


No. 14491

Supreme Court of Illinois

Miller et al

vs.

Montgomery

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STATE OF ILLINOIS,

SUPREME COURT,

Third Grand Division.

22

No. ~~37~~

Report

1803

Miller

vs

Montgomery

J

14491 1803

1803

SUPREME COURT OF ILLINOIS,

THIRD GRAND DIVISION,

APRIL TERM THEREOF, A. D. 1862.

GEORGE A. MILLER *et al.* }
vs. } *Appeal from McHenry.*
WILLIAM MONTGOMERY. }

ABSTRACT OF THE RECORD.

4 This was an action of assumpsit on a note. Declaration filed December 12th, A. D. 1857. First count on note, which is as follows:

“We jointly and severally promise to pay Wm. Montgomery, or order, the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars by the first day of November next, at 10 per cent. interest.

G. A. MILLER,
WRIGHT, HARPER & WRIGHT,
JOHN DONNELLY.”

7 Common counts were filed.

4 The suit was brought against George A. Miller, Charles Wright, James Harper, Joseph Wright, and John Donnelly.

Service of process only upon John Donnelly and Joseph Wright—George Miller excepting service; Charles Wright and James Harper not found.

The declaration does not allege that any of the makers of the note were partners, but alleges that defendants executed a note by the name, style, and description of G. A. Miller, Wright, Harper & Wright, John Donnelly.

- 8 First plea, payment of two hundred and twenty-five dollars.
 9 Second plea, set off for money owing by plaintiff to defendants.
 10 Third plea, general issue.
 12 Replication to second and third pleas, being a general traverse
 of the same, and issue jointly.
 20 Trial, and verdict for plaintiff, \$140 41.

23 *Bill of Exceptions.*

Plaintiff read in evidence the note copied above, upon which credits were endorsed as follows: December 6th, \$112 60, March 20th, 1857, \$43 60. Plaintiff's rested.

- 24 Defendants called A. W. Tappan, who testified that he wrote the receipt shown him, which was as follows:

"WOODSTOCK, Dec. 6th., 1856.

"Received of G. A. Miller one hundred and seventy-five dollars to apply on brick for the Hartford church.

<p style="text-align: center;">"A. W. TAPPAN, Witness.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">his WM. ✕ MONTGOMERY." mark.</p>
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That he signed the same as a witness; that at the time of the execution of said receipt he was present, and counted the money for which it was given; that he saw that sum at that time paid to the plaintiff by the defendant, Miller; Miller told the plaintiff at that time that he wanted the money for which the receipt was given applied upon the note on which the defendant, Donnelly, was security, to which the plaintiff agreed.

- 26 Defendants called A. W. Tappan, who testified that he was present when the above receipt was given, and Miller at that time paid plaintiff \$175 00; that at that time it was agreed between plaintiff and defendant, Miller, in presence of witness, that the whole amount of said \$175 00 was to be endorsed upon a note of \$250 00 given to the plaintiff by G. A. Miller, Wright, Harper & Wright, and John Donnelly.

Cross Examination. Plaintiff wanted defendant, Miller, to allow him to apply a portion of the money then paid, upon an individual debt that he, plaintiff, held against Miller, which Miller refused to do before the money was paid, stating as a reason that he wanted to see a note of \$250, on which John Donnelly was security, paid first; the receipt was then written by witness, A. W. Tappan. I told Tappan in presence of the

26 parties, that the receipt was too indefinite to cut off the note for that amount, because the note was not described even if the note was given for the brick for the Hartford church; Montgomery replied that it did not make any difference; that the note was at home, and as soon as he got there he would endorse the \$175 on it.

27 James Deacon testifies as follows: Was present when defendant, Donnelly, signed the note in suit; the note was made by defendants, Miller, Wright, Harper and Wright, for brick to build the Hartford church; Donnelly signed the note as security; the plaintiff refused to take it unless it was signed as security.

28 Defendants rested.

Defendants offered the deposition of Archibald D. Montgomery who testifies as follows: I am acquainted with the parties of the suit; I was present at a settlement between plaintiff and George A. Miller.

The following interrogatories and answers were objected to by defendants:

20 Int. 4th. State what was said between the parties at that time.

Ans. Mr. Miller and witness figured up what was due on the note and account of Miller to plaintiff, and the note shown to witness, marked A, is the note referred to at said settlement.

Int. 5th. What was agreed as to the amount due on the note at the time of settlement?

Ans. There was about ninety odd dollars due on the note at that time as appears by the note as endorsement.

Int. 6th. When was this conversation?

Ans. August 3d, 1857.

Int. 7th. State whether Miller was in company in creating said indebtedness.

Ans. Heard Miller say he was.

Int. 9th. State whether there was an account between defendant, Miller, and plaintiff beside the note.

Ans. There was.

To each of which interrogatories and answers the defendant objected. The Court overruled the objection and permitted the same to be read; to which decision of the Court the defendants then and there excepted.

30 The witness testified further as follows: At the time of the last endorsement on the back of the note, Miller said a part was to be applied on the note, a part on the account; it was so applied; don't recollect how much; I have heard plaintiff say that Donnelly signed the note for the other defendants as security; I am the son of the plaintiff; the brick for which the note was given were used to build a Catholic church in Hartford.

32 T. F. Sherman testified that he heard a conversation between defendant, Miller, and plaintiff, Montgomery; none of the other defendants were present; saw the note and the account of plaintiff against Miller; that he looked over the figures made by them, and found them right; there was about \$114 due upon the note and account.

This was all the evidence.

The Court was asked to instruct the jury on the part of the defendants as follows:

1st. If the jury believe from the evidence that the receipt offered in evidence was by the plaintiff and defendant, Miller, to apply on the note in question, then that it was so applied and that such receipt satisfied in full the balance remaining due on the note, then the plaintiff cannot recover even though the jury believe that the defendant, Miller, afterwards agreed that such receipt or any part of it should apply on any other deal existing between Montgomery and Miller.

33 2d. If the jury believe it from the evidence that the note was satisfied in full by payments and receipt, then they are instructed that any afterward arrangement made by Miller by which such payments were to be differently applied and the indebtedness of the note revived, is not binding on the defendant, Donnelly, if the jury further believe that the plaintiff knew that Donnelly signed the note as security, unless the jury believe that Miller had authority for the other defendants to so change the application of the payments if any were made.

3d. The jury are instructed that the mere fact that the receipt and one of the endorsements on the note bear the same date, is not evidence sufficient of itself to warrant the jury in finding that the receipt and endorsement are one and the same payment.

34 4th. That any agreement made by and between the defendant, Miller, and the plaintiff or his agent, in regard to the amount due upon the note, is not binding upon the defendant,

Wrong

- 34 Donnelly, unless the jury believe from the evidence that Donnelly assented to the same; if they also believe from the evidence that the plaintiff knew that Donnelly signed the note as security for the other defendants.

The Court refused each of such instructions, to which decision the defendant then and there excepted.

The jury found for the plaintiff \$104 21.

- 35 Defendants moved for a new trial; the Court overruled the motion, and the defendants then and there excepted.

ERRORS ASSIGNED.

- 37 1st. The Court erred in permitting the interrogatories of the deposition of Archibald D. Montgomery, No. 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, and the respective answers thereto, to be read in evidence.
- 2d. The Court erred in refusing to give each of the several instructions asked by defendants.
- 3d. The Court overruled the motion for a new trial.

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES FOR APPELLANT.

The evidence did not sustain the declaration; there was no proof that the defendants, by the name, style and description of G. A. Miller, Wright, Harper & Wright, John Donnelly, executed the note sued on.

Woodworth vs. Fuller, 24 Ill., 109.

2d. The proof shows that John Donnelly signed the note as security for the other defendants. There was no question of partnership in the case; it was claimed by Donnelly that the note was fully paid on the 20th of March, 1857, and evidence tending to prove that fact was offered. It was certainly not competent to rebut that proof by the admissions of Miller alone,

made on the 3d of August, 1857, and consequently the interrogatories and answers objected to in the deposition were not competent testimony.

The interest of defendant, Miller, at the time the admission was made, was clearly to have the payment applied on his individual debt to plaintiff, rather than on the debt for which he was liable jointly with the other defendants. None of the defendants signed as security but Donnelly.

But the question distinctly presented by the instructions is this: if the note had been fully paid by Miller, could Miller, by a subsequent arrangement with plaintiff, change the payment which had been made upon the note, and apply it to his individual indebtedness to the plaintiff so as to revive the note against its security? We insist that he could not, because the note was extinguished by the payment.

The evidence tended to show that at the time of the payment of the \$175, that the payment was made upon this note; Miller had the right so to apply the payment at the time.

Burge on Suretyship, 123.

If the \$175 00 is to be allowed as a payment upon that note, then this cannot in any way be sustained.

A different rule from the one we contend for would place a surety always in the power of his principal; nor could any payment by the principal at any time assure him permanent release from his liability.

GLOVER, COOK & CAMPBELL,
For Appellant.

