in the State aforesaid
do hereby certify the foregoing
to be a true and correct transcript
of the Records and proceedings had
in the above entitled cause as the
same remain on file and of
Record in my office

Witness my hand

and Official Seal
at Office this 23d
day of May A.D. 1818
H.C. Moon
Clerk

Errors Assigned

- 1 The Court Erred in intertaining
the Motion to set aside the Judgment
- 2 The Court erred in modifying
the decree of August Seven
A.D. 1816 by setting aside other
judgments

Shaffer v Smith
for Office Errors

Plaintiff in error

Defendant in error
H.K. & D.O'leary et al
deeds in error

40

Hawkins

vs

Tabor et al.

for \$12⁰⁰
pd by P. G. H.

July 2. 1868.

R. A. D. Milwaukee, WI

Paid by Schaffner

\$5.00

In the Supreme Court.

First Grand Division--State of Illinois.

June Term, A. D. 1868.

Page	John D. Hawkins, Plaintiff in Error, vs. Warren Taber, Mima Kisner, Jas. M. Ta- ber, Sarah Greathouse, Deft's in Error.	Error to Marion County.
1	<i>Address</i> —Shows that Warren Taber died owning N.E $\frac{1}{4}$ S.E $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 8, T 2, R 1, Marion county; also W $\frac{1}{2}$, S.E said section. That his heirs were as follows: James M. Taber, Wesley Taber, Jefferson Taber, Warren Taber, Wm. Taber, Sarah Ann Taber, Jane Taber, Jemimah Taber, John Taber, and Love Taber.	
2	Shows that the complainant had purchased three shares, forty-eight and three-tenth acres, that James Taber held two shares, 28 and two-thenth acres; Jane Taber, Jemimah and Warren Taber each was entitled to 14 and one- tenth acres. That Jemimah and Warren are minors. That large rents had been collected by James M. Taber from said lands.	
3	Prayer—	
4-5	For partition and for accounts of rents.	
6	Affidavit of petitioner.	
7	Summons—not served.	
8	Summons served by reading and by copy on Jemimah Kisner, James M. Tabor, Warren and Sarah Greathouse not found.	
9	Answer of Guardian, <i>ad litem</i> , for Warren Taber.	
10	Master's report of testimony. Valentine Ward testifies; Knows the par- ties to the suit. Knows the custom of renting lands, where the lands lie, price is \$2,50 per acre. There is an orchard on the land, would make the rent worth \$75 to \$1,00 more per year, 40 acres in cultivation. James M. Taber stated to me that he rented the farm to David Sherman for 1864, and to Mrs. Puyle for 1865 and 1866, up to 24 August 1867.	
11	<i>Decree</i> —19 August 1867—Service of summons on adult defendants. M. Schaeffer appointed Gaurdian, <i>ad litem</i> for minors. Ruled to answer. Adult def'ts failed to answer. Decree pro confesso as to adults. Commissioners appointed to partition lands as follows: setting out to Hawkins 48 and two- tenths, to James M. Taber 28 and two-tenths, and to balance their respective shares. Commissioners report lands not susceptible of division. Order for for sale of land, and special masters to take testimony of rents. Masters re- ports evidence and it is found by the court after considering the evidence that James M. Taber has received rents of said land to the amount of \$455. De- crees that he shall account to said parties co-tenants for \$455, and each party plaintiff and defendant shall have respective shares thereof and for execution. That commissioner sell said land and report, &c. Cause continued.	
12	Notice that a motion will be made at March Term, 1868, to correct decree and set aside judgement rendered at last term against Warren Taber. No- tice duly served. Affidavits in support of motion.	
13	Charles Sherman states under oath that before the trial of this cause he affiant paid complainant all the rent due him on Hawkins' share of the described land, and that Hawkins was receipt James Taber for the rents in full, and was to dismiss the said cause at March Term, 1867, upon payment of half the atty's fees, \$12,50, and that said Hawkins was to dismiss the suit, and notified defendants of the fact and told them not to attend, as the case would be dis- missed, and according to that understanding defendants did not appear to	
14		
15		
16		
17		

defend said suit but that Hawkins in his absence took judgment for \$455, and did then and there fraudulently obtain said judgment against said James Tabor.

