

12136

No. _____

Supreme Court of Illinois

Brennan, et al

vs.

People

71641  7

[1818-1]

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Kennebunk et al.

Pet. 10 P.D.

Recd

12136

Filed June 21. 1854.
Olcott Ck.

8481

United States of America
State of Illinois

Plead before the Hon Isaac G. Wilson Judge of
the thirteenth judicial circuit of the state of Illinois
at a term of the Kane County Circuit Court began
and held at the Court House in General in said
County on the 8th day of May in the year of
Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and fifty-four
Present the Hon ^{Isaac G. Wilson} ~~Robert~~ Judge
Mr. M. Boyer State attorney
Noah B. Spalding Sheriff

Attest-

J. Dearborn Clerk.

Be it remembered, that hereto goes to witness
on the 39th day of February A.D. 1854. The following Transcript
from the records of the LaSalle County Circuit Court was filed
in the office of the Kane County Circuit Court which is
in the words of figures following:

State of Illinois
LaSalle County P'leas before the Honorable Edwin L. Leland
presiding Judge of the ninth judicial circuit
of the state of Illinois at a term of the circuit court in or for
said LaSalle County commenced and held at the Court house
in Ottawa on Monday the fourteenth day of November A.D. 1853
the same being the second Monday in said Month of November
the Seventy Eighth year of American Independence.

Present The Honorable Edwin L. Leland Presiding Judge
Phil Lindsay Clerk
W. H. L. Wallace State Attorney
Richard Thom Sheriff

Lafalle Circuit Court. November Term 1853

Wednesday Decr 21

on Wednesday December 31st 1853. the same being
one of the days of said Term of said Court the following order
of Court appears of record to wit

It being suggested to the court by the
States Attorney that since the discharge of the grand jury. One
Albert Story has been murdered in this County and also that
the crime of forgery has been committed. On his motion it
is ordered by the Court that the Sheriff summons a jury of
twelve grand jurors to appear for the purpose of Enquiring
into & making true presentments as to such matters as shall be
given them in charge.

And afterwards to wit on the same day
the following further matters were entered of record viz'

This day the Sheriff returned unto
Court pursuant to the order heretofore made herein the following
named jurors as having been summoned as Grand Jurors to wit
William Reddick Gideon Tracy Thomas Mason E. Jordan
Patrick Nealyan John Young J. G. Butterfield George Pearce
William Baiger Reuben Drake Joseph Skinner William Park
George Cook Noah R. Smith Joseph Platt Ephriam Springael
Hopley Drury H. L. Thompson Artemus Lockwood R. D.
Lyman Moon Woodruff E. L. Waterman and George Churchill
who gave their attendance

Whereupon the court appoint William Reddick
foreman who together with the others in attendance are duly sworn
and charged as a Grand Jury in for the County to Enquire
into & true presentment make of such matters and things
as shall be given them in Charge. And thereupon said

Grand Jury return to consider of presentments and Indictments

Afterwards on Saturday Dec 24th 1853
the same being one of the days of said Term of Court the following further proceedings appears of record in said Circuit Court
that is to say

This day the Grand Jury return into open
Court the following bills of Indictment as true bills to wit:

(Among them there is the following)

The People vs

95 vs } Indictment for Murder

Kem Brennan

James Deney Patrick Durkin Owen O'Neil Martin Ryan
James Kennedy Phillip Shay John Ryan Michael Deney John
Murphy James Leonnell & Anthony Days

And on Friday December 30th 1853 the
same being one of the days of said Term of said Court the
following Order was entered of record in said Court viz

The People vs

95 vs } Indictment for Murder

Kem Brennan

James Deney Patrick Durkin Owen O'Neil Martin Ryan
James Kennedy Phillip Shay John Ryan Michael Deney
John Murphy James Leonnell & Anthony Days

This day comes the people by Wallen
their attorney and the defendants Kem Brennan James Deney
Patrick Durkin Owen O'Neil Martin Ryan John Ryan
Michael Deney John Murphy & James Leonnell in their own
proper person who are furnished by the Clerk of this Court with
Copies of the Indictment herein together with the list of the names

of the petit juries and a list of the names of the Peoples witness

Also on Tuesday January 3^d 1854 the same being
one of the days of said Term of said Court the following further
order appears of record in said cause No:

The People v.

Indictment for Murder

John Brennan

James Perry Patrick Dustin Owen O'Neil Martin Ryan
John Ryan Michael Perry John Murphy & James Connell
implied with James Kennedy Phillip Shay and Anthony Sayers

This day comes the defendants

John Brennan James Perry Patrick O'Neil Martin
Ryan John Ryan Michael Perry John Murphy and
James Connell each in their own proper person and enters
a motion to quash the Indictment herein which motion
is overruled by the court And the said Defendants being
dismayed of and concerning the premises how they may acquit
themselves herein each for himself says he is not guilty in
Manner & form as charged in the Indictment And said Defendants
declaring that they are not ready for trial It is ordered that
they be remanded to the common jail of this county

And afterwards to sit on Wednesday
January 4th A.D. 1854 the same being one of the days of said
Term of said circuit court the following further proceedings
appear of record in said cause Dmt

The People v.

Indictment for Murder

John Brennan

James Perry Patrick Dustin Owen O'Neil Martin Ryan
James Kennedy Phillip Shay John Ryan Michael Perry

John Murphy James Connell & Anthony says

This day again comes the People
by Wallen their attorney and the defendants Klem Brennan
James Ferrey Patrick Durkin Owen O'Neil Martin Ryan
John Ryan Michael Ferrey John Murphy and James Connell
in their own proper persons and therupon the court adjuges
Abelis Glover Esq^r as counsel for Patrick Durkin Owen
O'Neil John Ryan John Murphy and James Connell
and Abelis Hollister & Leavely as counsel the defendants
Klem Brennan James Ferrey Michael Ferrey and Martin
Ryan And the defendants Klem Brennan James Ferrey &
Michael Ferrey and Martin Ryan by their counsel move
the court for a change of venue herin and consideration
It is ordered by the court that a change of venue be had herin
as to said last named defendants to Kane County Circuit
Court And on motion of the State's attorney it is ordered by
the court that the Sheriff of this county be required to deliver
the bodies of the said Klem Brennan James Ferrey Michael
Ferrey and Martin Ryan into the custody of the Sheriff of
Kane County at least three days before the first day of the next
term of said Kane County Circuit Court. And also comes
personally before this Court Lester A. Gallup Matthew Doyle
Henry Anthony Hugh A. Corrill William Madley James Dobb
Myron J. Lightfoot Dennis W. Baldwin Joseph M. Ryan
J. L. Borthwick Thomas J. Field Henry A. Chapman who
severally acknowledge themselves to owe and be indebted to the
people of the State of Illinois in the sum of One hundred
Dollars Each to be levied of their goods and chattels lands
and tenements as the Law directs to be paid upon condition
that they severally personally or and appear before the circuit
court of Kane County in the State of Illinois on the
first day of the next term thereof to testify and the truth
to speak in behalf of the people of the State of Illinois in

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a certain Indictment for Murder performed by the Grand Jury
of LaSalle County in said State against Ken Brennan
James Penry Martin Ryan and Michael Penry impleaded
with James Kennedy and others which said Indictment has
been removed on change of venue from said LaSalle County
to Kane County Circuit Court and not depart the said
Kane County Circuit Court without leave otherwise in force

State of Illinois
LaSalle County

I Phil Lindsey Clerk of the Circuit
Court in and for said County do hereby certify
that the above and foregoing is a true full and complete copy
of all the proceedings in the foregoing case so far as the same
relates to Ken Brennan James Penry Michael Penry and
Martin Ryan as appears of record in my Office

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set
my hand and the seal of said Court at Ottawa
this 24th day of February A.D. 1854

P. Lindsey Clerk

and Whereas it appears from the
Records files of the LaSalle County circuit court in the above
entitled suit that the following Indictment was filed in
said cause which are in the words and figures following
omit

STATE OF ILLINOIS,

La Salle County. } ss. Of the November term of the said La Salle County Circuit Court, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty three.

The Grand Jurors chosen selected and sworn in and for said county of La Salle, in the name and by the authority of the people of the State of Illinois, upon their oaths present, that James Kennedy, late of said county, Kern Brennan, late of said county, James Tewey late of said county, Owen O'Neil, late of said county, Patrick Durkin, late of said county, Martin Ryan, late of said county, Phillip Shay, late of said county, John Ryan, late of said county, Michael Tewey, late of said county, John Murphy late of said county, and Anthony Sage late of said county, and James Connell late of said county.

On the fifteenth day of December, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and fifty three, at and within the said county of La Salle, not having the fear of God before their eyes, but being moved and seduced by the instigation of the Devil, with force and arms, in and upon one Albert Story, in the peace of God and of said people, then and there being, feloniously, wilfully and of their malice aforethought did make an assault, and that the said James Kennedy with a certain club of wood of the length of three feet, and of the value of one cent, which he the said James Kennedy in his right hand then and there had and held, in and upon the head of him, the said Albert Story, then and there feloniously, wilfully and of his malice aforethought did strike, giving to the said Albert Story with the club aforesaid, in manner aforesaid, in and upon the head of him the said Albert Story several mortal strokes wounds and bruises, to wit; one mortal wound on the head of him the said Albert Story, of the length of four inches, and of the depth of one half an inch, of which said mortal wound the said Albert Story then and there instantly died and that the said Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Neil, Martin Ryan, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, Michael standing by aiding abetting and assisting the said James Kennedy in the felony and murder aforesaid, in manner and form aforesaid to do and commit, and so the jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths aforesaid, do say that the said James Kennedy, Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Neil, Martin Ryan, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, Michael Tewey, John Murphy, James Connell and Anthony Sage, then and there feloniously wilfully and of their malice, aforethought were present commit, and so the jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths aforesaid, do say that the said James Kennedy, Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Neil, Martin Ryan, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, Michael Tewey, John Murphy, James Connell and Anthony Sage, the said Albert Story in manner and form aforesaid, on the said fifteenth day of December, in the year aforesaid at the county aforesaid, feloniously, wilfully and of their malice aforethought, did kill and murder, contrary to the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the same people of the state of Illinois.

