

12316

No. _____

Supreme Court of Illinois

Pl~~A~~to
A

vs.

T R
~~F~~uxrill, et al

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97

Henry Plato
vs

Samuel H. Turrell &
Aaron Haven

Opin

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1857

White Hogue
18 No. some

Affimer

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1200

State of Illinois & or
County of Peoria

Samuel H. Turell
Aaron Haven
Henry Plato
L. Sprague

In the Circuit Court
for said county -

attachment in remiss.

1

State of Illinois
Peoria County

Pleas in the circuit court in and for
the county of Peoria and state of Illinois, before
the Honorable the judge of said court, presiding
therewi according to law.

To all whom it may concern, know ye
that the records of said court being inspected
and examined, there remains of record among the
records and proceedings of said court, the follow-
ing matter and things to-wit:-

Be it remembered that on the 27th day of
March A.D. 1856, there was filed in the office of
the circuit court clerk, in the state and county aforesaid
an affidavit and precise in words and figures fol-
lowing, to-wit:-

State of Illinois }
Peoria County } & Circuit Court Peoria
County May Term
A.D. 1836 —

Affiant

This day personally appeared before me, Samuel H. Perrell and being first duly sworn deposes and says that he is a partner in the firm of Perrell and Haven, which firm is composed of said affiant and Marion Haven, and that Henry Plato and Sprague are jointly indebted to said firm of Perrell & Haven in the sum of Three hundred and two dollars for West India goods and Cigars bought of said firm by said Plato and Sprague. And affiant further states that said Henry Plato has absconded from and left the said State of Illinois and affiant is informed does not intend to return to said State, but affiant is not informed where said Plato now resides, and that said Plato is about removing all his goods, chattels and effects from the said State of Illinois, and intend so doing to defraud said Perrell & Haven in the collection of their said debt. Sworn to before me the 27th day of March A.D. 1836

Jacob Gale, Clerk — Samuel H. Perrell

2 The Clerk of the Circuit Court is directed

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to issue a writ of attachment against Henry
Plato and summon to Apague in
aumpit, damages \$500 returnable to
next May Term of said Court - March
27th 1886

Powell & Hopkins
Attno for Dffs.

Att'd

And on the same day and date there was filed
in the clerks office aforesaid, an attachment bond
in words and figures following to-wit:-

Bond

Know all men by these presents, that we,
Samuel H. Purvill and D. C. Parmely -
are indebted unto Henry Plato in the sum
of six hundred and four dollars for
the payment whereof we hereby firmly bind
ourselves. Given under our hands and
seals, this 27th day of March in the year
of our Lord one thousand eight hundred
and fifty six -

The condition of the above
obligation is such, that whereas the above
bounden Samuel H. Purvill has on the
day of the date hereof, prayed an attachment
at the suit of Samuel H. Purvill and
Aaron Haven against the Estate of the above
named Henry Plato impleaded with
Sprague, for the sum of three hundred
and two dollars, ^{2- cents}, and the same being about
to be sued out, returnable on the 2nd Monday
of May next to the term of the Circuit Court
of Peoria County then to be helden; Now
if the said Samuel H. Purvill and
Aaron Haven shall prosecute their suit
with effect, or in case of failure ~~theretofore~~
shall well and truly pay and satisfy the
said Henry Plato and to all others inter-
ested in said proceedings all such costs
in said suit, and such damages as shall

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be awarded against the said Purill and
Hawes their heirs, executors or administrators,
in any suit or suits which may hereafter
be brought for wrongfully taking out the
said attachment, then the above obligation
to be void otherwise to remain in full force
and effect.

(Signed) Samuel H. Purill Seal

(Signed) O. C. Parmley Seal

Signed and Sealed {

in presence of {

(Signed) H. B. Hopkins

And on the same day and date there was issued
from the office of the circuit court clerk aforesaid,
a writ of attachment, in words and figures follow-
ing to-wit:-

writ

The People of the State of Illinois.

To the Sheriff of Peoria County, Greeting:

Whereas, Samuel H. Purill on behalf of himself and Aaron Haven has complained on oath to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said County of Peoria, that Henry Plato and Sprague are justly indebted to them the said Samuel H. Purill and Aaron Haven in the sum of three hundred and two dollars and oath having been also made that the said Henry Plato has absconded from and left the State of Illinois and that said Plato is about removing all his goods, chattels and effects from the said State of Illinois - and the said Samuel H. Purill having given bond and security according to ~~the~~ directions of the act in such case made and provided; We therefore command you that you attach so much of the Estate, real ~~and~~ personal, of the said Henry Plato to be found in your County, as shall be of value sufficient to satisfy the said debt and costs, according to the Complaint, and such Estate, so attached, in your hands, to secure, or so to provide that the same may be liable to further proceedings thereupon according to law, at the terms of the said Circuit Court to be held at Peoria, in and

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for the said County of Peoria, on the second Monday of May next, so as to compel the said Henry Plato to appear and answer the complaint of the said Samuel H. Purrill and Aaron Haven, and that you also summon the said Sprague impleaded with the said Henry Plato, if found in your County to appear before our said Circuit Court on the first day of the term thereof to be held as aforesaid then and there to answer in our said Court unto the said Samuel H. Purrill & Aaron Haven of a plea of trespass on the case upon promises, to their damage five hundred dollars, as, they say, - when and where you shall make known to the said Court how you have executed this writ; and have you then and there this writ.