Hutton
~~Opinion of the Court delivered by~~
 to Mr. Chief Justice Baton delivered the opinion of ^{the Court.} ~~the Court.~~
~~Hutton~~

~~Hutton~~ The error in this case is
 manifest, upon a mere statement of the
 facts. The note was executed to the plaintiff
 by Donnelly, as surety, ^{and} the other defendants,
 as principals; the plaintiff refusing to
 take the note, unless Donnelly agreed to be surety.
 Subsequently, Miller, one of the principals,
 paid the plaintiff ~~75~~ ^{one hundred and seventy five} dollars, with
 express instructions that it should be
 applied on this note, which the plaintiff
 agreed to, and promised to endorse on
 the note, ~~which he~~ ^{but} neglected to do ^{so}. After
 war, by an arrangement between
 the plaintiff and Miller, a part of
 this payment, at least, was applied
 to other indebtedness due from the prin-
 cipals in the note to Houdgony, and
 the Court below, by its instructions,
 allowed this payment to be so
 disposed, and a recovery to be had
 against the surety. This was erro-
 neous and erroneous. When the payment
 was once applied to the note, it was that
 instant extinguished to that ~~amount~~
 extent, and could never afterwards be

^{reversed}
 against any of the parties to the note
 without their consent. Miller might
 as well have signed a new note for Don-
 nelly, as to revive his obligation upon
 an old one, which had been in fact,
 paid. No question of a bona fide holder
 arises in this case. The plaintiff was cog-
 nisant of all the facts, and it was
 a fraud upon Donnelly to attempt,
 by a subsequent agreement of
 Miller, to revive the extinguished lia-
 bility of the security. The instructions
 should have been given ^{and}.
 The judgment is reversed, ^{and} the cause
 remanded.

~~The whole Court concurring.~~

Judgment reversed. and Cause

remanded.

22-10-2

Mulla

n

Montgomery

Opinion
Caton

OK

Record B. 12 P. 125

Supreme Court April Term 1862

Mary A. Miller
v
William Montgomery } Expense

The judgment heretofore entered in this cause at the term aforesaid dismissing said appeal because abstracts had not been filed in said cause is hereby revoked and said cause is reinstated on the docket it now appearing that the abstracts had been filed in the cause but were mistaken

J. W. Eaton
P. H. Walker
Sidney Breese
Signed

This instrument does

stand on us by copy

this 27th June 1862

Church & Stern

Attys for Dft

Tuesday March 22^d. A. D. 1859
United States of America
State of Illinois
McHenry County Iffs. Pleas before the
Hon. Isaac Wilson
Judge of the thirteenth Judicial Circuit
of the State of Illinois and Presiding Judge
of the McHenry County Circuit Court
at a Circuit Court begun & holden at the
Court House in Woodstock in said County
on Tuesday the 22^d day of March in
the year of our Lord one thousand eight
hundred and fifty nine

Present Honorable Isaac Wilson
Judge
Edw. J. Joslyn States Atty
attest Edwin C. Thomas Sheriff
Wm. T. Haysen Clerk.

And heretofore to wit on the 12th day of
December in the year of our Lord one
thousand eight hundred and fifty seven
was filed in the Office of the County Clerk
of said County a precept for summons
which is in words and figures following
to wit:

precept
for
summons
1

County Court McHenry County
March Term 1858

2

William C. Montgomery
George A. Miller
Charles Wright
James Harper
Joseph Wright
John Donnelly

Assumpsit
Demand
\$ 300.

Precipe

The Clerk will
issue summonses returnable next Term
(Endorsed.)
J. S. Stewart
for Clerk

Filed Dec. 12, 1857. W. H. Stewart Clerk
Fil. Oct. 11, 1858 J. S. Stewart Clerk.

And thereupon was issued out of said
County Clerk's office a writ of
Summons, which said Summons
is in words and figures as follows viz;

State of Illinois
McHenry County

The People of the
State of Illinois to
the Sheriff of Said County greeting;

We command you that you summon
George A. Miller, Charles Wright,
James Harper, Joseph Wright and
John Donnelly, if they shall be found
in your county personally to be and
appear before the County Court of

Summons

said County on the first day of the next
Term thereof, to be holden at the Court
House in Woodstock in said County,
on the first Monday of March next,
to answer unto William Montgomery
in a plea of Assumpsit to the damage
of said Plaintiff as he says in the sum
of two hundred dollars

And have you then and there
this writ with an endorsement thereon as
to the manner in which you execute
Summons the same

Witness William H. Stewart Clerk
of our said Court and the
Seal thereof at Woodstock
in said County this 12.
Seal } Day of Dec. A.D. 1858
(Endorsed) } William H. Stewart Clerk

Served by reading to the within
named John Donnelly Joseph Wright
No. Miller accepting Service Chas. Wright
James Harper not found in my County
this 11th January A.D. 1858. John Early
Sheriff. By E. J. Smith Dpty. Wills. 350.150
2 Chs. 15. Ret 10. \$ 1.75

Filed Jan. 15. 1858 W. H. Stewart clk

Summons Filed Oct. 6. 1858 G. P. Kappan clk.

And thereafter tried on the 13th day

of December for the year of our Lord
One thousand eight hundred and fifty seven
was filed in the Office of the County Clerk
Declaration of said County aforesaid the Plaintiff's
declaration in the above intitled cause
which said declaration is in the words
and figures following that is to say

County Court of McHenry County
Of the March Term A.D. 1858
State of Illinois
McHenry County

William Montgomery
Plaintiff in this suit by Joslyn his
Attorney complains of Roger A. Miller
Charles Wright, James Harper, Joseph
Bright, & John Donnelly, Defendants who
are summoned &c. in a plea of Trespass
on the case on promises; For that
whereas the said defendants, heretofore
to wit on the 2^d day of August in
the year of our Lord one thousand eight
hundred and fifty six at Woodstock
to wit in said County of McHenry made their
certain promissory Note, in writing bearing
date the day and year aforesaid and then
and then delivered the same to said
plaintiff in and by which said note said
defendants by the name style and

description of G. A. Miller, Wright Harper
& Wright John Donnelly promised to pay
to the order of the said Plaintiff the
Sum of two hundred & fifty dollars by
the first day of November then next
(meaning November 1857) with interest
at ten per cent per annum for value
received and then and then delivered the
Same to the said Plaintiff, Pyrmann,
whereof and by force of the Statute
in such Case made & provided the
Declarations said defendant became liable to pay
the said Plaintiff said Sum of money
mentioned in said note, and being so
liable, in consideration thereof, then
and then undertook and promised
to pay the Same to the said Plaintiff
according to the tenor and effect,
true intent and meaning ~~thereof~~ of the said
note, and of the indorsement aforesaid
to wit at the place aforesaid.

And whereas also the said defen-
-dants afterwards to wit on the first day
of December in the year a four two
one thousand eight hundred and fifty seven
in said County became and were indebted
unto the plaintiff in a large Sum
of money to wit three hundred
dollars for money before that time

6
lent and advanced to, and paid laid
out and Expended: for said defendants
by said plaintiff, at said defendant,
requests; and for money ~~to~~ before
that time had and received by said
defendants to and for the use of
said Plaintiff; and also in like
sum for goods wares and Merchandise
before that time sold and delivered by
said Plaintiff to said Defendants at
like special instance & request; and also
in like sum for the labor care and
diligence of said plaintiff before that
time done & performed by said plaintiff
for said Defendants and at the like
instance and request of said defendant,
and also in like sum then and there
found due and owing said plaintiff
on an account stated between them
and being so indebted said defendants
in consideration thereof then and
there undertook and promised to pay
said plaintiff, said last mentioned
sum of money, when thereunto
afterwards requested.

Yet the said defendants not
regarding their said promises and
undertakings but contriving &c. although
often requested so to do have not paid

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And thereafter to wit on the 8th day of March A.D. 1858 came the defendants & file their plea herein which said plea is in the words & figures following to wit.

County Court of McHenry
March Term A.D. 1858

George A. Miller
Wright
Kemper
A. Wright &
John Donnelly
ats

Assumpsit

William Montgomery

And the said defendants by

William & Henry their attorneys come and defends the wrongs and injury where

Defendants' Pleas, in said declaration mentioned are one and of the same cause of action and not other and different causes of action as the said Plaintiff above supposes and that the said Plaintiff ought not to have or maintain his aforesaid ~~cause~~ ~~of~~ ~~action~~ thereof against them the said defendants because they say that before the commencement of this Suit to wit: on the 1st day of July 1857

at the County of McHenry aforesaid
they the said defendants paid the said
Plaintiff a large Sum of money to wit
the Sum of two hundred and twenty five
dollars in manner and form aforesaid
and thus the said defendants are ready
to verify whereupon &c.

William J. Slavick
Attys for Defts.

And for a further plea in this behalf.
the said defendants say actio non
because they say that the said plaintiff
before and at the time of the commence-
ment of this suit to wit: at the County
aforesaid was and still is indebted
to the said defendants in a large Sum
of money to wit: the Sum of three
hundred dollars for money by the said
defendants before that time lent and
advanced to, and paid, laid out and
Expended for the said plaintiff and
at his request and for money by the
said plaintiff before that time had and
received to and for the use of the said
defendants and for money due and
owing from the said plaintiff to the
said defendants for interest upon and
for the forbearance of divers and large

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Sums of money due and owing from
 the said plaintiff to the said defendants
 and by the said defendants forborne
 to the said plaintiff for divers long
 spaces of time before then elapsed
 and for money due and owing from
 the said Plaintiff to the said defendants
 on an account stated between them
 which said Sums of money so due
 and owing from the said plaintiff
 to the said defendants as aforesaid

Defendants exceeds the damages sustained by the
 Pleas. said plaintiff by reason of the
 non-performance by the said
 defendants of the said several sup-
 posed promises and undertakings
 in the said declaration mentioned and
 out of which said Sums of money
 so due and owing from the said plaintiff
 to the said defendants the said defend-
 ants is ready and willing and hereby
 offers to set off and allow to the said
 Plaintiff the full amount of the said
 damages according to the form of the
 Statute in such case made and provided
 And this the said defendants are
 ready to verify wherefore &c.