And the jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths aforesaid in the name and by the authority of the people of the State of Illinois, do further present, that the said Martin Ryan, Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Neal, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, being moved and seduced by the instigation of the devil, on the said fifteenth day of December in the year aforesaid, with force and arms, at and within the county of La Salle aforesaid, in and upon one Albert Story, in the peace of God and of said people then and there being, feloniously, wilfully and of their malice aforethought did make an assault, and that the said Martin Ryan with a certain Stone of no value, which he the said Martin Ryan in his right hand then and there had and held, in and upon the head of him the said Albert Story then and there feloniously, wilfully and of his malice aforethought did strike, giving to the said Albert Story with the stone aforesaid in manner aforesaid, in and upon the head of him the said Albert Story, one mortal bruise of the length of four inches and the breadth of three inches of which said mortal bruise the said Albert Story then and there instantly died, and that the said Kern Brinnan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Neil, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Ryan Michael Tewey, John Murphy, and Anthony Sage and James Connell—then and there feloniously, wilfully and of their malice aforethought were present standing by aiding, abetting and assisting the said Martin Ryan in the felony and murder aforesaid in manner James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Neal, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, Michael Tewey, John Murphy and Anthony Sage, and James Connell—the said Albert Story in manner and form aforesaid, on the said fifteenth day of December in the year aforesaid, at the county aforesaid, feloniously, wilfully and of their malice aforethought did kill and murder, contrary to the form of the Statute in such case made and provided and against the peace and dignity of the same people of the State of Illinois—

And the jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths aforesaid, in the name and by the authority of the people of the State of Illinois, do further present that the said Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Neil, Martin Ryan, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, Michael Tewey, John Murphy and Anthony Sage and James Connell—late of said county, not having the fear of God before their eyes, but being moved and seduced by the instigation of the devil, on the said fifteenth day of December in the year aforesaid, with force and arms, at and within the county of La Salle aforesaid, in and upon one Albert Story, in the peace of God and of said people, then and there being, feloniously wilfully and of their malice aforethought did make an assault;—and that the said Kern Brennan with a certain wooden club of the length of six feet and of the value of one cent, which he the said Kern Brinnan in both his hands then and there had and held, in and upon the head of him the said Albert Story, then and there feloniously, wilfully and of his malice aforethought, did strike, giving to the said Albert Story with the wooden club aforesaid, in half an inch, of which said mortal wound the said Albert Story, then and there instantly died, and that the said James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Neil, Martin Ryan, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, Michael Tewey, John Murphy and Anthony Sage and James Connell—the said Albert Story in manner and form aforesaid to do and commit; and so the jurors aforesaid upon their oaths aforesaid do say, that the said Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Neil, Martin Ryan, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Murphy and Anthony Sage and James Connell—the said Albert Story in manner and form aforesaid, on the said fifteenth day of December, in the year aforesaid at the county aforesaid, feloniously wilfully and of their malice aforethought did kill and murder, contrary to the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the same people of the State of Illinois.—

And the jurors aforesaid upon their oaths aforesaid in the name and by the authority of the people of the State of Illinois, do further present that the said Anthony Sage, Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Neil, Martin Ryan, James Kennedy Phillip Shay John Ryan, instigation of the devil, on the 15th day of December in the year aforesaid, with force and arms, at and within the said county of La Salle, in and upon one Albert Story in the peace of God and of said people then and there being, feloniously, wilfully and of their malice aforethought did make an assault; and that the said Anthony Sage with a certain axe of the value of one dollar, which he the said Anthony Sage in both his hands then & there had and held, in and upon the head of him, the said Albert Story then and there feloniously, wilfully and of his malice aforethought did strike, giving to the said Albert Story with the axe aforesaid, in and upon the head of him the said Albert story one mortal wound of the length of five inches and of the depth of two inches, of which said mortal wound the said Albert Story then and there instantly died; and that the said Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Neil, Martin Ryan, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Ryan Michael Tewey and John Murphy and James Connell—then and there feloniously, wilfully and of their malice aforethought were present standing by aiding, abetting and assisting the said Anthony Sage, the felony and murder aforesaid, in manner and form aforesaid to do and commit; and so the jurors aforesaid do say, that the said Anthony Sage, Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Neil, Martin Ryan, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, Michael Tewey and John Murphy, and James Connell, the said Albert Story in manner and form aforesaid on the said fifteenth day of December in the year aforesaid at the county aforesaid, feloniously, wilfully and of their malice aforethought did kill and murder, contrary to the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the same people of the State of Illinois.

And the jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths aforesaid, in the name and by the authority of the people of the State of Illinois do further present that the said Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Niel, Martin Ryan, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, Michael Tewey, John Murphy, Anthony Sage and James Connell, late of said county, not having the fear of God before their eyes, but being moved and seduced by the instigation of the devil, on said fifteenth day of December, in the year aforesaid, with force and arms, at and within the said county of La Salle, in and upon one Albert Story, in the peace of God and of said people then and there being, feloniously, wilfully and of their malice aforesought did make an assault; and that the said Kern Brennan with a certain wooden club of the length of six feet, and of the value of one cent, which he the said Kern Brennan in both his hands then and there had and held, and the said Martin Ryan, with a certain stone of no value which he the said Martin Ryan in his right hand then and there had and held, and the said James Kennedy with a certain wooden club of the length of three feet and of the value of one cent, which he the said James Kennedy in his right hand then and there had and held, and the said Phillip Shay with a certain pistol of the value of five dollars, which was then and there loaded with gunpowder and leaden bullets, and which pistol be the said Phillip Shay, in his right hand, then and there had and held, and the said Michael Tewey with a certain gun of the value of five dollars, which was then and there charged with gun powder and one leaden bullet, and which said gun he the said Micheal Tewey in both his hands then and there had and held, and the said Anthony Sage, with a certain axe of the value of one dollar, which said axe he the said Anthony Sage then and there had and held in both his hands in and upon the head, neck, face, back, sides and belly of him the said Albert Story, then and there feloniously, wilfully and of their malice aforesought did strike giving to the said Albert Story, with the clubs, stone, pistol gun and axe aforesaid, in and upon the head, face, neck, back, sides and belly of him the said Albert Story, several mortal wounds by means whereof the said Albert Story was then and there beaten to the ground, and was then and there violently thrown down to the ground, and while the said Albert Story was so down upon the ground as aforesaid, the said James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Niel, John Ryan, John Murphy and James Connell, with their feet then and there feloniously, wilfully and of their malice, aforesought stamped upon and kicked the said Albert Story in and upon the head, face, neck, back, breast, belly and sides of him, the said Albert Story, giving to the said Albert Story then and there while he was so lying upon the ground as aforesaid, in and upon the head, face, neck, back, breast, belly and sides of him the said Albert Story, several mortal wounds and bruises, of which said mortal wounds and bruises, so inflicted with the said clubs, stone, pistol, gun and axe, and by the feet of the said James Tewey, Owen O'Niel, John Ryan, John Murphy, and James Connell, in and upon the head, face, neck, back, breast, belly and sides of him, the said Albert Story, he the said Albert Story then and there instantly died; and so the jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths aforesaid, do say, that the said Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Niel, Martin Ryan, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, Michael Tewey, John Murphy, James Connell and Anthony Sage, the said Albert Story in manner and form aforesaid on the said fifteenth day of December, in the year aforesaid, at the county aforesaid, feloniously, wilfully and of their malice aforesought did kill and murder, contrary to the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the same people of the State of Illinois.

And the jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths aforesaid, in the name and by the authority of the people of the State of Illinois do further present that the said Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Niel, Martin Ryan, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, Michael Tewey, John Murphy, James Connell and Anthony Sage--late of said county, not having the fear of God before their eyes, but being moved and seduced by the instigation of the devil, on the said fifteenth day of December, in the year aforesaid, with force and arms, at and within the said county of La Salle, in and upon one Albert Story, in the peace of God and of said people then and there being, feloniously, wilfully and of their malice aforesought did make an assault; and that the said Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Niel, Martin Ryan, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, Michael Tewey, John Murphy, James Connell and Anthony Sage, with certain clubs, stones, axes, pistols, and guns, which they the said Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Niel, Martin Ryan, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, Michael Tewey, John Murphy, James Connell and Anthony Sage in their hands then and there had and held in and upon the head, face, neck, breast, back, belly and sides of him the said Albert Story, feloniously, wilfully and of their malice, aforesought, did beat and strike, giving to the said Albert Story with the clubs, stones, axes, pistols and guns aforesaid in and upon the head, neck, face, breast, back, belly and sides of him, the said Albert Story, several mortal wounds and bruises, of which said mortal wounds and bruises the said Albert Story then and there instantly died; and so the jurors aforesaid upon their oaths aforesaid, do say, that the said Kern Brennan, James Tewey, Patrick Durkin, Owen O'Niel, Martin Ryan, James Kennedy, Phillip Shay, John Ryan, Michael Tewey, John Murphy, James Connell and Anthony Sage, the said Albert Story, in manner and form aforesaid on the said fifteenth day of December, in the year aforesaid, at the county aforesaid, feloniously, wilfully and of their malice aforesought did kill and mur'er, contrary to the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the same people of the State of Illinois.