Philip Jacob Gale, Clerk of
our said Court, and the seal
thereof, at Peoria this twenty
seventh day of March in the
Year of our Lord one thousand
eight hundred and fifty six

(signed) Jacob Gale
Clerk

Which said writ is now among the papers
filed in this cause, with an endorsement on
it, in words and figures following to-wit,

Endorsement
on writ State of Illinois &
Peoria County 38 By virtue of this writ
of attachment to me directed by the Circuit
Court of Peoria County I did this 27th
day of March 1836 levy upon the following
described personal property to wit, 4 Billiard
Tables and fixtures 5 feet Billiard balls
10 Pictures in gilt frames 2 Mirrors 1
lot Legars & Tumblers, 1 Water tank 1
sink washbowl & Ewer 1 lot bottles & bar
fixtures 1 clock 1 doz arm chairs 1 Coal
stove 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ doz bottles Champaign 12 doz
bottles Scotch ale

(Signed) David D. Irons
Sheriff P.C.

Levy	50	50	The within named Henry
Rent of building	8.00		Plato and Sprague is not
Paid for Guarding	100		found in my county.
Moving Goods	200		(Signed) David D. Irons
Ms & Ret	15	\$11.65	Sheriff P. County

The within named Billiard Tables and fixtures
and Billiard Balls were replevied and taken
from my possession by the Coroner of said County
this May 10th 1836.

(Signed) D.D. Irons
Sheriff P. County

9
And afterwards to-wit, on the 30th day of July A.D.
1850, the defendants herein by their attorney C. C.
Bonney, entered a motion herein in words and fig-
ures following to-wit:

Samuel H. Tuckill

Aaron Haven,

"

Attachment

Henry Plato

Defendants move the court to
dismiss this cause and render judgment for
them against plaintiff for costs, for the
reason that no declaration hath been
filed herein as the law requires.

Charles C. Bonney

Attorney for defendants.

And afterwards to-wit, on the 13th day of November
A.D. 1850, there was filed in the office of the clerk
aforesaid, a declaration in this cause in words
and figures following to-wit:-

State of Illinois 3^d
Peoria County 3^d

Samuel H. Purill &
Aaron Haven }
vs
Henry Plato
Sprague }

Circuit Court
Peoria County
November Term
A.D. 1836.

Samuel H. Purill

and Aaron Haven, partners in Trade doing
business under the name and style of
Purill & Haven complain of Henry Plato
and Sprague in a plea of trespass on the
case upon promises for that whereas, on the
first day of January A.D. 1836, at Chicago town
at the County of Peoria the said Defendants
were indebted to the Plaintiffs in the sum
of Seven hundred dollars for so much
money before that time laid out and ex-
pended by the Plaintiffs for the Defendants
use at their special instance and request.

And also in the further sum of Seven
hundred dollars for goods, wares and
merchandise before that time sold and
delivered by the Plaintiffs to the Defendants
at their like special instance and re-
quest,

And also in the further sum of Seven

hundred dollars for so much money at that time found due and owing from the Defendants to the Plaintiffs upon an account then and there stated between them,

And also in the further sum of seven hundred dollars for so much money before that time had and recd of the Plaintiffs by the said Defendants to the Plaintiffs use.

And the said Defendants being so indebted to the Plaintiffs then and there undertook and faithfully promised the Plaintiffs to pay them the said several sums of money when they the said Defendants should be thereunto requested.

But the said Defendants though often requested have not paid the said several sums of money nor any portion thereof which is to the damage of the Plaintiffs as they say in the sum of Seven hundred dollars for which with their costs they bring suit

Powell & Hopkins
Atlys for Plffs

Copy of instrument upon which suit
is brought

Plato & Sprague

to Purcell & Haver

D^{r.}

October 2. 1855

6 Gall	Pale at Brandy	30.00
6 "	DK	15.00
6 "	Hol Gin	9.00
6 "	St Cx Rum	9.00
6 "	Aco Whiskey	15.00
6 "	No Whiskey	12.00
6 "	Pale Sherry	21.00
1 Case	Claret	4.50
1 Bark	Heidsieck 2 gts	16.00
1 "	" pts	17.25
1 "	Phoenix	12.00
1/2 doz	Blackberry brandy	4.50
1/2 "	Raspberry do	4.50
1 Case	Wos Bitters	7.50
3 Doz	Porter pts	6.75
4 "	Sa Ale	10.00
1 "	Wine Bitters	1.00
1 Case	Wolfs Schnappes	9.00
1 "	"	7.50
7	Small faucets	1.40
7	6gal Keys	8.75
1 Bob	Pittsburgh ale	14.00
	Cartage 50 cents	50