William & Slavin
 Attys for Deft.

(Endorsed.) Filed March 8. 1858

W. H. Stewart cler.

Filed Oct. 6. 1858 J. T. Rappan clk.

County Court of McKean Co. }
March Term AD 1858 }

George A. Miller
Et al. }

vs.
William Montgomery }

Affidavit

And now come

the said defendants by Willard & Slawen
their Attornies and defendts the wrong
Plea and injury which & and say they did
You Issue not undertake & promise the said
plaintiff in manner and form as the
said plaintiff hath above thereof.
Complained against them & of their
they put themselves upon the Country
Willard & Slawen

Attys for Dft.

And the plaintiff does the like

Judge for Pft.

(Endorsed.) Filed March 3. 1858. W. H. Stewart Clerk

Filed Oct. 6. 1858. J. T. Rappan clk.

12
And thereupon comes the defendant by
Jeslyn his Attorney & files his Replication
thence which said Replication is in
the words and figures following to wit

Williams Montgomery }
 or } County Court
John Donnelly & al. }

And as to the
pleas of the said defendants secondly &
thirdly above pleaded the said plaintiff
says that he by reason of any thing
by the said defendants in their pleas
above alleged ought not to be barred
from having & maintaining his said
action thereof against them because
he says that said defendants have not
paid any sum or sums of money
to said plaintiff & that he was not
nor is indebted to the said defendants
in manner & form as the said defendants
have in their pleas alleged & this
the said plffs may be enquired of
by their Country

Jeslyn for Plff.

And the defts. doth the like

William & Maria

Endors. Fil^d March 5. 1858. W. H. Stewart for Defts.

Fil^d Oct. 6. 1858. G. D. K. for Plff.

And on the 17th day of September
A.D. 1858 the defendants by Millard &
Shum Attorneys file an affidavit for
for change of Venue which said
affidavit is in the words and
figures following to wit:

McHenry County Court
September Term A.D. 1858

William Montgomery }
 or } affidavit for change
George A. Miller (Wal) } of Venue

State of Illinois }
McHenry County } vs. George A. Miller

affidavit
for
Change Venue

being first duly sworn
on oath says that he is one of the
above defendants, that he fears he
will not receive a fair trial in the
said Court in which said cause is
now pending, on account of the
prejudice of the Judge of said Court
against the said defendants that
he has obtained the consent of all
the defendants in said cause to have
said cause removed by change
of Venue into the Circuit Court
of said County that the cause for

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This application as above set forth has come to his knowledge within less than ten days from this date.

affiant
for
Ch. Venn

He therefore prays by and with the consent of all the said defendants that this suit may be removed into the Circuit Court of said County by change of venue according to Law

Sworn to & Subscribed G. C. & C. Milles before me this 4 day of Sept. A.D. 1858
G. C. & C. Milles
W. H. Stewart Clerk
(Endorsed.) Fil^d Sept. 7. 1858 W. H. Stewart Clerk
Fil^d. Oct. 6. 1858 G. W. Kaffon Clerk

And thereafter to wit on the 6th day of October A.D. 1858. was filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said County, a transcript from the Records of the County Court of said County which is as follows to wit

United States of America
State of Illinois
County of McHenry } Sp. Pleas before
D. Murphy Judge of the County Court of McHenry County at a Term thereof

began and held at the Court House in
Woodstock in said County on Monday
the sixth day of September in the year
of our Lord One thousand eight hundred
and fifty eight and of the American
Independence the Eighty third

Present The Hon Thomas D. Murphy
Judge

Attest
W. W. Stewart Clerk

John Eddy Sheriff

And hereafter to wit, at a term thereof
began and held at the Court House
in Woodstock on Monday the 1st day
of March A. D. 1858 to wit on the 3rd
day of said Term the following among
other proceedings were had

William Montgomery
vs.
George A. Miller, Charles Wright,
James Harper, Joseph Wright
and John Donnelly

And
now comes
the Plaintiff by Jaslyn his Attorney
and also come the said defendants
by Willard and Lavin their Attornies,
and on their motion it is ordered
that the Defendants have until

16

Friday morning to file additional
plea.

And again heretofore to wit at a Term
thereof began and held at the Court
House in Woodstock on Monday the
seventh day of June the following among
other proceedings were had

William Montgomery	}	Assumpsit
vs		
George A. Miller		
Charles Wright & al	}	It is ordered by
The Court that this cause be continued to the next Term of this Court		

And now again at this term the
following among other proceedings were
had

William Montgomery	}	Assumpsit
vs		
George A. Miller		
Charles Wright		
James Harpes		
Joseph Wright		
John Donnelly	}	And now come the

defendants in this suit by Hillard & Haven their attorneys and make a motion for Change of Venue in this Cause

And again on the seventh day of September being one of the days of said Term the following among other proceedings were had.

William C. Montgomery	}	Applicant
George A. Miller		
Charles Wright		
James Harper		
Joseph Wright		
John Donnelly.		

And now again comes the defendants in this suit by their said Attorneys and file an affidavit in support of the motion formerly taken herein for a change of Venue. On the Court being fully advised grants said motion. It is therefore ordered and considered by the Court that the Venue herein be and the same is hereby changed to the Circuit Court of this County, and that the Clerk of this Court certify and transmit to the Clerk

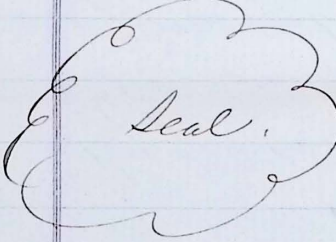
18

of the Circuit Court of this County
a copy of the Record herein as also
all the papers filed &c in and pertains
ing to this cause.

State of Illinois }
McHenry County } J. William Stewart
Clerk of the County

Court in and for Said County do hereby
certify that the foregoing is a true and
correct copy of the Record in the foregoing
entitled case and that the papers marked "B"
"C" "D" "E" "F" "G" are all the papers
filed in and pertaining to this cause

Witness the undersigned Clerk
of Said Court and the seal thereof
at my office in Woodstock
this 5 day of October
A.D. 1858



W. H. Stewart Clerk

Entered filed Oct. 6, 1858

G. D. Kesson Clk.

And thereafter to wit on the first day
of April for the year of our Lord
One thousand eight hundred and fifty
nine, being one of the days of
the March Term of the Circuit
Court of our said County, the following

proceedings were had in said cause
and Entered of Record to wit.

William Montgomery }
George A. Miller } Plaintiff
Charles A. Wright } And
Joseph Wright }
James Harper }
John Donnelly }
now come the
parties to this
Suit by their
respective attorneys
and ifas being

joined it is ordered that a jury be
called and there came a jury of
twelve good and lawful men to wit
M. J. Hubbell, Wm. J. Smith, H. G. Eble
Alvin Judd, E. Williams, J. W. Thomas
S. Covey, S. Gavit, E. Dayton, M. Hartman
W. Pellington, T. McMead. who being
sworn to well and truly ^{try} the issue joined
and having heard the evidence and
arguments of Counsel and the instruction
of the Court retire to consider upon
their verdict, and afterwards came
into Court and for verdict say
that they find the issue for the Plaintiff
and assess his damages at the
sum of One hundred and four
dollars and twenty one cents.
Whereupon the defendants by Millard

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then Attorney enters his motion for a new trial and in arrest of judgment And the Court being fully advised upon said motion for a new trial overrules the same and doth order and adjudge that the Plaintiff have recover of the defendants the sum of One hundred and four dollars and twenty one cents his damages so assessed as aforesaid, as also his costs and Charges herein Expended and that he have Execution therefor It hereupon the defendants by Willard their attorney pray an appeal to the Supreme Court, which is allowed on condition that they enter into Bonds conditioned according to Law in the Sum of Two Hundred dollars with John Mc Mahon as Surety, to be filed within ten days.

And thereafter to wit on the Eleventh day of April for the year last aforesaid the defendants file a Bond in the Office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court aforesaid, which said Bond is in words and figures as follows to wit:

Know all men by these Presents that we George A. Miller and John Donnelly principals and John McMahon Security of the County of McHenry and State of Illinois we hold and firmly bound unto William Montgomery of the same place in the sum of three hundred Dollars good and lawful money of the United States to be paid to the said William Montgomery his Executors administrators and assigns to which payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves our heirs Executors & administrators and every of them firmly by these presents, Sealed with our seals and dated this 11th day of April A.D. 1859.

The Condition of this obligation is such that whereas the said William Montgomery did at the March Term A.D. 1859 of the McHenry County Circuit Court in the County of McHenry and State of Illinois in a certain suit at said term tried and determined wherein said William Montgomery was Plaintiff and George A. Miller John Donnelly and Charles Wright James Harper & Joseph Wright were defendants obtain a

Judgement for the sum of one hundred
 and four dollars against said
 defendants together with the costs
 of suit. And whereas the said George
 A. Miller and John Donnelly at the
 time of the rendition of said Judgement
 prayed an appeal of said suit from
 said Court to the Supreme Court of
 said State: And whereas said appeal
 was allowed by the said Circuit
 Court: Now therefore if the said
 George A. Miller and John Donnelly
 shall pay or cause to be paid the said
 Judgement and costs, together with all
 costs interest and damages that may
 be awarded against them in case
 said Judgement shall be affirmed
 and shall duly prosecute said appeal
 with effect then this obligation to be
 void Else to remain in full force
 and virtue

John Donnelly (Seal)
 John McMahon (Seal)
 Sealed and delivered }
 in presence of }
 Chas. M. Willard }

(Endorsed.) Filed April 11th 1859
 G. D. Kupper Clerk.