W. H. L. WALLACE, States Attorney, 9th Circuit.

State of Illinois
LaSalle County I Philo Lindley Clerk of
the Circuit Court in and for
said County do hereby certify that the
copy of the original indictment against
John Brennan & others at the appearance of
John Brennan in my office. I further certify that the
original indictment is retained in my office
for the trial of John Ryan

W. H. L. Wallace
having written it by hand
& the trial of said court at Ottawa
the 3d day of February 1854
A. M. Lindley Clerk

And Whereas on the 27th day of February
AD 1857, the following Plea was filed in said cause which
is in the words of the parties following to wit:

John Kennedy
The State of Illinois

Bane County

At the 2nd term of the February Term
of the circuit court for said County of Bane
AD 1857

The People of the
State of Illinois

vs
John Brennan

James Penney

Patrick Durkin

Owen C. Kil

Martin Ryan

James Kennedy

Philip Shay

John Ryan

Michael Penney

John Murphy

James Connell

Anthony Sarge

Indictment for Murder

upon a charge of Murder from the
circuit court of LaSalle County
Illinois

And now this day comes into open
court in their own proper person the
said defendants John Brennan James Penney Martin
Ryan and Michael Penney who are impleaded with Patrick
Durkin Owen C. Kil James Kennedy Philip Shay John
Ryan John Murphy James Connell & Anthony Sarge
for the murder of Albert Story and having heard the said
indictment read say that the said bill of indictment as
it is exhibited against them was not found and presented
to any court having jurisdiction of the said offense by a
regularly appointed and constituted Grand Jury under the

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laws of the State of Illinois as appears by the records of said Court And this they are ready to verify. Whereupon they may judgment. And that by the Court here they may be dismissed from the said premises and that the same may be quashed.

Kem Brennan

Martin Ryan

James Dwyer

Michael Devney

The State of Illinois

Kane County

Personally appeared before me this day the above named defendants who being sworn upon oath say that the above pleases in substance true

L. Dearborn Clerk

By P. H. Ferguson Deputy

and whereas on the said 29th day of February A.D. 1857, the same being one of the days of the Kane County Circuit Court of the February term then in session 1857 the following among other proceedings were had which are in the words & figures following to wit

The People of the State of Illinois

v. as

Indict for Murder

Kem Brennan James Dwyer

Michael Devney & Martin Ryan

This day comes the People of the State of Illinois by Wallace & Boyce and on motion leave is given to file a certified transcript of the record in this cause from LaSalle County. And on motion leave is given the defendant to file a plea in abatement. Whereupon comes the People of the State of Illinois by Wallace & Boyce and demur to the plea in abatement in which the said defendants in person and by their attorneys joins. The court being fully advised

sustains the Dennis to which the Defendants except
Then comes the People by Wallace & Boyce
and the defendants in their own proper person and by themselves
and others their counsels And on motion of Wallace & Boyce it
is ordered that a jury come whereupon comes a jury of good
and lawful men to sit Geddrich Miller Julius A. Staines
William Cheever George J. Peck Anthony Reeser Josiah Hughes
Andrew McWayne J. F. Nash Nathan Pound Marshall
Clark George E. Loomis B. F. Wait who being severally chosen
selected and sworn return under the charge of a Sworn Officer
of the Court to be by him returned into Court at the meeting
of the same to ~~morrow~~ in the morning

And afterwards to sit on the 38th
day of February A.D. 1832 The same being one of the days of the
present February Term of said State county court doth the
following among other proceedings now had which are in the
Words and figures following to sit

The People of the State of Illinois
vs
John Brown Michael Barry
James Denney & Martin Ryan

{ Indictment for Murder

This day again comes the
People of the State of Illinois by Wallace & Boyce and the defendants
in their own proper person and by their counsels and the jury
heretofore impaneled herein being returned by the Officer
in charge of them into court also come and after listening to
a portion of the evidence return under the charge of a Sworn
Officer of the Court to be again returned into Court at the meeting
of the same to morrow morning

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And afterwards to sit on the 1st day of March

Ad 1857 the same being one of the days of the aforesaid February Term of said Kane County Circuit Court the following among other proceedings were had which are in the words of figures following to wit

The People of the State of Illinois

14	33	Indictment for Murder
		Kern Brennan James Devrey
		Michael Devrey, Martin Ryan

This day again comes the People of this State by Boyer & Wallace and the defendants in their own proper person and by their counsel and the jury heretofore impaneled herein being by the Officer in Charge into Court. Also come and after listening to a portion of the Evidence return under the charge of a Sworn Officer of the Court to be again returned into Court by the Meeting of the same to morrow morning

And afterward doth on the 3^d day of March Ad 1857 the same being one of the days of the Aforesaid February Term of said Kane County Circuit Court the following among other proceedings were had which are in the words of figures following to wit

The People of the State of Illinois

14	33	Indictment for Murder
		Kern Brennan James Devrey
		Michael Devrey, Martin Ryan

This day again comes the people of the State of Illinois by Wallace & Boyer and the defendants in their own proper person and by their counsel And the Jury heretofore impaneled herein being retained by the Officer in Charge into Court also comes and after listening to the balance of the Evidence and a portion of the argument of counsel return under the charge of a Sworn Officer of the Court to be again returned into Court

by Meeting of the same to morrow Morning

And afterwards to sit on the 3^d day of March AD 1857 the same being one of the days of the aforesaid February Term of said Dane County Circuit Court the following among other proceeding were had which are in the words and figures following to wit

The People of the State of Illinois

14 Stein Breman James Boyer
Michael Denney Martin Ryan

Indictment for Murder

This day again comes the People of the State of Illinois by Wallae, Boyer and the defendants in their own proper person and by their counsel and the jury heretofore empanelled, herein, being returned unto Court by the Officer having them in charge also come. After listening to the balance of the argument of counsel and the instruction of the Court return under charge of a sworn Officer of the Court to consider of their Verdict

And afterwards to sit on the 1st day of March AD 1857 the same being one of the days of the aforesaid February Term of said Dane County Circuit Court the following among other proceeding were had which are in the words & figures following to wit"

The People of the State of Illinois

14 Stein Breman James Denney
Michael Denney Martin Ryan

Indictment for Murder

This day comes the People of the State of Illinois by Wallae, Boyer and the defendants in

their own proper person and by their counsel and the jury
 hereof unsworn herein also come very returned unto
 Court by the Officer in charge And for a verdict upon their
 oaths say we the jury find the defendants Ken Brennan
 James Derry and Michael Derry Each severally guilty of
 Murder in Manner and form as charged in the indictment
 and the defendant Martin Ryan guilty of Manslaying here
 And fix the time of the pen Imprisonment of said Martin
 Ryan in the penitentiary at the term of Eight Years

Whereupon comes the defendants and theirs
 for a new trial herein and also in arrest of Judgment

And afterwards do wit on the 6th day of March,
 A.D. 1853 the same being one of the days of the aforesaid February
 Term of said Kankakee County Circuit Court the following among
 other proceeding were had or made are in the words of your following
 Obit."

The People of the State of Illinois

vs

Ken Brennan James Derry
 Michael Derry & Martin Ryan

Indictment for Murder

This day comes the People of the
 Illinois by Wallace and the defendants by Blanchedale and
 others their counsel and after argument of the defendants Motion
 for a new trial herein the court being advised ^{the motion} sustains
 the and grants a new trial

And afterwards do wit on the 25th day of
 May A.D. 1854 the same being one of the days of the aforesaid
 Kankakee County Circuit Court of the May Term A.D. 1854 the following
 among other proceeding were had which are in the words and
 figures following to wit

The People of Illinois

Indictment for Murder

John Breman James Denney
Michael Denney Martin Ryan

This day comes the people of the State of Illinois by Wallace their Attorney and the defendants in person and by Wayne Parry and Plato their Attorneys and having been furnished with a list of jurors on motion of the people it is ordered that a Jury come whereupon came the following jurors to wit Charles Gray Charles Hale Lorenzo D. Kendall John Elliott Byron Kendall John Whitney Edwin King Daniel Lincoln Samuel Wood and David West who being severally elected tried & sworn also come the parties having failed to fill out the balance of the Jury panel. It is ordered by the court and concurred in by the parties that the party thus far empanelled may return under charge of a sworn officer of this court to be by him returned into court at the meeting of the same to morrow morning And that the Sheriff summons Tellismen to fill out the balance of the panel.

And afterwards to sit on the 24th day of May A.D. 1802 the same being one of the days of the aforesaid May Term of said Dane County Circuit Court the following among other proceedings were had which are in the words of justices following to sit

The People of the State of Illinois

Indictment for Murder

John Breman James Denney
Michael Denney Martin Ryan

This day comes the People by Wallace their attorney and the defendants in person and by their attorneys and the Sheriff having by order of this court

Summoned Ballroom to file the balance of the panel, William Davis & Francis P. Kinney are Selected tried and sworn together with the balance of the jury heretofore empanelled herein being returned into court by an Officer in Charge. Also come and it is agreed that the jury may retire under Charge of a Sworn Officer of this court to be retained by him at the meeting of the court tomorrow morning.

And afterward to sit on the 25th day of May AD 1852 the same being one of the days of the aforesaid May Term of said Kane County Circuit Court the following among other proceedings were had which are in the words and figures following Dated -

The People of the State of Illinois

Kem Breunin James Denney
Michael Denney Martin Ryan

Indictment for Murder

This day comes the People of the State of Illinois by Haller their attorney and the defendant in person and by Waynesworth and Plato their attorneys and the jury heretofore empanelled also come and after hearing a portion of the evidence It is agreed between the parties that the jury may retire under charge of a Sworn Officer of this court to be retained at the meeting of the court tomorrow morning.

And afterwards to sit on the 26th day of May AD 1852. the same being one of the days of the aforesaid May Term of said Kane County Circuit Court the following among other proceedings were had which are in the words and figures following Dated

The People of the State of Illinois
v
Kem Brennan James Denney
Michael Denney & Martin Ryan

Indictment for Murder

This day comes the parties to this
suit by their attorneys and the jury heretofore empanelled also
comes and after hearing a portion of the evidence it is agreed
that the Jury may retire under charge of a sworn officer of
this court to be returned by him to morrow morning at
the opening of the court.