17 James M. Tabor swears: That John D. Hawkins before the trial of this cause sent his son, Reuben Hawkins, to affiant, and told him that he need not attend court because C. M. Sherman and his father had settled the matter, and that his father had sent a letter to B. B. Smith, his attorney, notifying him of the settlement of the same, and that affiant did not attend court upon this statement thinking the matter was settled, and that affiant was informed
18 that the rent was all paid, and that he did not owe one dollar of rent for which judgment was had against him. That Sherman had settled all the rent, as Sherman stated to him, affiant.

19 Mary Sherman says on oath that in the first part of 1867 she heard John D. Hawkins say that if he could buy out Charles Sherman's interest in the land described in bill he would bring the suit then pending.

John Sherman, on oath, says that he heard the foregoing remarks by Hawkins, and that Mary Sherman's affidavit is true.

20 John Buster says, on oath, that he heard John D. Hawkins state in substance that he had agreed to dismiss the suit of partitioner against Taber at the last term of court, but that he said was based on an agreement that James Taber would surrender the possession, and that because James had not given possession he had gone on with the suit—this was last summer.

21 John Morris, on oath, says that he heard Hopkins in effect say that he had bought Charles Sherman's interest in the land, and had in the trade given up the rent, but said he was to get possession, and that because the possession was not surrendered to him he was not bound by the bargain. He said he got possession without a law-suit by putting a man in possession.

22 Affidavits for complainant.

John D. Hawkins, on oath, says that he denies that he ever stated to Warren Taber that he would dismiss the suit in this case. Denies that the decree was obtained by fraud. Says that he has not at any time made any agreement with Warren to dismiss the suit. Denies that he ever agreed with Charles Sherman to dismiss this suit. Denies that he ever authorized his son to go to James Taber and state that he would dismiss this bill. Denies that he instructed his attorney, B. B. Smith, to dismiss this suit. Denies that he ever induced or authorized any body to induce James M. Taber to not appear in this suit.

23 Samuel Phelps, on oath, says that he knows Hawkins and Taber, resides in their neighborhood. That the fact of Hawkins suit against defendants was publicly known in their neighborhood. That Taber lives $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from the land. Affiant was a commissioner to divide the land. That while he and the other commissioner was viewing the land on the premises, the said James M. Taber was on the farm and saw us pass. That Taber was in the possession of the land a tenant by at and before the commencement of the suit.

24 Reuben Hawkins, on oath, says he knows Hawkins and Tabor. That he is informed that James M. Taber has stated that he, affiant, was instructed by John D. Hawkins to tell Tabor that he had or would dismiss the suit in this cause. He says that Hawkins never did so instruct him to tell Tabor that he had or would dismiss said suit, and that affiant never did tell Tabor that Hawkins had told him to tell Tabor so, and that affiant heard John D. Hawkins tell Tabor that if Tabor and others would give Hawkins possession of the farm that he would dismiss the suit of partition and account. This conversation was before the decree in this case and while the suit was pending. Affiant says that Tabor and Hawkins did not give said Hawkins possession of said place before said decree. That July, 1867, he had a conversation with Taber. Taber was then talking about the law-suit and said to affiant, who is the son of Hawkins, that he believed that affiant and Taber could settle this suit. That he and Hawkins could not because they quarreled.

That Taber then knew said law-suit was pending. He talked with affiant about it.

27 John Buster, on oath, says he knows Hawkins and Tabor. That 20th July, 1867, he heard a talk between them. They were talking about back rent of the Taber farm in bill mentioned. Hawkins told Tabor that he was prosecuting his right to the rent of said farm in court—the circuit court. He told Tabor it would all come right at court. They were disputing about the rent. Hawkins told him the suit was going on he told Tabor he would dismiss the suit on condition that Tabor would give possession.

28 John D. Hawkins, on oath, says that he never sent word to James M. Taber that he would dismiss the suit in this case only on this condition, that he, Taber, would give possession thereof. That Taber did not nor would give possession of said place. That he saw Monroe Sherman and asked him to talk with Tabor and get him to give him possession of the farm, and that Sherman told affiant that he had talked with Taber and that he would not do any thing. Affiant then told Sherman it would have to go ahead. That he never told any one that he would dismiss the suit only on condition that Taber would give possession of farm, and that he never gave it, but sued affiant for the rent before a justice of the peace.