And thereafter until on the 20th.
day of January A.D. 1860 come
the Defendants had file in the Office
of the Clerk of said Circuit Court
aforesaid a Bill of Exceptions, which
is in the words and figures following
to wit:

McHenry County Cir. Court.
March Term A.D. 1859

William Montgomery }
vs } Assumpsit
George A. Milled
Charles H. Wright
James Harpue
Joseph Wright
John Donnelly.

And now
on this day first day of April A.D.
1859 being one of the days of the
March Term of said Court for the
year A.D. 1859 this cause came on
to be heard when the following
proceedings were had

The Plaintiff introduced
in evidence a Promissory Note of which
the following is a copy to wit: \$250,
we jointly and severally promise

to pay W^m Montgomery or order
 the sum of two hundred and fifty
 dollars by the first day of November
 next at ten per cent interest. Woodstock
 Aug. 27. 1856" G. A. Miles, Wright
 Harper & Wright John Donnelly" and
 which note were the following indorsements
 to wit: "December the 6th. 1856 credit
 on this note one hundred and twelve
 dollars and one half \$112.50" March
 the 20. 1857. Received on the within
 forty three dollars and Sixty cents"
 which note and indorsements thereon
 was then read to the jury and here the
 plaintiff rested his case.

The defendants then introduced
 S. W. Pappan as a witness who testified
 as follows, that he wrote the receipt
 now shown him, which receipt is
 in the words and figures following
 to wit "Woodstock Dec. 6th. 1856

"Received of G. A. Miles one
 hundred and Seventy five dollars to
 apply on account of Brick for the
 "Heartland Church"
 "William L. Montgomery"
 "S. W. Pappan witness" marks

that he signed
 the same as a witness that at

At the time of the execution of said receipt he was present and counted the money for which it was given that he saw that sum at that time paid to the plaintiff by the defendant Miller, that he heard a conversation between the plaintiff and defendant Miller at that time and that the defendant Miller told the plaintiff that he wanted the money for which the receipt was given applied upon the note on which the defendant Donnelly was security to which the Plaintiff agreed

Cross Examined. Testified that he did not recollect of hearing either party say that the receipt in question was given for about one hundred dollars paid at that time and about seventy that had been paid before - thinks he counted the whole amount of money for which the receipt was given - does not recollect of anything being said about applying a part of the amount upon an account against Miller and a part upon the note in question, the receipt was then and there offered in evidence to the jury and the sum was then

26

to the jury read.

The Defendants then introduced James H. Pappan as a witness who testified as follows: that he was present when Montgomery gave the receipt in Question to Miller one of the defendants for one hundred and Seventy five dollars - that said Miller at that time in the presence of said witness paid said plaintiff one hundred and Seventy five dollars - that at that time it was agreed by and between Plaintiff and defendant Miller that the whole amount of said one hundred and Seventy five dollars was to be indorsed upon the note of two hundred and fifty dollars given to said plaintiff by G. A. Miller Wright Harper & Wright and John Donnelly

Cross Examined. Witness testified that he was present and saw the one hundred and Seventy five dollars paid - that Plaintiff wanted defendant Miller to allow him (Plaintiff) to apply a portion of the same upon an individual debt that he plaintiff held against Miller, which Miller

then refused to do before the money was paid, stating as a reason that he wanted to see the note of two hundred and fifty dollars upon which John Donelly was security paid first—that said receipt for \$175. was written by witness A. W. Tappan that witness told said A. W. Tappan in the presence of said Montgomery and Miller, that the receipt was too indefinite to cut off the note for that amount as it did not describe the note even though the note was given for Brick for the Hartland Church to which Montgomery replied, that it did not make any difference that the note was at home and as soon as he got there he would indorse the \$175. on it

James Deacon was then sworn for defendants and testified as follows that he knew the parties to this suit that he was present when the defendant Donnelly signed the note in question that the note was made by the Defts. Miller Wright Harper & Wright for Brick to build the Hartland Church and that Donnelly signed it as security for his co-defendants in the presence of the witness and

28
plaintiff Montgomery, the Plaintiff
having refused to take the note without
Donnelly signed it as security.

The defendants have replied
The Plaintiff then introduced the
deposition of Archibald T. Montgomery
the Questions and answers of which
are as follows to wit

1st Interrogatory. What is your name
age & place of residence?

1st Answer. My name is Archibald T.
Montgomery, my residence Dorr
McHenry County Illinois. My age is
21 years

2nd Int. Are you acquainted with the parties
in this suit?

2nd Ans. I am.

3rd Int. State whether you were present
at a settlement between the plaintiffs
and defendants or either of them

Ans. I was, between Plaintiff and
George A. Miller.

4th Int. State what was said between the parties at that time.

Ansⁿ. Mr. Miller and witness figured up what was due on the note and account of Miller to Plff, and the note shown to witness marked A. is the note referred to at the time of such settlement

5th Int. What was agreed as to the amount due on the note at the time of Settlement

Ansⁿ. There was about ninety odd dollars due on the note at that time as appears by the note and Endorsement,

6th Int. When was this conversation?

Ansⁿ. August 3^o. 1857.

7th Int. State whether Miller was in Company in creating such indebtedness

Ans. Heard Miller say he was.

8th Int. State whether there was an account between defendant Miller and plaintiff beside the note

29 Ans. There was.

30

Int 9th. State whether at the time of the last endorsement on the back of the note there was any amount paid by Miller on the account between him and the plaintiff?

Ans. Miller said a part was to be applied on the note and a part on the account.

Int 10th. Was a part applied on the note and a part on the account by plff.

Ans. It was. Don't recollect how much.

Cross Interrogatories

No. 1. Were you present when the brick for which this note was given was contracted for & if so, who made the contract?

Ans. I was not present.

No. 2. How do you recollect it was the 3^d of August?

Ans. I know by an entry in the book I kept.

No. 3. Had the defendant Donnelly

Any thing to do in purchasing the brick or do you know from what the plaintiff has told you as to how Donnelly signed the note.

Ans. I have heard the plaintiff say that Donnelly signed the note for the other defendants as security.

No. 4. Are you a son of the Plaintiff?

Ans. Yes.

No. 5. Do you where the brick for which the note was given were used?

Ans. To build a Catholic Church in Surtland I delivered the Brick and drew a part myself.

To the reading of the interrogatories and answers thereto of number four five six seven and eight the defendants by their counsel then and there objected which objection was overruled by the Court and the questions and answers were read to the jury. To the decision of the Court in over-ruling the objection and allowing said questions and answers to be read to the jury the defendants by their counsel then and there excepted.

J. P. Sherman was then sworn as a witness for Plaintiff who testified that he heard a conversation between the witness Montgomery and the defendant Miller. none of the ^{other} defendants were present - saw the note then and account of ~~the~~ plaintiff against Miller - that he looked over the figures made by them - found them right then was about \$114⁰⁰ due upon the note and account of plaintiff against Defendants and Miller.

And here the evidence closed on the part of the plaintiff and defendants

After arguments of Counsel
 11 the Court was asked to instruct the
 11 Jury on the part of the defendants as
 11 follows 1st. If the Jury believe from
 11 the evidence that the receipt offered
 11 in evidence was by the agreement
 11 of plaintiff and defendant Miller
 11 to apply on the note in question and
 11 that it was so applied and that
 11 such receipt satisfied in full the
 11 balance remaining due on the note
 11 then the plaintiff can not recover
 11 even though the Jury believe that

1 The defendant Miller afterwards agreed
 2 that such receipt or any part of it
 3 should apply on some other deal
 4 Existing between ~~them~~ Montgomery
 5 and Miller

2. "If the Jury believe
 1 from the evidence that the note
 2 was satisfied in full by payments
 3 and receipt then they are instructed
 4 that any afterward arrangement made
 5 by Miller by which such payments
 6 were to be differently applied and
 7 the indebtedness of the note received is
 8 not binding upon the defendant Donnelly
 9 if the Jury further believe that the
 10 Plaintiff knew that Donnelly signed the
 11 note as security unless the Jury
 12 believe that Miller had authority
 13 for the other defendants to so change
 14 the application of the payment if
 15 any were made

3. The Jury are instructed that
 1 the mere fact that the receipt
 2 and one of the endorsements on
 3 the note bear the same date is not
 4 evidence sufficient of itself to warrant
 5 the Jury in finding that the receipt
 6 and endorsements are one and the
 7 same payment.

" 4th. That any agreement made by
 " and between the defendant Milles
 " and the Plaintiff or his agent in
 " regard to the amount due upon the
 " note is not binding upon the defend-
 " ant Donnelly unless the Jury believe
 " from the evidence that Donnelly agreed
 " to the same, if they also believe from
 " the evidence that the Plaintiff knew,
 " that Donnelly signed the note as security
 " for the other defendants."

Which instructions marked
 1st. 2^d. 3^d. and 4th. the Court refused
 to give to the refusal, of the Court to give
 the said instructions he asked as aforesaid
 the defendants by their counsel then
 and thus excepted

The Jury then retired and
 returned a verdict in favor of the
 plaintiff #

Thereupon the defendants
 by their counsel then and there made
 a motion for a new trial for the
 following reasons viz 1st because the
 Court allowed the deposition of
 Archibald P. Montgomery to be read
 to the Jury and overruling the objections
 to said depositions

2^d. Because the Court refused to give the said instructions to the jury

3^d. Because the verdict, was contrary to the law & the evidence, which motion for a new trial the Court over-ruled, and caused a judgement to be entered on the verdict so found by the jury. To the decision of the Court in overruling said motion the said defendants by their counsel then and there accepted.