And afterwards to sit on the 27th day
of May A.D. 1854 the same being one of the days of the aforesaid
May term of said Kankakee County circuit court the following
among other proceeding were had which are in the words and
figures following to wit "

The People of the State of Illinois

v
Indictment for Murder

Kem Brennan James Denney
Michael Denney Martin Ryan

This day comes the People by
Hallow their attorney and the defendant in person and by Hallow
Darmworth & Plato their attorneys and after hearing the Hallows
of the evidence argument of counsels and instructions of
the court retire under charge of a sworn officer of this
court to consider of their verdict and it is agreed by
the parties that the Jury may seal the same and meet
the court when they have so agreed

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and afterwards to sit on the
29. of May the same being one of the days of the days
aforesaid term of said court the following among

proceedings were held don't"

The People of the State of Illinois

Indictment for Murder

Kem Breman James Tenny

Michael Tenny & Martin Ryan This day comes the People
of the State of Illinois by Wallace State attorney and the defendants
in person and by Wayne Hammonot, State their attorneys and being herefor
impanelled also come and for a verdict upon their oaths say whether the
jury find the defendants guilty in manner and form as charged in the Indictments
and thereupon come the defendants by their attorneys and move the court for
a new trial and on arrest of judgment the court being fully advised overrule
the same. In which ordering of the court the defendants by their counsel doth
It is therefore considered by the court that the said Kem Breman James
Tenny Michael Tenny and Martin Ryan the prisoners at the bar be taken from
hence to the common jail of said Kane County and that they there be confined
in said jail until Friday the Twenty eighth day of July next coming
and that on the said Twenty eighth day of July they be taken from said jail
by the Sheriff of said Kane County to some place in said County to
be selected by said Sheriff and that they the said Kem Breman James
Tenny Michael Tenny and Martin Ryan by the said Sheriff between
the hours of Nine O'Clock in the forenoon and five O'Clock in
the afternoon of said Twenty Eighth day of July (the court
having for a good cause appearing prolonged the time
till the day last aforesaid) be each hewn & thereof hanged
by the neck until they each be dead.

It is therefore considered by the Court
that the said people of the State of Illinois have and recover
of and from the said Kem Breman James Tenny
Michael Tenny and Martin Ryan their costs of this
prosecution expended and have Execution therefor

The People vs

Michael Jerny

James Jerny

Kem Brennan

Martin Ryan

James Jerny et al

May Term AD 1857

Indictment for Murder

Be it remembered that on the trial of this cause the prosecution produced the following named witness who testified as follows:

Henry Anthony duly sworn says

I know Albert Stony he is dead I saw him on the 15th of Dec last He was employed on a contract on the Illinois Central Rail Road together with Tallmadge and Leonstein. They had been working on the job since July last there was more than three hundred men employed on their job. On the 15th I saw a collection at the store door I was on the outside It was about 2 o'clock I had just left Stony's house and was going to the store. The event presented by counsel is similar to the locality there were then forty or fifty men at the front of the store I was near the N.E. corner of the store. Mr. Stony's family lived in the house nearby Mrs. Stony was at home there was an excitement in the crowd they were conversing together. The store door soon opened I think it was open when I noticed it and spoke to John Ryan the boarding boy. the voice was like Mr. Stony's It was inside the store Ryan said something about leaving I saw Ryan. Stony told him that he wanted him to leave that he could not have settle with him while he was boarding. I went on the outside rushed to the door some said "hurrah" "nows our time" a few were in the store Ryan was within but few rushed in at that time I could not understand all the shouts. The men outside rushed around the windows to look in I spoke to them some of them went from the window and looked around on the ground I could not tell what they said to them they need not be alarmed that Ryan would not be

but while he behaved himself. They appeared to stop Ryan was at the door and was asked to leave. I thought by story I could not tell what Ryan said, there was such a noise outside that - I could not distinguish what he ^{said} but some fifteen or twenty men went to the store the door was filled I heard the reports of a pistol there was noise in the store before the reports, noise with feet and hallooing now's our time at the reports a few came out and then another man again I heard three pistol shots the ^{men} came out of the store and the crowd shouted all kinds of shouts. Some in Irish and some in English I left the store and went to the barn to get a horse to send to LaSalle for assistance. The crowd went around on the south side of the store soon a large number got together and surrounded. Now after speaking for a horse I went to the house, in the dining room where Mr. Story was. I went into sitting room quite a large stone came in through the window and came near hitting me the stone was as large as my two fists other stones came in I opened the door to Mr. Story's room didn't see any body then then I went up to my room and stones were thrown in there I looked through the hall window I saw from 150 to 200 persons around the store and houses I went down probably through to the kitchen went out and saw some of the crowd drawing from the horses the man who was going for assistance, they struck at the horse with a club. From the time the shots were fired to the time I looked out of the ^{hall} window was ten or fifteen minutes I saw them turn the horse around and beat him back and I then went to prevent them throwing stones and coal into the window, I saw Gallup & I think Fields and Maynard at the back part of the store I cannot remember whether it was before or after I went to the horses I saw Gallup Fields & Maynard at the store I was near the S. W corner of the store and they came around the S. W corner a few of the crowd followed them up. One had a pistol. one had a stick four or five inches thick and three to four feet long.

John Ryan jr son of man that was shot—that had the stick. Phil Shay had the pistol I did not know him at that time. Young Ryan threw sticks into the window on S W side of store Gallup went into the store & others were there they were scattered all around I saw Ryan strike out two different windows Before I left the front of the store Ryan threw a stick into the south window Before I left the front of the store Ryan threw a stick into the south window he struck into the north window and the south window breaking of windows occurred about the time of firing pistol It may have been after I went once or twice to get James Kennedy away from the house he was breaking windows. The crowd rushed towards me and I let him go I had him taken away two other times at this time at the store there was quite a crowd They threatened with sticks on front of the store and Anthony says took an axe and cut into the corner of the store There were about three or four hundred men about the house the chopping of the store was about fifteen minutes after I looked out of the hall window I saw Maynard come from near the corner of the store at the time I saw him Salero Field at the time of the chopping at the store The crowd was breaking windows at the house Kennedy would break them in with a stick I saw Stony come out of the south door round the side of the house when I first saw him he was at the South west corner I stood between the dwelling house and the stable The main part of the crowd was near the north East corner of the house. Stony along to the N E corner of the store Stony walked towards the house. The crowd rushed towards him and shouted "There he is" now will have him" He stopped had a revolver in his hand which he drew up towards them and as soon as they he did that they stopped he walked on in the house by the kitchen door then came out where I was. The crowd had then gone round the north west corner of the house. They nearly surrounded the house

Wherever I could see there were men around the building I saw weapons in the hands of some in the crowd two guns, three pistols, several clubs, and stones; I did not know but one of those who had the guns, that is Michael Deney from Brainerd had a pistol. Story and I stood there but a very short time, he asked me what I had done, I told him I had sent two or three men to town for assistance he said "I will not leave the Bluff" I saw Michael Deney raise a gun towards Story it was pointed right that way Story then went into the house; he remained in the house fifteen or twenty minutes; while there the crowd was running around the house, quite a number went from the North West corner of the house, to the North West corner of the barn, Story came out; I saw him; I stood very near where I stood while talking with him I did not remain all the time in one place but ran to the blacksmiths shop, and to the carpenters shop; blacksmiths shop was about ten rods from the barn and carpenters shop was about twenty feet from the blacksmiths shop. Story went between the well and the house and passed around a load of hay and went into the barn. The hay stood at the South west corner of the house and the North East corner of the barn; nearly in front of the barn; he went on the North side of the hay; the barn is twenty five feet from the house; Story come out of the kitchen door. The crowd at the time was between the house & the bluff the larger portion between the house and Story. When Story went into the barn there was one and shouts in the crowd "There he goes" now will have him "Kill him" "Shoot him" and different ones they rushed upon him from east of the ~~house~~ and from between house and Story; the first man that came up to him was lame John Ryan the crowd rushed into the barn, the door had never been hung part of them went inside of the barn quite a number on the outside they were all crowding and rushing toward the barn door. Then was a continual shouting until I saw Mr. Story head and shoulders above the others; I saw him falling out the door

Deney
Brainerd

there were from fifty to seventy five men near him closely crowded
round the door and scattering ones on the outside; the same door
from four to five feet wide. quite a number came out of the
bans when they ~~saw~~^{cried} here he is. I saw one man strike him
with a small sized club another with a piece of scattering
top rail. Story was then down; his body on the outside and his
feet in the barn; on his face. when I got there he was dead.
The crowd went towards the store and scattered. when he fell
there was a continual cry "here he is" was all I could distinguish
when they went away they all shouted; I did not understand
what was said. I saw in the crowd again, a pick, an axe, or
stone, I saw stones thrown; I do not know who threw the stones
I did not know the man that struck him with a piece of scattering
I could see his face I think it was Kennedy who had the crossed
clubs; from his dress; I found near Story's head stones and stones
quite a number of them, I cannot say how many; I did
not examine Story closely; calculated the scattering received
his skull in an inch. could hardly recognize him when he
was turned over; his nose was cut off and hung on one side
I did not hear his voice from the time he went into the barn
from the time I first went into the store to the time of Story's
death; it was something over an hour. About an hour
after the shooting in the store after the shooting I saw persons
going away. The Irish shanties were in the rear in greater
portion of the shanties at the south. the distance to them varied
from 110 rods to one mile the men were ill that day.

I had been at work on that job three or four months
I was foreman; there were three hundred laborers. Many hands
excluding teamsters, boarding keepers and foremen. Laborers
had been receiving one dollar and twenty-five cents per day
on the first day of December there was a reduction of wages
to one dollar per day; men were notified by the order of Story
I notified them. Michael Devine worked in my gang. My

Business was to keep the time and see that they worked properly there were from fifteen to forty men under my charge I made my return to the Clerk, once a week and sometimes only once a month. payments were made on the fifteenth & successive days until all were paid; they then received pay for preceding month: on the 15th of November they were paid for service rendered in the month of October I have been at work on Rail road sometime. An estimate is taken about the last of the month by the resident engineer; of all work during the month; it was completed about the 10th of Dec the measurements for the Estimate was made on the 1st Dec Contractors drew their pay of \$100. I told the laborers that their pay would be one dollar a day, all that did not wish to work could work until pay day and then be paid up in full, if they wanted to quit then and they could go where they could get more wages or continue at one dollar per day. This was Dec 1st none worked that day in course of the day Mr. Stoy said we could tell the men to go to work at one dollar and twenty five cents per day until he drew his estimate. Some went to work on the 2nd Dec. They continued to work until the 9th or 10th. he said he would not pay but one dollar after he got his money; notice was given that he would pay but one dollar on the 9th. on the 10th payment were commenced; there was no disturbance at that time; there was no work done from the 11th to the day of Stoy's death.