Octo 25th.	1 Cask ale 8 doz	20.00
	1 L. Porter	18.00
	1 Basket Heidsieck	17.25
	Cartage	.25
Octo 29th.	5 Gal Blackberry Brandy	8.75
	5 " Raspberry "	8.75
	10 " Pale at	50.00
	1 Cask Pco Ale	20.00
	1 L. Porter	18.00
	1 Bush Phoenix	12.00
	1 " Heidsieck	17.00
	3 Ruggs	3.75
	Cartage	.25
Nov. 13.	10 Gall Pale Brandy	25.00
	10 " do	50.00
	2 " Hot Gin	30.00
	1 Heidsieck	16.00
	2 Keys	2.50
	1 Key	1.50
	Cartage	.25
		<u>\$555.65</u>

And afterwards to-wit: on the 10th day of March A
D. 1857, there was filed in the clerks office aforesaid,
proof of publication, in words and figures following
to-wit:-

State of Illinois, County of Peoria &c.

In the Circuit Court of Peoria County

~~December 1st A.D. 1855.~~

Samuel H. Purvill, Aaron Haven, plaintiffs

vs

Henry Plato, } defendants.

Sprague)

Attachment

Notice is hereby given to the above named defendant Henry Plato, that suit ~~of~~ ^{in pleased with - Sprague} Attachment has been commenced against him, in the Circuit Court in and for the County of Peoria, in the State of Illinois, wherein Samuel H. Purvill and Aaron Haven are plaintiffs, for the sum of ~~One~~ ^{Three} hundred and ~~sixty~~ ^{two} dollars, that process therein has been duly issued returnable to the term of said court held at the Court house, ^{in the City of Peoria,} in and for the County of Peoria, in the State of Illinois, on the second Monday of May last. Now unless you the said ^{defendant} Henry Plato, shall appear, give bail and plead to said action by the first day of the next term of said court, to be held at the Court house, ^{abovesaid} in the City of Peoria, in and for the County of Peoria, in the State of Illinois, on the third Monday of November next, judgment will be entered against you by default, and the property attached will be sold or applied to

satisfy said judgment.

Given under my hand at Peoria this
eighteenth day of June A.D. 1836.

James S. Barkman
Clerk

Powell & Hopkins, Plaintiffs Attorneys.

June 25th, 1836 - 4t

I, Enoch P. Sloan, printer and publisher
of the Peoria Weekly Democratic Press, a
newspaper printed and published in
Peoria, Peoria County, Illinois, hereby certify
that the annexed advertisement has been
published four weeks successively in the
paper aforesaid, the date of the first pub-
lication of said advertisement being June
25th 1836 and of the fourth being July
22, 1836. Given under my hand this 19th
day of November 1836.

(Signed) Enoch P. Sloan
Fee for publication \$5.

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And afterwards to-wit; on the 12th day of March
AD 1857, there was filed, in the office aforesaid
among the papers in this cause, a motion for
judgment, in words following to-wit:-

1857

Morrill & Haven }
vs } Attachment
Plato & Sprague }

The defendant moves the
Court for judgment as in case of a non
suit, for that no declaration was filed
herein till after the commencement of the
second term after the commencement of
this action

(signed) Charles C. Bonney
Attorney for
Defendant

And afterwards to wit:- On the 13th day of March
A.D. 1857- there was filed in the office aforesaid
among the papers in this cause, a motion for
~~judgment~~ to quash return, in words following
to wit:-

Turill et al } Circuit Court
vs } March Term 1837.
Plato et al } Octo 87.

The defendant moves the court to quash the return to the writ of attachment herein for that the same is manifestly uncertain and insufficient.

(Signed) Charles C. Bonney
Atty for Df^t

2.

And afterwards to wit:- on the 13th day of March A.D. 1857,
there was filed in the office of the clerk aforesaid, a motion
to quash writ of attachment, in words and figures
following to-wit:-

State of Illinois
County of Peoria

In the Circuit Court,
March term A.D. 1834.

Purcell et al {
vs { No 87
Plato et al {

The defendant Plato moves
the Court to quash the writ of attachment
in this case for that no such affidavit
hath been made, nor hath any such
bond been given as the law in such
case requires &c

(signed) Charles C. Bonney
Attorney for Defendant

And afterwards to wit on the 16th day of March A.D. 1857
the was filed in the office of the clerk aforesaid a certain
plea of interpleader in words and figures following
to-wit:-

~~And on the same day and date as aforesaid, there
was filed in the office aforesaid, among the pa-
pers in this cause a motion to quash writ
in words following to wit:-~~

No. 87.
Farrill et al } vs { Cincinnati Court
Plato et al } March Term A.D. 1837.

16th March
And hereupon comes Francis M. Kerwin and interpleads herein, and says, that the property attached herein, to wit; Four Billiard Tables and Fixtures and five sets of Billiard Balls; is the property of him the said Francis M. Kerwin and not of the said Henry Plato, and this, be the said Francis M. Kerwin is ready to verify, wherefore he prays judgment, &c.