Decree—

Motion allowed, and the decree of August term, 1867, modified so that the judgment against James M. Taber for \$455 is set aside, and balance of decree stands, Report of sale of commissioner approved.

B. B. SMITH, for Plff in Error.

John D Hawley
Off in Error
of
Labor Day
Off in Error

ERRORS ASSIGNED.

- 1st. The court erred in entertaining the motion to set aside the judgment.
- 2d. The court erred in modifying decree of August Term, 1867, by setting aside the judgment.

PLAINTIFF'S BR1EF.

1st. A motion to set aside or to modify a decree or judgment can be made only when error appears on the record, and can not be based upon alledged fraud not appearing on the record.

2. Relief from alledged fraud not appearing on the record, can be obtained only by bill of review.

3. The affidavits introduced herein are not evidence, because there was no privilege of cross examination; and if even they were they do not justify the order of the court; the preponderance of their weight is in favor of the decree as entered at August Term, 1867.

This was a chancery proceeding for partition and account, and Courts of Equity have jurisdiction in cases of partition and may in the same suit enter a decree in favor of a co-tenant for back rent. Howey, et al., vs. Goinys, 13 Ill., 107.

5. The court could not rightfully on a mere motion enter a final decree setting aside the judgment, even if it could, under the facts presented, have set aside the default and allowed the defendant to file an answer so that an issue could have been made on the question of rent.

B. B. SMITH and M. SCÆFFER,
Atty's for Def't in Error.

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John D. Hawkins
Ms

Warren Harbor et
al.

Report of
and Brief

LAW OFFICES OF MCNAMEE.

1. The motion to dismiss the bill of complaint for want of service of process is denied.

2. The motion to dismiss the bill of complaint for want of jurisdiction over the defendant is denied.

3. The bill of complaint is dismissed for want of jurisdiction over the defendant.

4. The bill of complaint is dismissed for want of jurisdiction over the defendant.

5. The bill of complaint is dismissed for want of jurisdiction over the defendant.

6. The bill of complaint is dismissed for want of jurisdiction over the defendant.

7. The bill of complaint is dismissed for want of jurisdiction over the defendant.

8. The bill of complaint is dismissed for want of jurisdiction over the defendant.

July, June 2, 1868
R. A. D. Melbury, C. H.

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Hawkins
vs.
Taber
Error to Marion
Deft's Brief

*free good due 1858
B. D. & Co. vs. H.*

Supreme Court, State of Illinois.

FIRST GRAND DIVISION.

June Term, A. D. 1868.

JOHN D. HAWKINS }
vs. {
JAMES TABER, et al } Error to Marion.

BRIEF.

The abstract indicates by its phraseology, that this is a chancery proceeding; but this is a mistake, it is a petition at law.

It will be noted, that the suit was still pending, and the report of the special commissioner to sell the premises had not been yet made, when due notice was given by Jas. Taber, that he would move to correct or modify the former judgment.

3. The evidence on the question as to whether Hawkins was guilty of fraud and deceit in procuring the judgment for rents, is very conflicting, manifestly so, looking at the affidavits in support of the motion to modify decree; but

1st. The Court in this form of proceeding was justified without proof, as soon as brought to its notice, while the cause was still pending before it, to correct its judgment.

2d. If the cause is one of conflict in the proof, the decision of the Court thereon, as a general rule, will not be disturbed.

3d. The rejection of the rent from the decree, on the ground stated, does not, it seems, prevent Hawkins from claiming it in a proper proceeding. *(Gilman Rep. Louvalle, et al vs. Menard, p. 44.)*

5th. But really, this matter of rent seems, by Hawkins, to have been settled, but a part of the agreement with Sherman was that Jas. Taber should surrender possession. He denies that Taber gave up the possession, but admits that he got possession without a law suit; but seems to think, that because Taber declined to surrender, and because he got possession surreptitiously, he can abandon in *toto* his agreement with Sherman.