Rev. Baum

I know Rev. Baumann - witness pointed him out in the prisoners bar - I saw him in the crowd at short distance from the ^{Stoy} door. I saw him have no weapons at that time. He was leaning on the aron. There was a unanimous cry "Now is our time" I think his voice was one of them that made the cry when the rush was made at the Stoy Baumann was but a short distance addressing the advancing towards the Stoy door. I did not see him again but saw him at the window. he was looking on together with others, I heard

or fifteen of them as many as could get around the outside
window of the Store. Something was said I knew not what;
I do not remember of seeing him do anything else there I
saw. Some one go to the fence for a board but I could not say
it was him; it was he or some one very much like him I did
not know him at that time; I knew his personal appearance
the board was five or six inches wide, five or six feet long, perhaps
longer. I cannot locate Wrennan again until the rest of the
barn. He was then East of the S. E. corner of the barn in the
crowd and going into the crowd towards the barn door where
the main body of the crowd was at that time. The shouts & cries
were then made; I do not remember of hearing him say anything
at that time. He had a pistol in his hand. He was within twelve
feet of the barn door when I last saw him there. This was before
Stony fell out of the barn door. About the time the wish was first
made at the barn I do not remember of seeing him when the crowd
dispersed; the crowd dispersed to the shanties; a few lingered around
I did not remain but a few moments.

M. Devney

I knew Michael Devney, but never pointed
him out. I knew him before the riot; I saw him at the brick
East corner of the Store, about twenty feet from it, at the time of the
chopping; he had a gun in his hand; and a large crowd one
or two hundred were about him; they stood within reach of each
other; his gun was resting across his left arm. Stony was chopping
the door when Devney was at the corner. Devney was twenty-five
feet from him, a dreadful crowd among them there was a
quite a rush to the front of the Store I saw the chopping and
a good deal of hammering at the front. This was after the first
shots and before Stony left the Store. I next saw Michael Devney
in the crowd at the time Stony was passing from the Store to the
house he was East of the houses and North of the Store advancing
towards Stony; he had a gun in his hand. And drew it up
to his face at Mr. Stony. The crowd hollered "Shoot him".

and his gun came up to his face it was ^{the} only gun I noticed
 I did not hear him say anything then at the South side
 of the house; I next saw him advancing towards the barn at
 the South East corner of the land of Harry Stony was then in the
 barn. Dewey was fifteen feet from the barn door he had a gun
 raised it up and pointed it towards the barn door; the crowd
 were in front of him and at his left. Some of the crowd were in
 the barn; he took down his gun and walked towards the barn
 door. this was before Stony fell I did not see him again until
 about 8 o'clock in the evening. Stony was about six feet tall.

To Savoy

I knew James Dewey Vitney pointed him out "I saw him among the officers first, about the time of the cutting in at the Store, he was a short distance North of the Store I do not know how far from Michael Dewey; he was in the crowd I do not remember of seeing anything of his hands he was quite busy round in the crowd; the crowd was rushing towards the store shouting and hollering and hammering in front of the store.

I next saw him coming towards the barn when Stony was there; then was a few a head of him in the crowd and quite a number near him. I saw shooting in his hands. I heard him say nothing; he was about forty feet from the barn running towards the barn the shouts were "there he goes" now will have him "shoot him" kill him" and different cries James Dewey was on the South side of the barn when I last noticed him passing between me and the barn towards the south from the barn doors after Mr. Stony death; I was East of the South East corner of the barn, he had a gun in his hands then it was when the crowd was dispersing from the barn door.

Martin Ryan

I knew Martin Ryan (noting from his coat) I did not know him at the time of the fight at Lasalle. I do not remember seeing him then among the spectators. It was a taller man than others who dressed in a light-
 coat and brown hat I do not remember what kind of

hat Martin Ryan had on at the time he was arrested; think it was a dark one. The tallish man had rather a heavy coat. I merely saw a glimpse of him; did not see his face; his hat was drawn fully over it. The man I saw then was about the size of Martin Ryan but I think heavier set than Ryan is. Their transactions occurred at La Salle County and State of Illinois

I had from twenty to twenty five men under my charge at the time of the riot; my gang varied at different times from fifteen to forty. Gangs were constantly changing; I did not commence work at the time the job was commenced in July. When I went there they paid laborers one dollar and a quarter a day. The object of raising the price was to get hands; I do not know that they advertised for men. I do not see any indications of a row before the 9th of December on which day a man shot at me with a pistol; some of the gang were reported at it and some were not. The estimate was made on the 1st or 2nd day of Dec I notified the men on the bluff under my charge, that only one dollar would be paid, on the second day of Dec when as when new orders were given they went to work more in the afternoon than in the forenoon morning the estimate was paid the 8th 9th or 10th most of the bal laborers went to work on the 2nd. The contractors commenced paying hands next day after estimate was paid a Sunday may have intervened; I kept the time of my men until they shot at me. Then Mr Doyle tended them. There were about three hundred laborers engaged for Stoy; From the 11th to the 15th I was about the store and the house; while the men were being paid there was a crowd around the store; they had been notified that they would be paid on the tenth I think they were notified Saturday night that payment would be commenced Monday; the affray was after dinner; when Mr Ryan went into the store there were about fifty men in the crowd. The first day hands were paid through the window; afterwards they came into the store one at a time and settled; one of Tony's clerks was there listed and consequently

the books were behind hand, and settling was slower & more tedious than ordinary. Store belonged to Stoy: most of the laborers traded with him. I knew John Ryan who was shot; he had a son eighteen or twenty years old; the first thing I saw indicating a row Phil Shay came in to get his pay without his shovel and found Bill. he boarded with John Ryan. he went away and John Ryan returned with him; I tried he could not be paid without finding his shovel. this was between 11/12 o'clock. he said he would not leave without his pay; I think Col. Marquard took hold of him and told him to leave. I saw John Ryan, did not see Stoy. thought I heard him speak and tell Ryan to go out. Ryan said he wouldn't. there was a rush of a dozen to the store door; door closed - then was opened. Ryan was at the door. Some one told him to go out. he refused - there was a rush, quite a number went in; I saw John Ryan jr in the door. Ryan was told that they would not pay him then; when the rush was made some one said "come on" and others followed up. but I do not know how many; heard the pistol shots could not tell what was going on when they were fired. John Ryan jr cried out "just they had shot my Father. seized a stick and struck at the window. I saw Ryan after he was shot. I saw a crowd looking in the window among them was Ken Breman. I did not know Ken Breman I recognized him only by his looks.. I knew Richard Dewey at the hump masters - I had not particular acquaintance with James - If Breman was at the head of the crowd, I had looked into the window; the crowd held up when I told them Ryan would not be hurt if he behaved; Ryan was standing at the South East side of the store when I saw him after he came out of the store I did not attempt to go to his assistance; some one was by him young John Ryan broke the window after the second firing of the pistol. I did not hear Stoy come to the door just after the pistol shots. I do not think young Ryan was the first that came out; he was the first that did anything.

Ken Breman
was

after the pistol shots; I was in the vicinity from then to five minutes. I can not tell whether the affray on the west side of the store took place before I went to the house or not: - Whether young Ryan struck into the window. I do not recollect that he said anything about the death of his father: I saw Hayes with a pistol pointing toward Gallup his pistol was once within a foot of Gallups head: I think Joseph Ryan a foreman took hold of Hayes arm and pulled it down to prevent his shooting him. I saw Mrs. Stoy in the house. I looked round for a gun: I went to the house to get a piece of paper to write directions for the person who was going for assistance: he was a laborer, he took directions and went off. I gave him his directions: at the south end of the house I found Mr. Chapman in the house; I had a revolver in my pocket: I got it partly out once when I was down towards the blacksmith shop: I stood at the window in the house a moment until a piece of stone or coal or other missile came against the window: then I went out: I do not remember who I told to get the horses do not know exactly where I saw him: I told J. M. Ryan do go he is foreman I sent three different persons I might be four: some of them went to LaSalle: those messengers were all engaged upon the works: two of them were Irish, I did not get any man started to go to LaSalle before I went to the house. I spoke to a boy do not a horse but not to go to LaSalle: I told him ^{that} he should not injure the buildings: he had just been breaking the windows he was doing nothing when I went out: I saw him raise a stick and then withdraw a stick in his hand: I told him to give the crowd said "let him alone" I turned & walked off perfectly cool; I did not threaten him: do not remember that I raised my arm: did not make motion to strike spoke to him in an ordinary tone of voice cannot tell that he was doing anything at the time I spoke to him. I told some one at the south east corner of the houses that I

was going to take Kennedy away did not say so immediately upon coming out the house. I sent Mr McWay and two others to take him away; they were round where I was; they had quit work; I do not know that I intended to stop any body else. I saw the crowd rushing to the Store: Anthony says had an axe and was chopping the Store: I did not request him to desist or send any person to; I was at the South side of the ~~SE~~ house he was cutting the North East corner of the Store. There were but a few persons that followed Gallup, when he & Fields & myself came out of the Store: I followed along; after the chopping I first saw the crowd rushing after Stony when he came out of the Store; men were in sight on the N.E. corner of the house; I was E of the SE corner of the Barn; Stony went to the kitchen; ⁱⁿ ~~out~~ ⁱⁿ his fire or three rods from him when he raised his gun the second time; I was five or six rods from Stony; Stony walked off deliberately and went into the house; I do not remember seeing stones thrown at Stony on his way to the house. different persons made different cries: I knew the men that worked in my gang: I did not know any of these prisoners except Michael Denney; do not remember to have seen the others before that day; Some cried ^{out} "Now will have him". Stony raised his revolver and the crowd held up; then some on the fence who did not seem to take any part; I do not know who had the other gun: I am confident there were two: I saw two or three ^{I saw them fight} pistols at the Barn: did not see any in the Barn have pistols; did not hear the report of arms except in the Store; did not see any guns in the Barn Phil Shay and Rev. Breman both had pistols at the Store: I did not know Rev. Breman before that day - I did not go in either of the shops went to talk with some one who worked in the carpenter's shop: do not know his name; when Stony went from house to the Barn he was forty feet from me I went round to the North end of Long of Long. The Barn is long