(Signed) Charles C. Bouny
Attorney for
said Kerwin -

And afterwards on the day and date ^{last} aforesaid, there was
filed in the office of the clerk aforesaid, a motion to
strike declaration from the files in this cause, in
words and figures following to-wit:-

cts. 87

Purnell et al
Plato et al

Circuit Court

March Term 1837

And the said Henry Plato moves the court here to strike the declaration filed herein from the files of this Court, for that the writ of attachment herein, issued at the suit of Samuel W. Purnell and Aaron Haven, and the said declaration is pleaded by Samuel W. Purnell and said Haven, and for that the said Sprague is declared against by his sur-
name only, &c

(Signed) Charles C. Bonney,
Attorney for said Plato

Purwill et al vs. Circuit Court of
the State of Illinois March term 1857.

The defendant moves
of the court to quash the return to the
writ of attachment by herein for that the
sum is manifestly uncertain and
insufficient -

(Signed) Charles C. Bagney
Atty for def'ts

Proceedings, at a term of the circuit court began
and held at the court house in the city and county
of Peoria and state of Illinois, on the first Monday
of March in the year of our Lord one thousand eight
hundred and fifty seven, it being the second day of
said month - Present Honorable David Davis, judge
of the eighth judicial circuit, by interchange with
the Honorable Elihu A. Lowell, judge of the six-
teenth judicial circuit in the state of Illi-
nois, - to-wit.

Tuesday, March 10, A.D. 1857.

Samuel W. Purwill

Aaron Haven

vs. Attachment

Henry Plato

This day came the plaintiff and make

22 proof to the court that due and legal notice
of the pendency of this suit was published
in the Democratic Press, a weekly newspaper
printed in Peoria for four weeks success-
ively, the first publication being June 25th
1856, and the last July 23^d 1856.

Samuel W. Turnill
Aaron Haven

vs. Attachment.

Henry Plato.

Sprague

This day came the defendant by Bonney his
attorney and moves the court to dismiss this cause,
because no declaration was filed as the law
requires - urging in support of his motion that the
declaration in attachment must be filed either at
the first term of the court after the suing out of
the attachment or ten days before the next suc-
ceeding term of the circuit court; but the court
being of the opinion that there was nothing com-
pulsory on the plaintiffs to file a declaration un-
til after the return of the attachment in this cause,
and it appearing to the court that they actu-
ally filed their declaration herein, before said
writ of attachment was returned, said writ
not having been returned until the present term
of this court. It is ordered by the court that
said motion to dismiss be overruled - to which

decision of the court the defendants com-
sel excepted.

Friday March 13th A.D. 1857.
Samuel H. Turrill
Aaron Haven

vs Attachment
Henry Plato
Sprague

This day came the said defendant
by Bonney his attorney and moves the court
to dismiss the writ of attachment, because
the affidavit and bond are insufficient, which
motion is overruled by the court, and ex-
cepted to by the defendant.

Samuel H. Turrill
Aaron Haven

vs Attachment
Henry Plato
Sprague

This day again came the said
defendant by Bonney his attorney and moves
the court to quash the return on the writ of
attachment herein - and leaves being given for the
sheriff to amend his return and the same being
amended and made to conform to the law -
the said motion to quash the return is over-
ruled; which decision of the court is ex-
cepted to.

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Tuesday, March 17th A.D. 1857.
Samuel H. Turnill
Aaron Haven

vs Attachment
Henry Peale
Sprague

This day came the said plaintiffs by Hopkins their attorney; and Francis M. Kerwin by Bourne his attorney and asks leave of the court to file an interpleader in this cause, which is granted and said interpleader is filed; and thereafter the said Kerwin asks leave to withdraw his interpleader, which is granted and said interpleader is withdrawn

Samuel H. Turnill

Aaron Haven

vs Attachment
Henry Peale
Sprague

This day came the said plaintiffs by Hopkins their attorney, and the defendant having filed no plea herein as ruled to do-and his attorney saying nothing and said defendant being three times solemnly called, it is considered by the court that the plaintiffs have sustained damages by reason of the breach of promises in the declaration mentioned, and

troofs being offered to the court of the amount of those damages, and the court finding said damages to amount to the sum of five hundred and fifty-five dollars and five cents. It is ordered by the court that the plaintiffs recover of and from said defendants said sum of five hundred and fifty-five dollars and five cents, and also their costs and charges by them about their suit in this behalf expended.

And it appearing to the court that the property levied on in the case of David W. Corbin and James Duffy, against said defendant Plato, is the same property levied on in this case, and the writ of attachment against said Plato in favor of said Corbin and Duffy having been sued out at the same time as the writ of attachment in this case and an interpleader being filed in said cause of Corbin and Duffy by Francis M. Kerwin and said cause being continued to try said interpleader, It is ordered by the court, that this cause be continued, and no execution awarded until the disposition of the interpleader in said cause of Corbin & Duffy.

State of Illinois,
Peoria County, Ill.

I, Croch Dfloan, clerk of the circuit court, in and for the county of Peoria and State of Illinois, do certify that the foregoing is a true and complete copy of the records of the cause wherein Samuel W. Turrill and Aaron Haven is plaintiffs and Henry Plato and — Sprague is defendants as the same remains of record and on file in my office. In testimony whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affix the seal of said court at Peoria this fourth day of April A. D. 1857.