And the said defendant prays that this their Bill of Exceptions may be signed and sealed and made a part of the record in this cause which is done

Isaac G. Wilson (Seal)

It is hereby agreed by the counsel in this cause as well on the part of the Defts as on the part of the Plff. that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the proceedings in said cause

(Endorsed)

Held June 20. 1864

Willard & Slawson
Attys for Defendant

G. H. Kupperman, U.S. Judge

Attys. for Plff.

State of Illinois }
McHenry County }
G. J. George D. Kupperman
Clerk of the Circuit
Court in and for said County in the

George A Miller
Feb 21 92

William Montgomery
Transcript of Recd



State of Vermont do hereby certify that
the above foregoing is a true and
complete copy of the Recd of the
Court in a cause wherein William
Montgomery is the Plaintiff and
George A. Miller, Charles Miller,
James Barber, Joseph Wright and
John Smalley, defendants are opposers
by diligent examination thereof.

In Witness whereof I have
hereunto set my hand and
the seal of said Court at
Windsor this 10th day
of February 1892
Geo. D. Johnson Clerk

~~Filed March 2 1890~~
~~L. L. Leland~~
~~clerk~~

George A. Miller et al }
vs }
William Montgomery }

And now comes the
said Plaintiff in error by
Glover, Cook & Campbell their
Attornies and say that in the
Record of proceedings afor said
and in the rendering of judgment
afor said in manner afor
afor said there is manifest error
in this Court

1st The Court erred in permit-
ting the interrogatories, of the dep-
osition of Archibald Z. Montgomery,
numbered four (4), five (5), six (6),
seven (7) and eight (8) and the
respective answers thereto and
each of them to be read in
evidence to the Jury -

2^d The Court erred in refusing to
give the 1st Instruction asked
by Defendants

37 3^d The Court erred in refusing to

give the 2^d - Instruction asked for by defendants

4th - The Court erred in refusing to give the 3^d Instruction asked for by defendants

5th - The Court erred in refusing to give the 4th Instruction asked for by defendants

7th - The court erred in rendering judgment aforesaid in manner of form aforesaid

8th - The Court erred in overruling the motion for a new trial

Glenn Cooky
& Campbell Chap
for said defendants

In Muller et al

F. S. S. Church
appellants

Supreme court }
April term 1861 }

Muller et al } Plffs in error

Montgomery } and the said

of 1. 21 70

~~Dependently of H. S. K. ...
all things and see, ...
is no ... in the ...
... and ... in the ...
... above ...~~

~~H. S. K.
...~~

~~George~~ ¹⁴ ²²
George A Miller
was
37

William Montgomery

Record -

Filed May 23, 1860
L. Seland
clerk

SUPREME COURT OF ILLINOIS,

THIRD GRAND DIVISION,

APRIL TERM THEREOF, A. D. 1862.

GEORGE A. MILLER *et al.* }
vs. } *Appeal from McHenry.*
WILLIAM MONTGOMERY. }

ABSTRACT OF THE RECORD.

- 4 This was an action of assumpsit on a note. Declaration filed December 12th, A. D. 1857. First count on note, which is as follows:

“We jointly and severally promise to pay Wm. Montgomery, or order, the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars by the first day of November next, at 10 per cent. interest.

G. A. MILLER,
WRIGHT, HARPER & WRIGHT,
JOHN DONNELLY.”

- 7 Common counts were filed.

- 4 The suit was brought against George A. Miller, Charles Wright, James Harper, Joseph Wright, and John Donnelly.

Service of process only upon John Donnelly and Joseph Wright—George Miller excepting service; Charles Wright and James Harper not found.

The declaration does not allege that any of the makers of the note were partners, but alleges that defendants executed a note by the name, style, and description of G. A. Miller, Wright, Harper & Wright, John Donnelly.

- 8 First plea, payment of two hundred and twenty-five dollars.
- 9 Second plea, set off for money owing by plaintiff to defendants.
- 10 Third plea, general issue.
- 12 Replication to second and third pleas, being a general traverse of the same, and issue jointly.
- 20 Trial, and verdict for plaintiff, \$140 41.

23 *Bill of Exceptions.*

Plaintiff read in evidence the note copied above, upon which credits were endorsed as follows: December 6th, \$112 60, March 20th, 1857, \$43 60. Plaintiff's rested.

- 24 Defendants called A. W. Tappan, who testified that he wrote the receipt shown him, which was as follows:

"WOODSTOCK, Dec. 6th., 1856.

"Received of G. A. Miller one hundred and seventy-five dollars to apply on brick for the Hartford church.

<p>"A. W. TAPPAN, Witness.</p>	<p>his WM. MONTGOMERY." mark.</p>
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That he signed the same as a witness; that at the time of the execution of said receipt he was present, and counted the money for which it was given; that he saw that sum at that time paid to the plaintiff by the defendant, Miller; Miller told the plaintiff at that time that he wanted the money for which the receipt was given applied upon the note on which the defendant, Donnelly, was security, to which the plaintiff agreed.

- 26 Defendants called A. W. Tappan, who testified that he was present when the above receipt was given, and Miller at that time paid plaintiff \$175 00; that at that time it was agreed between plaintiff and defendant, Miller, in presence of witness, that the whole amount of said \$175 00 was to be endorsed upon a note of \$250 00 given to the plaintiff by G. A. Miller, Wright, Harper & Wright, and John Donnelly.

Cross Examination. Plaintiff wanted defendant, Miller, to allow him to apply a portion of the money then paid, upon an individual debt that he, plaintiff, held against Miller, which Miller refused to do before the money was paid, stating as a reason that he wanted to see a note of \$250, on which John Donnelly was security, paid first; the receipt was then written by witness, A. W. Tappen. I told Tappen in presence of the

26 parties, that the receipt was too indefinite to cut off the note for that amount, because the note was not described even if the note was given for the brick for the Hartford church; Montgomery replied that it did not make any difference; that the note was at home, and as soon as he got there he would endorse the \$175 on it.

27 James Deacon testifies as follows: Was present when defendant, Donnelly, signed the note in suit; the note was made by defendants, Miller, Wright, Harper and Wright, for brick to build the Hartford church; Donnelly signed the note as security; the plaintiff refused to take it unless it was signed as security.

28 Defendants rested.

Defendants offered the deposition of Archibald D. Montgomery who testifies as follows: I am acquainted with the parties of the suit; I was present at a settlement between plaintiff and George A. Miller.

The following interrogatories and answers were objected to by defendants:

20 Int. 4th. State what was said between the parties at that time.

Ans. Mr. Miller and witness figured up what was due on the note and account of Miller to plaintiff, and the note shown to witness, marked A, is the note referred to at said settlement.

Int. 5th. What was agreed as to the amount due on the note at the time of settlement?

Ans. There was about ninety odd dollars due on the note at that time as appears by the note as endorsement.

Int. 6th. When was this conversation?

Ans. August 3d, 1857.

Int. 7th. State whether Miller was in company in creating said indebtedness.

Ans. Heard Miller say he was.

Int. 9th. State whether there was an account between defendant, Miller, and plaintiff beside the note.

Ans. There was.

To each of which interrogatories and answers the defendant objected. The Court overruled the objection and permitted the same to be read; to which decision of the Court the defendants then and there excepted.

30 The witness testified further as follows: At the time of the last endorsement on the back of the note, Miller said a part was to be applied on the note, a part on the account; it was so applied; don't recollect how much; I have heard plaintiff say that Donnelly signed the note for the other defendants as security; I am the son of the plaintiff; the brick for which the note was given were used to build a Catholic church in Hartford.

32 T. F. Sherman testified that he heard a conversation between defendant, Miller, and plaintiff, Montgomery; none of the other defendants were present; saw the note and the account of plaintiff against Miller; that he looked over the figures made by them, and found them right; there was about \$114 due upon the note and account.

This was all the evidence.

The Court was asked to instruct the jury on the part of the defendants as follows:

1st. If the jury believe from the evidence that the receipt offered in evidence was by the plaintiff and defendant, Miller, to apply on the note in question, then that it was so applied and that such receipt satisfied in full the balance remaining due on the note, then the plaintiff cannot recover even though the jury believe that the defendant, Miller, afterwards agreed that such receipt or any part of it should apply on any other deal existing between Montgomery and Miller.

33 2d. If the jury believe it from the evidence that the note was satisfied in full by payments and receipt, then they are instructed that any afterward arrangement made by Miller by which such payments were to be differently applied and the indebtedness of the note revived, is not binding on the defendant, Donnelly, if the jury further believe that the plaintiff knew that Donnelly signed the note as security, unless the jury believe that Miller had authority for the other defendants to so change the application of the payments if any were made.

3d. The jury are instructed that the mere fact that the receipt and one of the endorsements on the note bear the same date, is not evidence sufficient of itself to warrant the jury in finding that the receipt and endorsement are one and the same payment.

34 4th. That any agreement made by and between the defendant, Miller, and the plaintiff or his agent, in regard to the amount due upon the note, is not binding upon the defendant,

- 34 Donnelly, unless the jury believe from the evidence that Donnelly assented to the same; if they also believe from the evidence that the plaintiff knew that Donnelly signed the note as security for the other defendants.

The Court refused each of such instructions, to which decision the defendant then and there excepted.

The jury found for the plaintiff \$104 21.

- 35 Defendants moved for a new trial; the Court overruled the motion, and the defendants then and there excepted.

ERRORS ASSIGNED.