H. K. S. O'MELVENY,
For Defendants.

[86534]

delivered the opinion of the court
in Chancery Case, Ch. L. This was a bill in chancery
for partition and ~~affidavits~~^{for an account of rent and profit}
in which, such proceedings were had, that
a partition was decreed, and a ~~partition~~^{decree} rendered against James M. Taber one
of the defendants
for certain rents alleged to have been received
by him, he being one of the partners entitled
to an undivided interest in the lands, and
who had received control over them, receiving
the rents therefrom. Commissioners were duly
appointed to make partition, who
reported the same could not be done without
injustice to the proprietors of the land.
Whereupon, the court entered an order for the
sale of the land by a special master appointed
for that purpose, and that he be required to
take testimony as to the rents.

The master reported, that James M. Taber
had received rents amounting to four hundred
and fifty five dollars, and a decree was rendered
against him that he account to his co-tenants
for that sum. This was at the August term,
1867, and the cause was continued.

At the October term, a notice was served
upon the plaintiff in error, that a motion
would be made at the next March term, to correct
this decree and to set aside so much of the
same as demands the payment of four hundred
and fifty five dollar rents, by James M. Taber.

This motion came on to be heard at the March Term, and affidavits were read in support and against the Lame, the whole point of the case being tried on the affidavit.

The Court modified the decree of August Term in so far as it related to the payment of the rents demanded by James M. Fisher, and then approved the report of sale by the Commissioners.

To secure this decree the English Agent in the petition, brings the record here by writ of error, objecting this modification of the decree as error.

It clearly appears the case was still in court, not finally determined, when the motion to modify the decree was made and entertained. It was, therefore, in apt time, and the Court had the power to set aside or modify the decree of the August Term, on the affidavits submitted. The proper practice would have been, for the Court to have referred again, the question of rents, to the Master for further evidence, or the Court might have heard ~~by~~ evidence, and doubtless would have laid it, had it been moved so to do, as the parties seem to have submitted, by concert, the

block question of what to be decided on the
affidavits presented on the hearing of the
motion to modify the decree. This being
by consent, however unequal it may
have been, we will not decide what has
been done, merely for this inequality.

The plaintiff in error now contends
that these affidavits were not evidence, be-
cause there was no privilege of cross-examina-
tion, but he made no objection to them the
mode of proving, but contented the rights
of the case should be determined on the affidavits
submitted on both sides.

~~He~~ ~~now~~ though it is true a court
of Equity has jurisdiction in cases of partition,
and may, in the same suit, enter a decree
in favor of a cotenant for rent in arrear,
Romey et al. vs. Goings 13 N. 95, the claim
for rent must be well established. The evidence
^{on that point} ^{as to the liability of the parties for rents}
presented by these affidavits ^{was very con-}
flicting to day the tenth, and being so, we
could not decide the decree finally made,
upon these affidavits.

As to the power to modify the decree ^{as to}
to these rents, the case of Coughran vs. Gatchow
supl. 4 18 N. 391, is ^{filed} to the point.
Be it ^{regard}, the whole proceeding, on the motion
to make term as by consent, and "consensus
tacitum erorum". The decree must be

Approved

Approved

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Hawkins
w

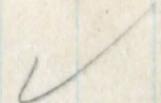
Gaber et al.



opinion by

Meade ch. J

$$\begin{array}{r} 29 \\ 3 \\ \hline 87 \\ 8 \\ \hline 69 \\ 6 \\ 2 \\ \hline 13920 \end{array}$$



O.K.

In the Supreme Court.

First Grand Division--State of Illinois.

June Term, A. D. 1868.

- Page
- John D. Hawkins, Plaintiff in Error,
vs.
Warren Taber, Mima Kisner, Jas. M. Ta- } Error to Marion County.
Taber, Sarah Greathouse, Deft's in Error.