Croch Dfloan, clk

State of Illinois; set

In the Supreme Court
at Ottawa - Of the
April Term A.D. 1857.

Henry Plato, impleaded
with Sprague
plaintiff in error

vs Error to
Samuel H. Turrill & ^{Personal Circuit Court}
Baron Haven
defendants in error

And therefore comes the said
Henry Plato, by Charles L. Bonney
his attorney, and say that in the
record and proceedings aforesaid, and
also in the rendition of the judgment
aforesaid, there is manifest error in
this, to wit, that the said Circuit Court did
not sustain and allow the said motion
for judgment of dismissal and for costs,
entered July 30th A.D. 1856; there is also
error in this to wit, that the said Circuit
Court did not sustain and afford the
said motion for judgment as in case of
non-suit, filed March 12th A.D. 1857;
there is also error in this, to wit, that the

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said Circuit Court did not sustain and allow the said motion to quash the said writ of attachment, filed March 13th A.D. 1857 - there is also error in this point, that the said Circuit Court did not sustain and allow the said motion to quash the return made to the said writ of attachment, filed March 13th A.D. 1857 - there is also error in this point, that the said Circuit Court did not sustain and allow the said motion to strike the said declaration from the files, nor did the said court in anywise consider or decide the said last-mentioned motion, filed March 16th 1857 - there is also error in this point, that while the damages claimed in the said declaration are laid at the sum of five hundred dollars, the said Circuit Court gave judgment thereupon for the sum of five hundred and fifty five dollars and five cents; there is also error in this point, that by the record aforesaid it appears that the judgment aforesaid in form aforesaid was given for the said T. Miller and Haven, against the said Pluto and Sprague, whereas by the law

of the land the said judgment
ought to have been given for the
said Platts and Sprague against
the said Turrill and Haven.

and the said Henry Platts prays
that the judgment aforesaid, for
the errors aforesaid, and for other
errors apparent in the record and
proceedings aforesaid, may be re =
versed, annulled and altogether
held for nothing, and that he may
be restored to all things which he
hath lost by occasion of the said
judgment &c.

Charles G. Brown
attorney for
Plaintiff in error

212316-24
29 Dec 1859 - At the Superior Court
off Boston - H. W. Brown
for Plaintiff in error

To the Clerk of the Supreme Court
at Ottawa -

You will please issue
process in this cause to Cook
County directed and returnable
as the law requires &c
Charles C. Bonney
attorney for
Plaintiff in error

Henry Plato impleaded
with — Sprague
plaintiff in error.

vs
Samuel H. Tammill
Aaron Haven
defendants in error.

Record and
assignment of
cross —

Filed April 10, 1851
L. Leland
Clerk

State of Illinois Sch

In the Supreme Court
at Ottawa

Hato &c

vs

Purill et al

Error to Peoria

Plaintiffs Brief -

This is an action of assumpsit, commenced by attachment: a mere statutory proceeding, the law under which it is had is in all cases to be construed strictly against the party taking it, and liberally in favor of the party against whom it is brought. He who seizes the property of his debtor by process of attachment, hath nothing by intendment. He must at his peril conform strictly to the provisions of the law whose aid he has invoked. If any portion of that law be of doubtful meaning, it is to be construed, if so it may be, in favor of him whose property has been seized against the course of the common law. The language of the 8th section of the Practice Act differs materially from that of the 26th: the intention of the legislature cannot have been the same in both. - The Sheriff made his return to the writ of attachment on the 27th day of March 1836, no declaration was filed till the 13th day of November following. On the 12th day of May the May Term commenced, and on the 17th

day of November the November Term was begun - On the 30th day of July 1856 the defendant below entered his appearance, and moved for judgment of dismissal and for costs, because no declaration had been filed - This motion was overruled at March Term 1857, and thereupon defendant below moved for judgment as in case of nonsuit, no declaration having been filed ten days before the second term after the commencement of the suit - this motion was also overruled.

Now upon what reasoning were these motions denied? Simply this; the plaintiffs below say that they let their writ of attachment remain in the hands of the Sheriff; that they did not cause him to deliver it to the Clerk till after their declaration was filed! Thus it is said that their own negligence in one thing, shall alone save them from a judgment of dismissal for still greater negligence in another!

Had the defendant below had notice in fact by service of summons, instead of mere constructive notice by publication, it is not questioned but that he would have been entitled to judgment as in case of nonsuit. His appearance was entered months before the November term, yet the plaintiffs failed to file their declaration within the rules even of the 8th section. Surely it cannot be seriously contended that this Court ought to adopt against

parties whose property is seized before trial and determination of their right, rules more strict and harsh than those which govern in cases where the appearance^{only} of the parties is demanded, till after trial and judgment in favor of the alleged demand against him.