M Denney

H. Breman

States
has ~~a~~ door on East side, has a door on the East End, and also
a back door. I think there was more noise than than before;
there were various shouts: now will catch him"; the first man
that went to the barn was lame John Ryan, he was an oldish
man; did not know his name until after that; he was ~~standing~~^{near} by
his left-hand. the hand he had the pistol in; he stood near
the barn door. Story went in and turned round facing the door;
there was a horse ~~saddled~~ there; or had been; I understood
he had sent to the barn to have a horse saddled; there were no arms
to the barn: the crowd moved in so quiet then; I did not see
him until I saw him at the door. I stood a little on the south
so that the end of the barn hid my view: I sat several men to
take missiles from the hands of the crowd: the persons about me
were in favor of having the riot stopped; Overseer's did not generally
carry arms: from the time I saw lame John Ryan take Story's
arm. It was but a minute or two before Story fell. I then saw
some blows struck one by Kennedy. I do not know where Kennedy
was; I do not remember who else struck him. do not know
that Anthony Sarge was one of them, as hot remember of seeing
Phil Shay there. I was watching for one in particular in the
crowd: I was kindly looking for Story's safety; when Story
fell they gave a shout and left. did not notice where they
went: a few stood around. Field & Galloway went to Lasalle:
them who said said one of the clerks had shot Ryan and
that they would not let him go away: one or two said they
would have their pay before night or tear the store down; I
do not remember that - I looked for the men until dark;
Shanties were thirty or forty rods off I was looking at Ken
Brennan and two others at the store: and saw his lips
move. I am ~~not~~ confident that I saw him hallow; he was
making motions with his arms. and I judged that he was
hallowing: I could not tell they were all hallowing: I think
one half of the crowd were whooping: I did not see.

N. Brennan

Half hallowing-

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on my direct examination that the cry was unanimous; he beckoned with his right-arm hand and said now is our time boys: I think Phil Tracy said so: I saw Phil Tracy lips move Mr. Bremer had nothing in his hand at that time; I could not say whether he went into the store or not: the shouting was before the pistol shots when door opened the second time: I did not see Bremer again until I saw him at the barn I could not say whether he had a coat on or not in his shirt sleeves; whether he had a hat or a cap on; I did not swear on my direct examination that I did not know that it was he who went to the fence for a piece of a board: I saw him when he went to the fence: It is possible I may be mistaken: I recognised him by his face and not by his clothes — I did not see John Ryan in the barn he was near the outside, partly in and partly out of the barn Stony stood a little within when and Ryan took hold of his hand while he (Ryan) stood outside; I did not know any other person who took hold of Stony: when I saw his face above the crowd his face was bloody; I saw the sides of his face: he did not appear to have life the main body of the crowd was at the barn door when he fell, the crowd retired a little. When I saw Uncle Jerry Stony was in the barn; I could not see him I saw Jerry raise his gun: I did not have so good a chance to see what was going on as some others, but as good as those who stood near me — I saw James Henry carrying a gun away: I had seen him a couple of rods from the NE corner of the Store: I was from the last term of const. I did not then swear that he had a gun in the crowd I see him then but did not see him have a gun: when he went away he had a gun: he was going towards Blacksmith's shop. The next day some of the crowd was at Ottawa and some had run away; some still remain at Lassalle I knew Sixty or Seventy by looks of the whole bunch by looks: I knew the names of but few of them.

Mr. Penney

Mr. Penney

at the time of the pistol shots there were about forty about the stores: the rest came in afterwards: I do not know how many we paid off afterwards that morning; we paid some. The crowd dispersed: about two hundred were taken. Anthony says Kennedy, McKay & Phil Shing have been taken: Pat Dustin is also taken, sent there for one year: he was there half an hour before the row commenced: I saw some of them running over the hill: about one half remained part of them went to work again.

Re Examined the witness says

I think but am not positive that there was one payment at one dollar and a quarter per day before the 15th dec: I heard indications of a row the night of the 14th: some one who appeared to be drunk told Mr. Stony "We will have your sweet hearts blood if you do not pay us ten shillings" & I thought the voice was James Kennedy. There was no one in the stores except Stony himself & Galvin: and when Shing came in, Stony had a revolver in his hand when going to the bar. Ryan took hold of his left hand. About one third of the men were peaceable. Those who were peaceable did not associate with those who were hostile. A few of the peaceable went into the crowd and turned to quit them. "I" did object to it. (you see any indication of a difference of opinion or purpose.) "overruled" Among the persons composing the crowd who wished to the bar nothing except to "I" I did not

Lat. Maynard being sworn deposes

I was employed by Ballmadr's Stony & Company in fact as waerring boy. I was present at the commencement of the affray. was in the stores: when Stony came to the door opened it for him to come in: he was interrupted by John Ryan who came in and demanded his pay for sounding the men. Stony said he would be ready to go on making payments in the course of a couple of hours. I opened the door, forty

or fifty men in the street. Ryan forced ^{his way} in and told Stony he would pull his hair out. Stony told him he could not have any disturbance there that he must go out doors. Ryan struck Stony in the face. Then were a dozen or more men in the store; they were shooting on towards Stony. Ryan had his arms around Stony and Fields pushed Ryan over on the counter; when Stony shot Ryan, the shooting occurred as soon as his left arm was liberated; the rest were in the pub. I remember Ryan said he would take his life or his heart out; I cannot state what was said by others they threatened to take his life. I went to the house immediately after the shooting to take care of Mrs. Stony, did not tell Stony where I was going. Heard the third shot when I ^{went} out of the back door. I went to the house and told Mrs. S. that she had better go to Mr. Masternans house; that she was not safe at home; Masternans is about $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distant. There were then about one hundred around the store. I met many as I was going away; some one said as I passed by a shanty "we had better kill old John. I do not know who made the remark. I do not know who came in the store besides Ryan. Fields & Baldwin were there. I could not say that I saw those defendants there then.

⁺ Benny crop examined says
I did not leave the store until I went to the house; Fields & Galloway had not gone out when I left. Fields was manager. Galloway was clerk & Baldwin was mechanic; Stony and I were then John Ryan come in. No one else with him. He was not up or pushed back to the door but fell before he ^{got} out. I left the store before those who rushed in had left - I can not tell how many were out side.
Re. Examined ~~says~~ says

at the time Ryan pushed himself in Stony said that they would pray as soon as they had

Made up the bills: there was about as many in as could push themselves through the door fifteen in no" I should think they complained of Stony said they would kill him if he didn't pay

Lester W. Gallop being sworn says

I was employed with Stony & Co at LaSalle See last, went there 28 Nov last" as clerk I was in store at the time of the affray. I was posting the bond bills on the Check Roll. Stony, Bullock, Maynard & myself were there may have been others. Stony spoke about paying the men. Ryan & son came down to the store. Ryan demanded his pay I told him it was customary to pay Boarding Bases after labors were paid. Stony put his hand upon his shoulder and said "come along out we are in a hurry to get ready to pay the men, they went along peacefully to the door; then Ryan seized Stony by the throat and said "he would not leave until he had his pay and that he would have his hearts blood. Ryan struck Stony with his fist and his son struck him with a stick across his nose. Stony put his hand in his pocket and got his revolver I saw a pistol turning on Ryans ^{right} side; he seemed to grasp Stony the harder; Stony shot him again. I seized pistol & drove some of them out; then I went to the back door. Some of the men were going out, we barred the front door. About forty men came in when Ryan seized ^{Stony} by the throat they said "damn him kill him" take his hearts blood. The shouting continued till Stony shot; after door was closed I washed Stony face. They began to throw stones into window; Stonys face was mired, his mouth bleeding. I saw the crowd through the window blinds of the back office they were breasting in the windows violently; Stony said he must go to the house and save his wife & child, that they would murder them. I had been out to quiet the crowd but they rushed upon me and I came and bolted the door. Stony raised his pistol to shoot

Kennedy - but I persuaded him not to - Kennedy was breaking windows. he stalked and looked at them some time they were throwing stones at the house. he made an other attempt to go out. I tried to stop him, he insisted and I let him go out. He went out of the south door. told me to stay and taste one of the stones. went about two third of the way to the house and stopped to talk with Anthony. the crowd rushed upon him and said "now we have him." he went round the corner of the house, that was the last I saw of him. fifteen or twenty minutes afterward I saw a considerable rush towards the barn. I heard them say "we will have him." I suppose Story was in the barn; when Story was talking with Arthur Michael Dewey near the load of hay, had a gun apparently trying to get aim at him. when I went out of the store John Ryan & Phil Sherry & others rushed upon me. From the time of the shooting to the time I saw Story last it was about an hour I knew Stern Breman I do not recollect seeing him on the day of the row. I do not recollect seeing Uncle Dewey at any other time than I have described already mentioned I knew Tom Dewey think I saw him there on that day: do not recollect seeing him doing anything. I knew Martin Ryan I saw him then between the house and the barn at the time of the rush to the barn. I do not remember of seeing either of these defendants in the store when Ryan was shot I knew Mr. Story his name was Albert L Story

Being cross examined says

Ryan & Son came into store together: both were there when Story put his hand on Ryans shoulder and requested him to leave. I think I went to the store before Story did not hear "I" have any conversation on the outside before he came in. Ryan was pushed back to the door. but once before the shooting. If there had been a conversation outside I should not have been very apt to have heard it. If the door

M. Dewey

R. Breman
Mr. Dewey
J. Dewey

M. Ryan

was shot. I know Phil Shay he had been shot to settle we did not settle with him because he had not his shovel I cannot tell how long the store is, perhaps thirty feet. The shooting occurred about two thirds the way back from the door. Story shot twice did not hear three reports. but I am not positive. Ryan was not shot three times; when I saw Story talking with Anthony. I think he had not time to have gone to the house since he left the store. I am confident that my statements of the facts is correct I knew the defendants I knew ^{they} part trials and so testified
Bering was Examined in chief says)

There had been another crew there before me he was sick at that time Story had a long store account with John Ryan and had become responsible for boarding for him. From the 10 to the 15th about Two hundred hands had been paid off I do not think the prisoners had been paid all who applied had been paid except Phil Shay & four or six others who had been dismissed because they had no shovels and board bill.