- 37 1st. The Court erred in permitting the interrogatories of the deposition of Archibald D. Montgomery, No. 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, and the respective answers thereto, to be read in evidence.
- 2d. The Court erred in refusing to give each of the several instructions asked by defendants.
- 3d. The Court overruled the motion for a new trial.

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES FOR APPELLANT.

The evidence did not sustain the declaration; there was no proof that the defendants, by the name, style and description of G. A. Miller, Wright, Harper & Wright, John Donnelly, executed the note sued on.

Woodworth vs. Fuller, 24 Ill., 109.

2d. The proof shows that John Donnelly signed the note as security for the other defendants. There was no question of partnership in the case; it was claimed by Donnelly that the note was fully paid on the 20th of March, 1857, and evidence tending to prove that fact was offered. It was certainly not competent to rebut that proof by the admissions of Miller alone,

made on the 3d of August, 1857, and consequently the interrogatories and answers objected to in the deposition were not competent testimony.

The interest of defendant, Miller, at the time the admission was made, was clearly to have the payment applied on his individual debt to plaintiff, rather than on the debt for which he was liable jointly with the other defendants. None of the defendants signed as security but Donnelly.

But the question distinctly presented by the instructions is this: if the note had been fully paid by Miller, could Miller, by a subsequent arrangement with plaintiff, change the payment which had been made upon the note, and apply it to his individual indebtedness to the plaintiff so as to revive the note against its security? We insist that he could not, because the note was extinguished by the payment.

The evidence tended to show that at the time of the payment of the \$175, that the payment was made upon this note; Miller had the right so to apply the payment at the time.

Burge on Suretyship, 123.

If the \$175 00 is to be allowed as a payment upon that note, then this cannot in any way be sustained.

A different rule from the one we contend for would place a surety always in the power of his principal; nor could any payment by the principal at any time assure him permanent release from his liability.

GLOVER, COOK & CAMPBELL,
For Appellant.

22 ~~27~~ 430
Miller et al

vs
Mon Gwynne

Abstract

Points

competent testimony.
Expenses and arrears objected to
made on the 21 of August 1841.

The interest of defendant Miller at the time the acquisition
was made, was clearly to have the payment applied on his high-
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Filed May 30. 1842
J. L. Rice
clerk

SUPREME COURT OF ILLINOIS,

THIRD GRAND DIVISION,

APRIL TERM THEREOF, A. D. 1862.

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vs. } *Appeal from McHenry.*
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WRIGHT, HARPER & WRIGHT,
JOHN DONNELLY.”

7 Common counts were filed.

4 The suit was brought against George A. Miller, Charles Wright, James Harper, Joseph Wright, and John Donnelly.

Service of process only upon John Donnelly and Joseph Wright—George Miller excepting service; Charles Wright and James Harper not found.

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- 9 Second plea, set off for money owing by plaintiff to defendants.
- 10 Third plea, general issue.
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- 20 Trial, and verdict for plaintiff, \$140 41.

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"WOODSTOCK, Dec. 6th., 1856.

"Received of G. A. Miller one hundred and seventy-five dollars to apply on brick for the Hartford church.

	his
"A. W. TAPPAN,	WM. MONTGOMERY."
Witness.	mark.

That he signed the same as a witness; that at the time of the execution of said receipt he was present, and counted the money for which it was given; that he saw that sum at that time paid to the plaintiff by the defendant, Miller; Miller told the plaintiff at that time that he wanted the money for which the receipt was given applied upon the note on which the defendant, Donnelly, was security, to which the plaintiff agreed.

- 26 Defendants called A. W. Tappan, who testified that he was present when the above receipt was given, and Miller at that time paid plaintiff \$175 00; that at that time it was agreed between plaintiff and defendant, Miller, in presence of witness, that the whole amount of said \$175 00 was to be endorsed upon a note of \$250 00 given to the plaintiff by G. A. Miller, Wright, Harper & Wright, and John Donnelly.

Cross Examination. Plaintiff wanted defendant, Miller, to allow him to apply a portion of the money then paid, upon an individual debt that he, plaintiff, held against Miller, which Miller refused to do before the money was paid, stating as a reason that he wanted to see a note of \$250, on which John Donnelly was security, paid first; the receipt was then written by witness, A. W. Tappan. I told Tappan in presence of the

26 parties, that the receipt was too indefinite to cut off the note for that amount, because the note was not described even if the note was given for the brick for the Hartford church; Montgomery replied that it did not make any difference; that the note was at home, and as soon as he got there he would endorse the \$175 on it.

27 James Deacon testifies as follows: Was present when defendant, Donnelly, signed the note in suit; the note was made by defendants, Miller, Wright, Harper and Wright, for brick to build the Hartford church; Donnelly signed the note as security; the plaintiff refused to take it unless it was signed as security.

28 Defendants rested.

Defendants offered the deposition of Archibald D. Montgomery who testifies as follows: I am acquainted with the parties of the suit; I was present at a settlement between plaintiff and George A. Miller.

The following interrogatories and answers were objected to by defendants:

20 Int. 4th. State what was said between the parties at that time.
 Ans. Mr. Miller and witness figured up what was due on the note and account of Miller to plaintiff, and the note shown to witness, marked A, is the note referred to at said settlement.

Int. 5th. What was agreed as to the amount due on the note at the time of settlement?

Ans. There was about ninety odd dollars due on the note at that time as appears by the note as endorsement.

Int. 6th. When was this conversation?

Ans. August 3d, 1857.

Int. 7th. State whether Miller was in company in creating said indebtedness.

Ans. Heard Miller say he was.

Int. 9th. State whether there was an account between defendant, Miller, and plaintiff beside the note.

Ans. There was.

To each of which interrogatories and answers the defendant objected. The Court overruled the objection and permitted the same to be read; to which decision of the Court the defendants then and there excepted.

30 The witness testified further as follows: At the time of the last endorsement on the back of the note, Miller said a part was to be applied on the note, a part on the account; it was so applied; don't recollect how much; I have heard plaintiff say that Donnelly signed the note for the other defendants as security; I am the son of the plaintiff; the brick for which the note was given were used to build a Catholic church in Hartford.

32 T. F. Sherman testified that he heard a conversation between defendant, Miller, and plaintiff, Montgomery; none of the other defendants were present; saw the note and the account of plaintiff against Miller; that he looked over the figures made by them, and found them right; there was about \$114 due upon the note and account.

This was all the evidence.

The Court was asked to instruct the jury on the part of the defendants as follows:

1st. If the jury believe from the evidence that the receipt offered in evidence was by the plaintiff and defendant, Miller, to apply on the note in question, then that it was so applied and that such receipt satisfied in full the balance remaining due on the note, then the plaintiff cannot recover even though the jury believe that the defendant, Miller, afterwards agreed that such receipt or any part of it should apply on any other deal existing between Montgomery and Miller.

33 2d. If the jury believe it from the evidence that the note was satisfied in full by payments and receipt, then they are instructed that any afterward arrangement made by Miller by which such payments were to be differently applied and the indebtedness of the note revived, is not binding on the defendant, Donnelly, if the jury further believe that the plaintiff knew that Donnelly signed the note as security, unless the jury believe that Miller had authority for the other defendants to so change the application of the payments if any were made.

3d. The jury are instructed that the mere fact that the receipt and one of the endorsements on the note bear the same date, is not evidence sufficient of itself to warrant the jury in finding that the receipt and endorsement are one and the same payment.

34 4th. That any agreement made by and between the defendant, Miller, and the plaintiff or his agent, in regard to the amount due upon the note, is not binding upon the defendant,

- 34 Donnelly, unless the jury believe from the evidence that Donnelly assented to the same; if they also believe from the evidence that the plaintiff knew that Donnelly signed the note as security for the other defendants.

The Court refused each of such instructions, to which decision the defendant then and there excepted.

The jury found for the plaintiff \$104 21.

- 35 Defendants moved for a new trial; the Court overruled the motion, and the defendants then and there excepted.

ERRORS ASSIGNED.

- 37 1st. The Court erred in permitting the interrogatories of the deposition of Archibald D. Montgomery, No. 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, and the respective answers thereto, to be read in evidence.
- 2d. The Court erred in refusing to give each of the several instructions asked by defendants.
- 3d. The Court overruled the motion for a new trial.

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES FOR APPELLANT.

The evidence did not sustain the declaration; there was no proof that the defendants, by the name, style and description of G. A. Miller, Wright, Harper & Wright, John Donnelly, executed the note sued on.

Woodworth vs. Fuller, 24 Ill., 109.

2d. The proof shows that John Donnelly signed the note as security for the other defendants. There was no question of partnership in the case; it was claimed by Donnelly that the note was fully paid on the 20th of March, 1857, and evidence tending to prove that fact was offered. It was certainly not competent to rebut that proof by the admissions of Miller alone,

made on the 3d of August, 1857, and consequently the interrogatories and answers objected to in the deposition were not competent testimony.

The interest of defendant, Miller, at the time the admission was made, was clearly to have the payment applied on his individual debt to plaintiff, rather than on the debt for which he was liable jointly with the other defendants. None of the defendants signed as security but Donnelly.

But the question distinctly presented by the instructions is this: if the note had been fully paid by Miller, could Miller, by a subsequent arrangement with plaintiff, change the payment which had been made upon the note, and apply it to his individual indebtedness to the plaintiff so as to revive the note against its security? We insist that he could not, because the note was extinguished by the payment.

The evidence tended to show that at the time of the payment of the \$175, that the payment was made upon this note; Miller had the right so to apply the payment at the time.