If this court reverses the judgment below, it establishes for the future, a safe, certain and politic rule in cases of this nature, free from doubt on the one hand and oppressive consequences on the other. If the judgment below be affirmed, we shall behold the spectacle of a court of last resort, extending by construction the provisions of a Statute in derogation of the common law, — a Statute which may be, even under the most strict construction, but too easily perverted to purposes of oppression —

While the plaintiff in Error does not waive the other matters by him above assigned for error, he submits the same without argument, merely suggesting that the total failure to determine or in anywise notice his motion to strike the declaration from the files, may be fatal to the judgment below, — that the failure to dispose of the interpleader filed March 16th may not be entirely regular, and that an order of recovery may possibly not amount to a judgment of law.

Charles C. Bonney
Attorney for
Plaintiff in Error

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Plato &c. v. Turnill et al

In Error -

Plaintiff's Brief

Filed April 28, 1857

L. Leland
Clerk

Charles C. Bonney for Pff-

Dear Sir -

Ottawa April 8th 1857.

Inclosed I send you
accord &c. in case of
Plato vs. Turrell et al.
with Preceipe for sc. fa.
to Cook Co.

Please issue
the process forthwith
I will be responsible
for all costs, and if
required will advance
the same.

Am having abstract
printed, and will send it
up presently. We hear it
announced that Supreme
Court is intending not to sit
in April, but to adjourn
over to September. Please
write me how this is.

Yours &c -

Charles L. Bowrey

To the Clerk of the
Supreme Court at Ottawa.

Henry Plato

v,

Samuel H. Merrill
& Aaron Haven

Security for costs

Filed April 10, 1857

L. Leland
Clerk

149.219.74
106.847.58
42.372.24

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss. ERROR TO PEORIA CIRCUIT COURT.
In the Supreme Court at Ottawa }

HENRY PLATO, impleaded with —— SPRAGUE, plaintiff in error, vs. SAMUEL H. TURRILL and AARON HAVEN, defendants in error.

A B S T R A C T.

PAGE.

- 2-3 Affidavit of Samuel H. Turrill of indebtedness in \$302; that Plato has absconded and left State; affiant informed and believes he does not intend to return; but not informed where Plato now resides; that Plato is about removing all his goods, &c.; and intends so doing to defraud said Turrill & Haven, &c.—filed March 27th, 1856; and accompanied by praecipe for attachment and summons in assumpsit—Damages \$500—to May Term, 1856. POWELL & HOPKINS, Attorneys.
- 4-5 Bond of Samuel H. Turrill and O. C. Parmely, to Plato in \$604, dated and filed March 27th, 1856, reciting writ prayed by Turrill suit of him and Haven against estate of Plato; impleaded, &c., for \$302—returnable 2d Monday May next, conditioned to prosecute suit, and in case of failure pay damages, &c.
- 6-7 Writ of attachment dated March 27th, 1856.
- 8 Returns to writ of attachment, 1st return of attachment of property made March 27th, 1856; 2d return of replevy of property, made May 10th, 1856; 3d return as to person of defendants, not dated.
- 9 Motion for judgment of dismissal and for costs, entered *July 30th* 1856, because no declaration filed, &c.—CHARLES C. BONNEY, Attorney.
- 10 Declaration in assumpsit filed *November 13th* 1856—common counts against Henry Plato and —— Sprague; Damages \$700. POWELL & HOPKINS, Attorneys.
- 11-15 Notice to defendant Plato to November Term, 1856. Certificate published 4 weeks: 1st, June 25th, 1856; fourth, July 22d, in Democratic Press. Notice dated June 25th, 1856; Certificate dated November 19th, 1856, and filed March 10th, 1857.
- 16 Motion by defendants for judgment as in case of non-suit, because no declaration filed till after commencement of second term after suit commenced. Filed March 12th, 1857.
- 17 Motion to quash writ of attachment for want of sufficient affidavit and bond. Filed March 13th 1857.
- 18 Motion to quash return to writ of attachment. Filed March 13th, 1857.
- 19 Interpleader of Francis M. Kerwin. Filed March 16th, 1857.
- 20 Motion to strike declaration from files for that writ issued at suit of Samuel H. Turrill and Aaron Haven, while declaration is pleaded by Samuel W. Turrill and Aaron Haven; and for that said Sprague is declared against by his surname only. Filed March 16th, 1856.
- 21 Proceedings at March Term, 1857—recital of proof of publication:
- 22 Motion to dismiss, overruled, and exception taken.
- 23 Motion to dismiss writ of attachment, overruled, and exception taken.
- 24 Motion to quash return, leave to amend, recital of amendment, motion overruled, and exception taken.
- 25 Interpleader filed March 17th, 1857, and afterwards withdrawn.
- 24-25 Recital that defendant had not pleaded *as ruled to do*, &c., his attorney saying nothing, and he being called,—judgment for plaintiffs. Damages assessed by the Court at \$555,05, and ordered that plaintiffs recover from both defendants said sum.

Defendant Sprague appears not to have been noticed during the progress of the cause.

Stay of execution to await trial of interpleader in case of Corbin et al. vs. Plato.