Ryan was Examined says

When I returned to the store I went in by the way of the back door. Every thing was posted on the board ~~bills~~ except the board bills. No one was with me when I went out around the store. Field was in the store. do not know where Maynard was. I saw Phil Shay when I went out he came towards me with a pistol in his hand. do not remember any other person then except Phil Shay. There was a crowd around me. I was not there but a moment or two. after shooting Ryan Story remained in the store twenty or thirty minutes. he didn't come to the store from the house it was but a short time after he left the store that he went to the door about fifteen minutes I should think. I knew some John Ryan he was in the store just after the affray

he came up and took hold of me and said I had better not go out doors, Story was then in the store "he said they would kill me. I gave the men no provocation; I merely threw up my hands and asked them to hold on a moment and hear me through and then if they wanted to go on with the suit they could."

Ryan was in the store about ten minutes I was with Story at the former settlement; they usually commenced on the 15th and finish several successive days I think I had not settled with a single man that afternoon I do not remember any one but Story coming without his shovel I was there when Story came. I did not hear any one say to Story he could not receive his pay without his shovel. I do not recollect any men no pay that day. I know by my pay sheet how many men were paid I have not seen it since about a week ago after the suit

James W Baldwin Sworn says

I was employed upon the job of Story Pallmadrake at Lasalle See last as overseer of Steam excavator. I witnessed part of the affray was there at the commencement of it. was in the store when Ryan was there several persons were in; when Ryan came in and demanded his pay in full he wanted to leave Story put his hand on his shoulder saying "John you do not want to leave" We cannot pay you until your boards are paid off The board bills were usually handled in and deducted from the laborers "pay" could not pay him out to morrow. Ryan said he would have his pay. Swore he would have it any way. Story told him not to waste so much time. Do quiet and not get angry he could not pay him then wished him to go out doors Ryan refused to go Story put his hand on R's shoulder

At Jersey

and they walked to the door, the door was opened and the crowd rushed in. Ryan turned round and took hold of Story: the crowd pushed in and back towards the centre of the store and crowded around him pretty thick. There was a shout but I can not tell what was said. I was a good deal excited did not know what now might amount to; couldnt tell how many were in the forward part of the store and nearly full. Story put his hand in his pocket for his revolver: young John Ryan got hold of his pocket: Story got out his revolver and shot old John Ryan: crowd was ~~pushing~~ moving towards Story and crowding him back in the store, kept crowding in. there was continually a great noise: after Story fired then they cried "Ryan is shot." Much that was said before the shooting was in Irish: which I did not understand. I went out after the shooting as quick as I could down towards the big dump to inform the men there that there was trouble: in coming back I went to the foot of the hill just west of the house just going up the hill I met Joe Murphy Mrs Story & child. I saw James Devoy at the foot of the hill he was talking to a man in a shanty door by the name of Murphy he told Murphy Story had shot Ryan. Murphy said ^{things} real Maynard had we better take him. Devoy said no let him go. Story we want and will have his hearts blood before we sleep. I do not know that he was armed: he went up the ravine towards his boarding place. I dont ^{exactly} know exactly where he boarded, but some where in the ravine. I went to the top of the hill where I met Mr Ryan the foreman. From the time I left the store to the time I met Devoy in the ravine was about fifteen minutes. When I came up the hill men were running about: there was a great noise. I am no person armed: I did not go near the crowd: I did not see Story or any return to the bluff. I only went to the top of the hill, I talked with Ryan and asked upon what I heard from him What D Laban

as soon as I could, did not get back before the death of Story. I started to go back and met a man who said Story was killed. I went back to LaSalle and did not return to the bluff until night. I saw the body of Mr. Story - he was dead at the stable door. I merely looked at him. The comers came over with us; it was about 9 o'clock. I do not know how many men were on the hill when I met M. Ryan on the hill. Perhaps one hundred, perhaps more. I did not see John Brennan in the affray, I did not see Michael Devry than I saw James Devry then - I saw James Devry at the foot of the hill but not on the hill. I saw him again in the evening when I returned to the bluff with Martin. I was present when he was taken prisoner; we went into the Shanties in search of men. Took every body we found. Devry was the officer told him to stop; Devry said he would not be taken alive, he had a gun in his hand. as we proceeded towards him he fired his gun. I do not know in what direction, it was night - and we were all running "he did not hit any body." he ran a short distance the officer said "Shoot him" and there was several shots made. I think Sheriff was along, did not know him at that time have drawn him ever. Devry stopped and said he was shot. I pulled my gun up to my face. He shouted Baldwin for Gods sake dont shoot me. I think he was shot in the arm he was taken into custody. I knew Martin Ryan by sight - did not see him that day was not there but a short time.

Levy examined star

It was after dinner that Ryan came into the store: do not know that - I went immediately from dinner into store. I think no one came in with Ryan. The door was kept fastened. Some half a dozen would come in if they were ^{not} kept out. They were generally

x
R. P. Brennan
m Devry
J. Devry

x M. Ryan

Came around the door pay day. They were there just after dinner. When Ryan first came in there was no crowd outside; the door was closed when Ryan came in. It was usually kept fastened. Ryan said I want my pay in full. I want to leave. he said this to Fields & Gallup. Tom Standing by. Stony said "John you do not want your pay. you are in Liquor if you were not you would not want your pay." I am acquainted with Ryan and noticed he was much excited, had seen him in liquor. had not seen him in Liquor down drums he was considered a good boarding boy. did his principal dealing at the store. I could not swear that Ryan went to the door more than once; nobody came in until Ryan was pushed to the door. I think there was one or two in the store when Ryan came in. Col. Maynard opened the door for Stony to walk Ryan out. the crowd pushed in. I heard the unusual noise on the outside before this, Stony & Ryan was in a scuffle: I think they had got half way back in the store when Stony shot Ryan. There was a counter on one side and barrels and boxes on the other. it was not a very roomy store. I did not see any weapons in the hands of the crowd. Ryan had hold of Stony arm. said he would ^{hurt} his pay his life his hide or something like this, ^{I saw} John Ryan Jr came in. I do not know that he had anything in his hand he took hold of Stony's pocket as if to prevent his handing out his pistol. I did not see anyone strike Stony. Saw no marks of blows. When Ryan was shot the cry was "Ryan is shot" crowd went out of store. When I met Col. Maynard there was several parties near together. Maynard had papers Shanties when I heard Peway talking with Murphy. I do not know how many men were arrested that night. There defendants were there that night except Mule Jersey who was taken a day or two afterwards. There were ten in the party in which I was

we took six or eight. think the sheriff told us to shoot Jersey when he run I stopped when Jersey raised his gun fired and raised my gun. My attention was not particularly drawn to what was going on in the store when Ryan came in. The scuffle attracted my attention. I cannot tell all that happened owing to excitement.

Henry A. Wood from says

I was employed on Story & Lewis job at Engine of Steam Excavator I was at the commencement I got to within a rod of store when I heard a pistol go off I was at NE corner of store. the crowd came out said somebody is shot. I asked who; they said Ryan. I asked what Ryan? I saw John Ryan Jr with a stick in his hand striking in the windows. he told me it was his father that was shot. I met Gallup coming from the south side of store. Young Ryan & Phil Shay rushed at him with the sticks. he broke the window with. Gallup escaped in the store. Old Ryan came ^{out} ~~out~~ Dan Flood on his side could not get to him. I went to Mr Lears house where he was lying ill. Ryans Shanty was further on. I looked out of the window and then saw Story go to his house; I then left carross parked between the blacksmith and Carpenter Shop. By End of Ram and west end of the house I went to go in to hall door of the house door fronts East. I got to within 3 or 4 feet of the door Story opened it a little and asked where his family was. I told him at Masternans. he wanted me to get him a horse. I went to Boston to the barn boy and told him I wanted a horse. asked him where I could find one. the boy lived in a house ten rods south of the barn and west of the blacksmith shop I saw crowd rush to the barn and heard cries now will have him "Kill him" others I made very ^{the} ~~noisy~~

I am; ^{Jerome} within two or three rods and heard blows in
the barn; when I got there the crowd dispersed with cries
"that is the Satisfaction" "that is all we want" I saw Story
lying on his face he was dead. Jenkins and Doyle turned
him over shortly afterwards. There were two gashes in his
head and one on his face. That across his face cut his nose
into it appeared to have been made with an axe his head
was buried apparently with a blunt instrument. Blood
was running all over his face from time I saw Story
in house to time I saw him dead was not more than
Twenty minutes. I should think there — one hundred
fifty to two hundred around the barn door. When
I was at Barns I saw some one chopping in the
corner of the store with an axe. When I met Ballou
I think Jim Ryan was present. From time of fireing
to the dispersing of the crowd it was about $\frac{1}{4}$ of an
hour. I saw James Berry during the affray
coming towards the crowd near the Barn door. I
think he had a gun in his hand. I could not say when
Story was then. Somewhere inside the Barn, when I
first saw Jersey he was a rod or two from the left
of the crowd. I lost sight of him in the crowd they
dispersed immediately afterward. I do not recollect
of seeing any other of these defendants there that day.