Burge on Suretyship, 123.

If the \$175 00 is to be allowed as a payment upon that note, then this cannot in any way be sustained.

A different rule from the one we contend for would place a surety always in the power of his principal; nor could any payment by the principal at any time assure him permanent release from his liability.

GLOVER, COOK & CAMPBELL,
For Appellant.

In Supreme Court

George A. Miller
Et al. Appellants

William Montgomery
Appellee

} Appeal from Missouri

J. H. Slavin being first duly sworn on oath says that he is one of the Attornies who tried the above entitled Cause for the defendants in the Court below. That M. S. Joelyn was the Atty. of said Montgomery. That this affiant at the time the Appeal was prayed for and allowed in said Court below made an agreement with the said Atty. of said Montgomery. M. S. Joelyn that the bill of exceptions in said Cause might be filed at any time before the same would be needed on the hearing of said Cause in the Supreme Court. And that no exception should be taken to said bill of exceptions by reason of the same not being filed in time. That the time for filing the same was by agreement between this affiant and the Attorney of said Montgomery extended until the time the same was filed.

Attest and Subscribed }
Before me this 26th day of } J. H. Slavin
April A.D. 1862 }
C. H. Vayle Clerk

The statement made in the within
affidavit is correct. the agreement
therein mentioned in relation to the
filing & preparing of the bill of capture
having been made with me as therein
stated. Also that I made said agreement
with said J. H. Martin while acting as
the attorney of said Montgomery
Woodstock April 28th 1862

W. L. Fisher

3722

Miller & Montgomery

A. D. D.

resist motion

Filed April 30. 1862

D. V. Belmont

clerk.

Supreme Court of Illinois 3^d Term

April Term 1862

William Montgomery

Def't in Error

att

John Deamally

et al Plffs in Error

vs et al M. Henry

And now comes the Defendant in Error by counsel & Mandate his attys and moves the court to strike the bill of exceptions out of the record filed in this case for the following reasons

- 1 The record does not show that the bill of Exceptions was signed on the trial nor even during the term of the court at which the trial was had
- 2 The trial was at the March Term 1859 and the bill of exceptions was not filed until the 20th January 1860

L Schuch 7
Mandate

att'f. Def't in Error

Apr 27 22

Wells & al

vs

Montgomery

Memo. to quash bill of
exceptions

Filed Apr. 28. 1862

J. Beland
Clerk.

John Donnelly et al }
vs } Error to McHenry
William Montgomery }

Now the said Plaintiff in Error would suggest to the Court in opposition to the motion to strike out from the Record the Bill of Exceptions in said Cause the following

- 1 There has been no service in said Cause & said Def^{ns} ought not to be considered at the present term of this Court
- 2 The record page 18 shows that the Cause was tried upon the 1st day of April AD 1859 - And the Bill of Exceptions page ~~and record~~ appears to have been prepared the same day as it begins with the words
"And now on this first day of April AD 1859 - being one of the days of the March Term AD 1859 of said Court for the year 1859 - the following proceedings were had"
There is set forth the Evidence

page 35

Instructions & Exceptions thereto &
closing with the following words
"And the said Deft. does pray
that this his Bill by Exceptions
may be signed and sealed and
made a part of the record in this
Cause which is done

Isaac Wilson (Seal)

So that the signing appears also
to have been done upon that
day the very day of the trial

We are informed that the delay
in filing was caused by the fact
that the judge retained said
Bill in his possession up to or
about the time of filing & on
Friday last we wrote to J.
H. Davin who was attorney
for Deft's below for affidavits
with regard to the facts &
would ask the Court to de-
fer their decision in said Cause
until we can procure the said
affidavits

3

The Court will further observe
on page 35. of Record that the
attornies of both Plaintiff & de-
fendants agreed in writing
that the Bill of Exceptions as
signed "was a true & correct
Statement of the proceedings in
said Cause" So that no
injustice can be done to ei-
ther party by the delay in filing

Howe Book Campbell
for Pltff in Error

Miller 22
Montgomery } 37-

Suggestions for
P. H. W. L. in
opposition to motion
to strike Bill of Ex-
ceptions from the
files -

SUPREME COURT OF ILLINOIS,

THIRD GRAND DIVISION,

APRIL TERM THEREOF, A. D. 1862.

GEORGE A. MILLER *et al.* }
vs. } *Appeal from McHenry.*
WILLIAM MONTGOMERY. }

ABSTRACT OF THE RECORD.

- 4 This was an action of assumpsit on a note. Declaration filed December 12th, A. D. 1857. First count on note, which is as follows:

“We jointly and severally promise to pay Wm. Montgomery, or order, the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars by the first day of November next, at 10 per cent. interest.

G. A. MILLER,
WRIGHT, HARPER & WRIGHT,
JOHN DONNELLY.”

- 7 Common counts were filed.

- 4 The suit was brought against George A. Miller, Charles Wright, James Harper, Joseph Wright, and John Donnelly.

Service of process only upon John Donnelly and Joseph Wright—George Miller excepting service; Charles Wright and James Harper not found.

The declaration does not allege that any of the makers of the note were partners, but alleges that defendants executed a note by the name, style, and description of G. A. Miller, Wright, Harper & Wright, John Donnelly.

- 8 First plea, payment of two hundred and twenty-five dollars.
- 9 Second plea, set off for money owing by plaintiff to defendants.
- 10 Third plea, general issue.
- 12 Replication to second and third pleas, being a general traverse of the same, and issue jointly.
- 20 Trial, and verdict for plaintiff, \$140 41.

23 *Bill of Exceptions.*

Plaintiff read in evidence the note copied above, upon which credits were endorsed as follows: December 6th, \$112 60, March 20th, 1857, \$43 60. Plaintiff's rested.

- 24 Defendants called A. W. Tappan, who testified that he wrote the receipt shown him, which was as follows:

"WOODSTOCK, Dec. 6th., 1856.

"Received of G. A. Miller one hundred and seventy-five dollars to apply on brick for the Hartford church.

"A. W. TAPPAN,	his
Witness.	WM. ✕ MONTGOMERY."
	mark.

That he signed the same as a witness; that at the time of the execution of said receipt he was present, and counted the money for which it was given; that he saw that sum at that time paid to the plaintiff by the defendant, Miller; Miller told the plaintiff at that time that he wanted the money for which the receipt was given applied upon the note on which the defendant, Donnelly, was security, to which the plaintiff agreed.

- 26 Defendants called A. W. Tappan, who testified that he was present when the above receipt was given, and Miller at that time paid plaintiff \$175 00; that at that time it was agreed between plaintiff and defendant, Miller, in presence of witness, that the whole amount of said \$175 00 was to be endorsed upon a note of \$250 00 given to the plaintiff by G. A. Miller, Wright, Harper & Wright, and John Donnelly.

Cross Examination. Plaintiff wanted defendant, Miller, to allow him to apply a portion of the money then paid, upon an individual debt that he, plaintiff, held against Miller, which Miller refused to do before the money was paid, stating as a reason that he wanted to see a note of \$250, on which John Donnelly was security, paid first; the receipt was then written by witness, A. W. Tappan. I told Tappan in presence of the

26 parties, that the receipt was too indefinite to cut off the note for that amount, because the note was not described even if the note was given for the brick for the Hartford church; Montgomery replied that it did not make any difference; that the note was at home, and as soon as he got there he would endorse the \$175 on it.

27 James Deacon testifies as follows: Was present when defendant, Donnelly, signed the note in suit; the note was made by defendants, Miller, Wright, Harper and Wright, for brick to build the Hartford church; Donnelly signed the note as security; the plaintiff refused to take it unless it was signed as security.

28 Defendants rested.

Defendants offered the deposition of Archibald D. Montgomery who testifies as follows: I am acquainted with the parties of the suit; I was present at a settlement between plaintiff and George A. Miller.

The following interrogatories and answers were objected to by defendants:

20 Int. 4th. State what was said between the parties at that time.

Ans. Mr. Miller and witness figured up what was due on the note and account of Miller to plaintiff, and the note shown to witness, marked A, is the note referred to at said settlement.

Int. 5th. What was agreed as to the amount due on the note at the time of settlement?

Ans. There was about ninety odd dollars due on the note at that time as appears by the note as endorsement.

Int. 6th. When was this conversation?

Ans. August 3d, 1857.

Int. 7th. State whether Miller was in company in creating said indebtedness.

Ans. Heard Miller say he was.

Int. 9th. State whether there was an account between defendant, Miller, and plaintiff beside the note.

Ans. There was.

To each of which interrogatories and answers the defendant objected. The Court overruled the objection and permitted the same to be read; to which decision of the Court the defendants then and there excepted.

30 The witness testified further as follows: At the time of the last endorsement on the back of the note, Miller said a part was to be applied on the note, a part on the account; it was so applied; don't recollect how much; I have heard plaintiff say that Donnelly signed the note for the other defendants as security; I am the son of the plaintiff; the brick for which the note was given were used to build a Catholic church in Hartford.

32 T. F. Sherman testified that he heard a conversation between defendant, Miller, and plaintiff, Montgomery; none of the other defendants were present; saw the note and the account of plaintiff against Miller; that he looked over the figures made by them, and found them right; there was about \$114 due upon the note and account.

This was all the evidence.

- 34 Donnelly, unless the jury believe from the evidence that Donnelly assented to the same; if they also believe from the evidence that the plaintiff knew that Donnelly signed the note as security for the other defendants.

The Court refused each of such instructions, to which decision the defendant then and there excepted.

The jury found for the plaintiff \$104 21.