A S S I G N M E N T O F E R R O R S , T O W I T :

27. 1.—Not allowing motion for judgment of dismissal and for costs.
28. 2.—Not allowing motion for judgment, as in case of non-suit.
29. 3.—Not allowing motion to quash writ of attachment.
4.—Not allowing motion to quash return to attachment.
5.—Not allowing or otherwise deciding motion to strike declaration from files.
6.—Judgment exceeds amount of damages laid in writ.
7.—Judgment given for plaintiffs below.

The plaintiff in error relies mainly upon the errors firstly and secondly assigned, and refers especially to sections 8 and 26, of chapter LXXXIII, Revised Statutes, 1845.

CHARLES C. BONNEY,
Attorney for Plaintiff in Error.

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Plato &c. v. Tarrill et al

Abstract -

Filed April 22, 1857
S. Leland
Clerk

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss.
SUPREME COURT, }
TO THE CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF *Pekoria* GREETING:

BECAUSE, In the record and proceedings, as also in the rendition of the judgment
of a plea which was in the Circuit Court of *Pekoria* County, before
the Judge thereof, between *Samuel H. Turrill & Aaron Haven*

plaintiffs and *Henry Plato* impleaded with — *Sprague*

defendant it is said manifest error hath intervened, to the injury of the aforesaid

Henry Plato — as we are informed
by *his* complaint, and we being willing that error should be corrected if any there
be, in due form and manner, and that justice be done to the parties aforesaid, com-
mand you that if judgment thereof be given, you distinctly and openly, without delay,
send to our Justices of the Supreme Court the record and proceedings of the plaint
aforesaid, with all things touching the same, under your seal, so that we may have
the same before our Justices aforesaid at Ottawa, in the County of La Salle, on the
Third Tuesday in April A.D. 1857 next, that the record and proceedings, being in-
spected, we may cause to be done therein, to correct the error, what of right ought to
be done according to law.

WITNESS, The Hon. WALTER B. SCATES, Chief
Justice of our said Court, and the Seal thereof, at Ot-
tawa, this *10th* day of *April* — in the Year
of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-Seven

L. Leland
Clerk of the Supreme Court.
By J. B. Rice Deputy

CLERK OF LITITMUS }
SARKEWICOM }
TO THE RECORDER OR THE CLERK AND PROCEESSING }
BOSTON }
OF A BLOG UPTIGHT MADE IN THE COURTHOUSE }
SUCH THING THROAT PAPER

98
Henry Plato
vs
Samuel H. Merrill
et al

Writ of Error

Filed April 10, 1857

L. Leland Clerk

RECORDED IN THE CLERK'S OFFICE
OF OUR HONORABLE COUNTY COURT

Henry Plato }
Sprague } Plaintiffs in Error
vs

Samuel H Turnill }

Aaron Haven } Defendants in Error

Argument for Defendants

H B Hopkins

Atty for Defs

This was a suit in attachment by the Defendants in Error vs the Plaintiffs in Error commenced at the May Term of the Circuit Court - Peoria County AD 1856

Sixty days not intervening between the issuing of writ & said May Term of said court the time required for advertising notice to said nonresident Defendant cause was continued to November Term of said court

Declaration filed during said November Term a D 1856

Writ of attachment returned into Court by sheriff with return thereon during the March Term of said court 1857

As to the two first and secondly assigned

The two motions to dismiss upon the ground that the Declaration was not filed in season were considered together by the court below & overruled as appears by the record

Defendants insist that there is no error in the ruling of the court below upon this point

because

First

Plaintiff was not bound to file his Declaration until the Sheriff had returned the writ of Attachment to the Court or to the Clerks Office although in this case Declaration was filed long prior to such return by Sheriff as the record shows. The writ remaining in the Sheriffs hands until the March Term 1857

In cases of attachment the Plaintiff cannot know that any Declaration will be necessary nor that the court has any jurisdiction of the cause until the Sheriff makes return of the writ

If the Sheriff should fail to make personal service to find any property of the Debtor then the Court would have no jurisdiction and no declaration would be necessary or proper

As in this case, where Defendant is out of the State at time writ issues and no garnishers are summoned unless the Sheriff succeeds in finding property of the Debtor the Court has no jurisdiction.

The Plaintiff cannot know whether such will be the case or not until the Sheriff returns the writ to Court

And if the Plaintiff filed his Declaration as soon as he can ascertain that he has any case in Court we think it quite sufficient Because

Secondly

The Statute does not authorize the admission of the cause ~~under~~

The Statute relative to the filing of Declarations in Attachment cases and in cases commenced by summons is entirely separate & distinct: the former controlled by the 26th section of the Practice Act, the latter by the 8th section.

The 8th section of the Practice Act providing for the dismissal of suits when declaration is not filed 10 days before commencement of second term has no reference to cases of attachment.

The Legislature by legislating anew upon the entire subject of filing declarations in attachment cases very clearly intended to take that class of cases out of the operation of the previous section.

By the 26 section of the Practice Act it appears that the law in relation to filing declarations in attachment cases is entirely different from that in cases by summons.