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2-3 Shows that the complainant had purchased three shares, forty-eight and
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Jane Taber, Jemimah and Warren Taber each was entitled to 14 and one-
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For partition and for accounts of rents.
7 Affidavit of petitioner.
8 Summons—not served.
9 Summons served by reading and by copy on Jemimah Kisner, James M.
Tabor, Warren and Sarah Greathouse not found.
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rent worth \$75 to \$1,00 more per year. 40 acres in cultivation. James M.
Taber stated to me that he rented the farm to David Sherman for 1864, and
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Schaeffer appointed Gaurdian, *ad litem* for minors. Ruled to answer. Adult
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- 18 Mary Sherman says on oath that in the first part of 1867 she heard John D. Hawkins say that if he could buy out Charles Sherman's interest in the land described in bill he would bring the suit then pending.
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- 23 Samuel Phelps, on oath, says that he knows Hawkins and Taber, resides in their neighborhood. That the fact of Hawkins suit against defendants was publicly known in their neighborhood. That Taber lives $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from the land. Affiant was a commissioner to divide the land. That while he and the other commissioner was viewing the land on the premises, the said James M. Taber was on the farm and saw us pass. That Taber was in the possession of the land a tenant by at and before the commencement of the suit.
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- That Taber then knew said law-suit was pending. He talked with affiant about it.
- 27 John Buster, on oath, says he knows Hawkins and Tabor. That 20th July, 1867, he heard a talk between them. They were talking about back rent of the Taber farm in bill mentioned. Hawkins told Tabor that he was prosecuting his right to the rent of said farm in court—the circuit court. He told Tabor it would all come right at court. They were disputing about the rent. Hawkins told him the suit was going on he told Tabor he would dismiss the suit on condition that Tabor would give possession.
- 28 John D. Hawkius, on oath, says that he never sent word to James M. Taber that he would dismiss the suit in this case only on this condition, that he, Taber, would give possession thereof. That Taber did not nor would give possession of said place. That he saw Monroe Sherman and asked him to talk with Tabor and get him to give him possession of the farm, and that Sherman told affiant that he had talked with Taber and that he would not do any thing. Affiant then told Sherman it would have to go ahead. That he never told any one that he would dismiss the suit only on condition that Taber would give possession of farm, and that he never gave it, but sued affiant for the rent before a justice of the peace.

Decree—

Motion allowed, and the decree of August term, 1867, modified so that the judgment against James M. Taber for \$455 is set aside, and balance of decree stands. Report of sale of commissioner approved.

B. B. SMITH, for Plaintiff in Error.

John D Hawkes
Pfau's Esq
John Risius Esq
of a Esq

John D Hawkes Esq writing after the wind and reflect about
the 1st inst. respecting his self interest and
that of friends & countrymen. And of course of all a personal interest
and care for the welfare of the country. I have to him self called to
call friends & acquaintances of any kind out of town or in the country of New
York or vicinity that out of my belief were the self said that before
absenteeing myself they were not to be of infinitesimal assistance in this
and the present & known him wherein of said persons there were none so small &
and such a group with no other who were at that time and estimated those
over three thousand miles from New York. Accordingly apprehended every Friday
at midday has arranged something was set aside every time to receive
said persons and said self to himself and others of said persons which a
Chancery office had been made from said office located land of said persons for a
and apply themselves to said house if necessary that said self said self,
thus ministering to their care self arranged dinner and said two young ladies
the house and at every service self said person enquiring how those
persons said self to consider a question from one person

self only on Sabbath eve a small dinner to which John Hawkes invited
several to attend him & when two of said self said self to the house to make a
George Washington he used to say to George Washington

George Washington

ERRORS ASSIGNED.

- 1st. The court erred in entertaining the motion to set aside the judgment.
- 2d. The court erred in modifying decree of August Term, 1867, by setting aside the judgment.

PLAINTIFF'S BRIEF.

- 1st. A motion to set aside or to modify a decree or judgment can be made only when error appears on the record, and can not be based upon alledged fraud not appearing on the record.
2. Relief from alledged fraud not appearing on the record, can be obtained only by bill of review.
3. The affidavits introduced herein are not evidence, because there was no privilege of cross examination, and if even they were they do not justify the order of the court; the preponderance of their weight is in favor of the decree as entered at August Term, 1867.

5. The court could not rightfully on a mere motion enter a final decree setting aside the judgment, even if it could, under the facts presented, have set aside the default and allowed the defendant to file an answer so that an issue could have been made on the question of rent.

B. B. SMITH and M. SCÆFFER,
Atty's for Def't in Error.

40-16

John D. Hawking

45

Warren Tabor et
al.

114

$$\begin{array}{r}
 144^0 \\
 + 54^0 \\
 \hline
 308^0
 \end{array}$$

Amherst 1000 ft. above the ocean and situated in the
center of a great valley. The soil is very poor, being
mostly sand.

Shri
Sripati

start

DRAFTING - AUTOCAD 2011 FOR ARCHITECTURE

July, June 2. 1868
R. S. Milbank, Clif