- 35 Defendants moved for a new trial; the Court overruled the motion, and the defendants then and there excepted.

ERRORS ASSIGNED.

- 37 1st. The Court erred in permitting the interrogatories of the deposition of Archibald D. Montgomery, No. 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, and the respective answers thereto, to be read in evidence.

2d. The Court erred in refusing to give each of the several instructions asked by defendants.

3d. The Court overruled the motion for a new trial.

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES FOR APPELLANT.

The evidence did not sustain the declaration; there was no proof that the defendants, by the name, style and description of G. A. Miller, Wright, Harper & Wright, John Donnelly, executed the note sued on.

Woodworth vs. Fuller, 24 Ill., 109.

2d. The proof shows that John Donnelly signed the note as security for the other defendants. There was no question of partnership in the case; it was claimed by Donnelly that the note was fully paid on the 20th of March, 1857, and evidence tending to prove that fact was offered. It was certainly not competent to rebut that proof by the admissions of Miller alone,

made on the 3d of August, 1857, and consequently the interrogatories and answers objected to in the deposition were not competent testimony.

The interest of defendant, Miller, at the time the admission was made, was clearly to have the payment applied on his individual debt to plaintiff, rather than on the debt for which he was liable jointly with the other defendants. None of the defendants signed as security but Donnelly.

But the question distinctly presented by the instructions is this: if the note had been fully paid by Miller, could Miller, by a subsequent arrangement with plaintiff, change the payment which had been made upon the note, and apply it to his individual indebtedness to the plaintiff so as to revive the note against its security? We insist that he could not, because the note was extinguished by the payment.

The evidence tended to show that at the time of the payment of the \$175, that the payment was made upon this note; Miller had the right so to apply the payment at the time.

Burge on Suretyship, 123.

If the \$175 00 is to be allowed as a payment upon that note, then this cannot in any way be sustained.

A different rule from the one we contend for would place a surety always in the power of his principal; nor could any payment by the principal at any time assure him permanent release from his liability.

GLOVER, COOK & CAMPBELL,
For Appellant.

22 ~~330~~
Miller v. al

vs
Montgomery

Abstract

Points

Filed May 8, 1862

J. Leland
Clerk

[Faint, mostly illegible text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page. Some words like "The interest of defendant" and "The plaintiff" are faintly visible.]

[Faint, mostly illegible text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page. Some words like "The plaintiff" and "The defendant" are faintly visible.]

JOHN W. COOK & COMPANY
Printers

Supreme Court April Term 1862.

George T Miller

v

appeal from Kane County

William Montgomery

The judgment heretofore entered
in this cause at the term aforesaid dismissing
said appeal because abstracts had not
been filed in said cause is hereby revoked
and said cause is reinstated on the
docket, it now appearing that the abstracts
had been filed in the cause but were
mistakenly

June 11. 1862

J. J. Catton
P. H. Walker
"

Sidney Reese

Judge Catton wishes you to sign the
above & enclose it to him by mail

P. H. Walker
"

22~~3~~

George A. Miller

in

Wm Montgomery

Order

Filed June 27, 1862

S. Leland

CR

101 Supreme Court of Illinois
April Term 1861

George A. Millers et al }
vs } error to ^{Mc} Henry
William Montgomery }

- This was an action of assumpsit
on a note
- 4 Declaration in usual form
 - 7 with copy of note & account
 8. 2^a Plea payment of \$225
 - 9 3^a Plea Set off of money owing
by Pettr to Deft
 - 10 6th Plea General Issue
& Joinder to same
 - 12 Replication to 2^a & 3^a Pleas
denying the same & joinder
 19. Trial and verdict for Plaintiff
\$104²¹
 20. Motion for new trial overruled &
excepted to
 - 23 Bill of Exceptions
Plaintiff read in evidence the
note issued on, for \$250, payable

24 November 1st 1856. with 10. per cent
with the following Endorsements
December 6th 56 \$112.50
March 20th 57 - \$43⁶⁰
which was also read Pltff vs
his Case

The Defendants called
A. W. Tappan who testified that he
wrote the receipt shown him & which
was as follows

Woodstock Dec 6th 1856 -

Received of G. Miller one hundred
and seventy five Dollars to apply
on account of brick for the Hartford
church
W^m Montgomery
mark

A. W. Tappan
witness

25 that he signed the same
as a witness at the time of its exe-
cution & saw the money paid
Miller at the time told Plaintiff
that he wanted the money applied
on the note on which Deft Downey
was security & the plaintiff agreed to it -

26 Receipt read to the jury

James H. Tappan's evidence entirely
corroborates that of A. W. Tappan in re-
gard to the payment of said \$175⁰⁰

27. and further that witness in presence of Montgomery & Miller told A.W. Tappan that the receipt was too general even though the note was given ^{for brick} for the Hartford Church to which Montgomery replied that it didnt make any difference that the note was at home as soon as he got home he would credit the \$175 on it

James Deacon stated

that he was present when Donnelly signed the note in question it was made by Deft for Brick to build the Hartford Church & that Donnelly signed it as security

28 Deft's witness Plaintiff introduced the Deposition of Archibald J. Montgomery.

2^d - was present at a Settlement between Plaintiff & George A. Miller

29 - Duty 4. State what was price between the parties at that time

Ans. " Mr Miller & witness figured up what was due on the note and account of Miller to Petf. and the note shown to witness marked "A" is the note referred to at the time of such settlement

5th July. What was agreed as to the amount due on the note at the time of settlement

Ans. " There was about Ninety odd dollars due on the note at that time as appears by the note and endorsement.

6th July. When was this conversation?

Ans. " August 3rd 1837.

~~7th July. State whether there was an account between defendant Miller & plaintiff beside the note~~

~~Ans. " There was~~

July 7th. State whether Miller was in company in creating such indebtedness

Ans. " Heard Miller say. He was

July 8th. State whether there was an account between defendant Miller and plaintiff beside the note?

Ans. There was.

P. 30. July 9th. State whether at the time of the last endorsement on the back of the note there was any amount paid by Miller on the account between him and the plaintiff?

Ans. " Miller paid a part was to be applied on the note and a part on the account.

July 10th. Was a part applied on the note and a part on the account by Peck?

Ans. It was. Don't recollect how much.

Cross Interrogatories

No. 1 Were you present when the brick for which this note was given was contracted for & if so, who made the contract.

Ans. I was not present-

Mr. 2 How do you recollect it was the 3^d of August.

Ans. I know by an entry in the book I kept

P. 31
Mr 3 Had the defendant - Donnelly anything to do in purchasing the brick, or do you know from what the Plaintiff has told you as to how Donnelly signed the note

Ans. I have heard the Plaintiff say that Donnelly signed the note for the other defendants as security

Mr 4 Are you a son of the Plaintiff

Ans. Yes.

Mr 5 Do you (know) where the brick for which the note was given were used

Ans. To build a Catholic Church in Hartland. I delivered the brick and dressed a part myself

To the reading of Interrogatories
& answers thereto of numbers. four.
five, six, seven, & eight, the
deft. objected.

Court overruled the objections.
deft. excepted.

P 32

The following Instructions were
offered on part of Deft.

1st If the jury believe from the
evidence that the receipt offered
in evidence was by the agreement
of plaintiff & defendant Miller
to apply on the note in question
& that it was so applied & that
such receipt satisfied in full
the balance remaining due on
the note then the plaintiff can-
not recover even though the
jury believe that the deft.
Miller afterwards agreed that
such receipt on any part of it
should apply on some other
deal existing between Mont-
gomery & Miller

33

2^d If the jury believe from
the evidence that the note was

satisfied in full by payments
& receipts then they are instructed
that any afterward arrangement
made by Miller by which such
payments were to be differently
applied & the indebtedness of
the note ~~reversed~~ revived is
not binding upon the Deft.
Lonely, if the jury further
believe that the plaintiff
knew that Lonely signed the
note as security unless the jury
believe that Miller had au-
thority for the other defendants
to so change the application
of the payment if any were made

3^d The jury are instructed that
the mere fact that the receipt
and one of the endorsements on
the note bear the same date is
not evidence sufficient of
itself to warrant the jury in
finding that the receipt and
endorsements are one and the
same payment

4th. That any agreement made
by and between the defendant

Miller and the Plaintiff or his agent in regard to the amount due upon the note is not binding upon the defendant-Lonely unless the jury believe from the evidence that Lonely assented to the same. if they also believe from the evidence that the Plaintiff knew that Lonely signed the note as security for the other defendants

The Court refused to give Instructions marked 1st, 2nd, 3rd & 4th

Def't; excepted

Jury returned a verdict in favor of Peoff. #

Motion by Def't. for new trial

35. Motion overruled.

Def't; excepted

P. 37 1st The Court erred in permitting the Interrogatories of the deposition of Archibald J. Montgomery numbered four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7) and eight (8) and the respective answers thereto and each of them to be read in evidence to the jury -

2nd The Court erred in refusing to give the 1st Instruction asked for by Defendants

38 3rd The Court erred in refusing to give the 2nd Instruction asked for by Defendants -

4th The Court erred in refusing to give the 3rd Instruction asked for by Defendants

5th The Court erred in refusing to give the 4th Instruction asked for by Defendants

6th The Court erred in overruling the motion for a new trial

7th The Court-erred in rendering
judgment-aforsaid in manner
& form aforsaid -

Glover Cook & Campbell
Atty for Defs.

George A Miller
El. ae
US

W^m Montgomery
Abstract
~~Receipt~~

No printed abstract filed
No money ever
deposited with the
bank to pay for
printing this abstract
No printed file