The Declaration may be filed upon the return of the attachment; which we apprehend means the actual return of the writ to the Court or the Clerk, as the Plaintiff cannot sooner know that he has a cause of which the court has jurisdiction, as argued in our first proposition, and as in other cases file a copy of the instrument sued on. This requirement as to time of filing is directory to the Plaintiff.

This section makes no reference to filing the declaration 10 days before second term, but on the actual return or the return term of the writ which is the first term.

But if the Plaintiff should fail to file his declaration according to the directions of this section we do not understand that the Defendant has a right to have the suit dismissed But if Declaration is not filed at any time the Court may dismiss the suit whenever they shall think proper to do so.

The statute in this case does not as in the case of suits by summons give the Defendants a right to demand a dismissal at a particular time unless declaration is filed

We apprehend that the power of the court to dismiss an attachment suit for want of a declaration stands upon ground as their power or common law to dismiss any cause for want of its being prosecuted It is a judicial act which the Court will not perform as a general rule without first ruling the party in court to proceed with his cause

The Statute affirms the common law right to have a suit dismissed for want of prosecution but states no time when the defendant may claim it as matter of course in attachment cases as in other cases Without the Statute he has no such right but the matter rests in the judgment of the Court as at common law Thirdly

If the Defendants were entitled to judgment at all for want of a declaration it was not a judgment of dismissal but only for costs leaving the cause still on the record

The expression "judgment as in case of nonsuit" found in the 8th section in re-

garnet to suits commenced by garnishers does not occur at all in this section in relation to attachment. The language here is simply "judgment-for costs" which by no means authorizes a dismissal of the suit but judgment for costs "may go against the Plaintiff leaving the cause still on the books upon which the Plaintiff may proceed at a subsequent term if it is for his interest to do so. The cause remaining in court as his cause.

As in this case the sheriff may not have returned the writ of attachment at the time when Declaration is required to be filed by the construction claimed by the Plaintiff is error so that the Plaintiff below comes to that true tell whether the Court has jurisdiction of the cause or not. Again the garnisher named in the writ may be temporarily absent from the jurisdiction. But service may be had at a subsequent term. Agonie personal service may be had upon the defendant in attachment at a subsequent term in either of which cases the Plaintiff in attachment would have a right to proceed to judgment with his suit.

Or perhaps the true construction is that the appearance mentioned in the 26th section of the Act is an appearance to the action by the defendant in attachment as well as for the purpose of taking judgment for costs. And that the defendant who exceeds the jurisdiction & keeps out of Court until the Plaintiff is about to take judgment in rem against his property and then chooses to come into court and ask

judgment - in his favor for costs subjects himself to a judgment in personam for the debt and the Court may proceed to render judgment against him except as to costs as on basis of personal service of attachment. This seems to be the more just interpretation of the Statute.

At all events we insist that the Statute does not authorize the sustenance of the motion to dismiss.

As in this case attachments are against absconding and swindling debtors. And when the creditor is fortunate enough to secure a levy of attachment upon any property of the debtor the Legislature have taken special care that the attachment shall not be dissolved & the security lost by any mere irregularity or informality. hence the provision for amending affidavits. writs. filing new bond &c in attachment cases and we cannot admit that the Legislature intended that the suit should be dismissed & security lost if from accident or necessity the Declaration ~~accusation~~ be not filed at the time contended for by Plaintiffs in Error.

As to the Third Error assigned to our Overruling motion to quash writ for want of sufficient Affidavit & Bond.

Defendants in Error say said Bond & affidavit are sufficient.

As to Error fourthly assigned, to wit,
That quashing return of Sheriff

(Amendment of said return was properly allowed
Montgomery vs Brown 2 Gilman 581

As to Error fifthly assigned to wit
That striking Declaration from files because
one of Plaintiffs below is called Samuel W. Tur-
ville in Declaration & Samuel H. Turnill in writ
& Sprague is mentioned by ~~other~~ our name
only

Sprague is mentioned by sur name
only in all proceedings in the case

See Section 7, Chapter 9 Rev. Statutes

The middle letter of ours name
is no part thereof & not noticed in law

Franklin vs Tatman 5 J.R. 847

Roswell vs Gardner 2 Cow. 463

Milk vs Christie 1 H.C. 102

Variance between writ &
Declaration must be pleaded in abatement

Webb vs Hubbard 11 Ills 573

Primer vs Lamb Bre 298

Renst vs Frothingham Do 258

As to the Error sixthly assigned, to wit,
Judgment exceeds damage laid in writ

Judgment does not exceed
ad damnum laid in Declaration

Judgment given is \$555.05 ad damnum \$700.

If there is a discrepancy between the damage laid in the writ and the ad quantum laid in the Declaration it could only be taken advantage of by plea in abatement.

Ween vs Newbern 11 Ill 573

Purce vs Lamb Br 298

Ronat vs Frettingham Do 258

As to Seventh Assignment

Defendants say there is no error in the judgments of the Courts below

H. B. Hopkins,

Atty for
Dpts. in Error

Henry Plato & al
vs
Samuel H. Turrill & al
Argument for Defendants

Albion May 4, 1859
A. Leland
Clark

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H. B. Hopkins
Atty