Berry crop Examined says

I knew J. Jersey by sight and
not know personally any of these defendants. I saw Phil Tracy
outside of the crowd. he had a pistol in his hand. I saw
Robert Garrett talking with Story and persuaded him not to
shoot "that man" I saw Anthony Stanley by some carts
none of these defendants did the chopping. I did not see
any one have clubs. did not see J. Ryan Jr until after
Story's death. after I left him at the store; I do not

Remember seeing Anthony when I saw Gage. Shay Stiner
at Gallup. I saw John Ryan & Sisko at him

Jonathan Pitcher from San

I went on the bluffs at LaSalle Dec last
was there at the affray. I had charge of building bridges. I
was at the big dump when war commenced. I was notified
by Baldwin; then of us went up - Sixty to one hundred men
were about there when I arrived; they were doing nothing but
tramping about and masting some hard talk. I heard considerale
threatening language: I heard Story's life and butting
threatened. I met Mrs. Story on my way. She gave me the keys
and requested me to lock the rooms: I did so; at this time
the crowd was around the house, throwing stones & clubs at
the house; There was considerable excitement & confusion.
I met Story he said "what shall I do I hate to kill a man
I told him not to. he was intending to shoot James Kennedy
who was throwing coal into the windows: coal rained down
Stones, paled by Story and myself and perhaps went 20
feet beyond before it struck the floor. I tried to persuade
Story to stay in the house and keep out of sight. I went out
the kitchen door, pushed into the crowd in front of the house
and talked with him. Two or three men were of a mind to
arrest Story and wanted me to apit them. I went to the house
to talk with Story and chenged some of the foremen to see
if he would not give himself up. I walk on the E. side of
the house. And saw Story go into the barn: I walked between
house & barn around S. side of barn to its S. E. corner
so that I could see the door on the west end. I walked
off of the road in a S. E. direction to some
men that stood by themselves: I then walked East (opposite)
Lock's ^{now} barn and then turned North and went up towards
the crowd. When I was into the men: Story was at the

East End of the Barn I concluded which was ~~why~~ reason
of my going in that direction. I saw a lot of men coming
from the S. side of the Barn going towards the crowd. I got there
just as the crowd were dispersing. I saw several men here
I knew few - one was Martin Ryan. He ran past me toward
the crowd with a stone in each hand. I saw weapons
of various kinds in several other persons hands. I saw
one a little one side with a rifle in his hand, do not
know who it was. As I came near I heard the crowd
say "We have killed him" One said I killed him another
you didn't "I did" one of them was beaten along by the
crowd. I knew Martin Ryan before that time when
the crowd left I went up to see Story; he was on his
back his face was cut with a full bit of an axe. Saw
stones about him; I rolled one over. It was covered with
blood. I thought it was the same stone that Ryan had
in his hand. I noticed two or three cubs about Story's
head. One was a piece of scantling. I did not notice
but one stone, there was blood on it. I think Story's friends
had been here before I had: I did not know the man that
said they killed Story. One of them had a very dark cont. I
went to the house. Saw the windows broken in; went to
Story's room saw women with pails at the door I do not
recollect of seeing any of these defendants in the crowd.
I knew James Ferney: I should think there were three
hundred men in the crowd.

Berry crop Examined says
I should not think all on the job were there I did not
see any one at the shanties when I met Mr. and
Mrs. Story, did not hear any threats then. I talked
with Mrs. Story perhaps a minute. I do not remember
that Baldwin had gone to LaSalle. When I met Mrs.
Story. think Baldwin did not go upon the bluff with me.

Mr. Ryan

did not see Anthony & Ryan on the bluff. I have no distinct recollection of seeing Anthony at all. One of them who wanted to arrest Story was old lame John Ryan there were several who sought to arrest Story. When I went to the barn seemingly the whole crowd rushed. The cries were "now we'll have him" now he's ours "have him" "Kill him" Some said "Kill him" & some said "we will have him" There was quite a number rushing round on the other end of the barn. I think I saw two other Americans around there. The Irishmen did not stay there when they shouted now "We've got him". But went round to the other end of the store. I saw lame John Ryan after Story was killed on the outskirts of the crowd. I saw Ryan the defendant before three or four minutes before this. When I saw Martin Ryan I stood E. of the barn, three or four rods from the barn, just between Lock's house and Blacksmith's shop. When I got to barn door Story was dead. I do not remember of stopping before I got to lame John Ryan after I saw Martin Ryan pass. And John Ryan was talking with Doyle. Doyle and Foustens had turned Story over.

J. L. Postwick Sworn Affid.

I had charge of the barn on Story's & Doyle's road. I saw the crowd on the road around the barn. I was in my house at commencement of affair house is on the bluff. I looked up towards where Ryan lived. There was a noise up there. I saw one hundred to one hundred and fifty men at the store. The crowd was hallooing. I saw a man cutting corner of store do not know who it was. I remained in barn a few moments and Anthony said "a horse must be got to go to town. He told me Story had killed Ryan. I got horses out and put a man on it. I do not know the man.

he came back again in a few minutes. Stony was then in the store. I afterward saw him go to the house. The crowd was then between the store & house at Stony's right-hand. Crowd did not stir around much until Stony went into the house. I then went down to my own house. Cook come and said Stony wanted a horse: and started up toward the barn door. There was then a crowd there. I got a rod or two from my house and I met some men. One, James Denney with a gun in his hand. Denney was going from the crowd; he passed me on my right, went between blacksmith shop and my house. Was not quite by ~~by~~ the blacksmith shop when I saw him. There was quite a crowd round the barn door, they began to disperse before I met James Denney.

J. Denney

Charles Jenkins soon says

I. was on the bluff lot of Stony & Co the 15th last. I saw the affray. I did not see the commencement of it. I was on the work, when I first went there. There was some confusion breaking in windows of house and store. The crowd was then gathering. There was some noise. I do not recollect what was said. I went up to Ryan to see him. I came back on the south side of the house. I saw Rob. Garrett holding Kennedy down. The man that I saw breaking the windows. Then I went round the north side of the house; he had a common chopping axe. The principal business that was going on was breaking in windows and doors. He was not more than six or eight - breaking windows at a time. I then saw Stony come out of the south side of the store and proceed towards the house with a pistol in his hand. with a pistol in his left hand; he held it down at arm's length. I was then on foot. I asked him to get into my wagon, his reply was "all but the in" he then uncocked

to the well and laid his pistol on a pile of short wood there he stepped to the hind part of the cut, which was backed up close to the porch, rested his elbow upon the east and his hand upon his head. I think Anthony spoke to him; the crowd was all around; they were coming up near Story. He then took his pistol and went into the house. He stood there a few moments and then came out; he went toward the stable and went in. Mr. Lighthorn spoke to me to go; we had got to S.W corner of the barn and then a crowd came up from behind me and some from A.W corner of the barn and said, "Story is escaping through the barn." Then Ned John Ryan asked me if I would arrest him. I told him that I would. I looked around for persons and saw none; in a few minutes I heard a noise in the front end of barn and ran round on the A.W side and came to the East door; when I got to within a very few feet of door I saw a small crowd carrying Story about breast high. His hands were breast high to them — his feet was dragging; he dropped upon his face outside the barn door; his feet I think were inside the barn. I thought — he was only stunned when I first saw him; but the blows came thicker and fast it was no use to hope for him. I got to him but I could do no good no one offered any violence to me; only that I was in the way; the blows were with boot heels, with walking sticks and one man struck him with a 3+4 oak scutching; the fellow then moved off very rapidly; he struck but once he had a low crowned flat hat, blue overalls shorter than trousers. A man struck him with an axe, I do not know who it was, the size would compare favorably with the man who was chopping at the store. I saw a stone came from the east an inch and a half or two inches on one edge; and one inch ~~at~~ the other edge I saw them striking him. I did not notice any marks upon Story's face when I saw them dragging him out. I prevented

the man they called Kennedy from striking him with a crooked Club. he is the man I saw breaking windows but I think he afterwards struck Story. I said to them that Story did not wish to go away. I thought his head was wonderfully beaten up. I think Mr Dozer helped me turn him over: did not examine his head particularly; his head was literally broken in, at appearance his face looked very bad: I think I could recognise no other of the men than Kennedy, when they dragged him out I thought he was dead. I did not see anything in his hand; he appeared insensible; I should think there were twenty persons that came to the door with him when the beating commenced; I think there was 150 men in the crowd. Crowd was dense. I did notice that there was shouts when I came up, when at the S & N corner of the Barn I heard the Shouts at the East end of the Barn. From the time that I got to the place when they were dragging Story out to the dispersing of the crowd I think was 15 minutes when Story went from house to the Barn some one said "Short" "Short" I dont know who had a gun, did not see any.

I was on the dump when the affray commenced. I saw Story about $\frac{1}{2}$ distance from stone & house. Crowd did not follow close, others standing back. From Stone to dwelling is 1 or 5 rods. The Barn was 3 or 4 rods from back part of the kitchen. There was nothing intervening but shade trees a load of hay was then some where, the man with the gun was standing 3 rods from house Barn between shade trees

I did not notice any weapons of destruction about the body: I noticed the stone and club that I saw him strike with. From the time I first met Story until he was killed was not more than 20 minutes to half an hour. I dont know

how many struck him with foot heels. They hit him in
the head.

I knew Martin Ryan before the riot I did not see Martin Ryan that day. I could not say that these defendants were in the crowd. I did not see them. I should think twenty or thirty men in the crowd with Stoney. I recollect of seeing John Ryan with Stoney in the same. John Ryan said "Did I not command you in the name of the People to take this man without hurting him. Ryan stood on the south side of the door near Stoney. That was the first time I saw Kennedy. I would have no difficulty in recognizing him again. I did not see any gun at any other time than the time I have mentioned.

I do not recollect of having any conversation with lame John Ryan after Stoney was killed.

"The People here rest"

Ryan's case

This was all the Evidence given in the case the prosecution then asked the court to instruct the jury in the words and figures following down
By the court

1 If the jury find the defendants guilty of Murder they will say "We the jury find the defendants guilty in manner and form as charged in the Indictment

2 You may find a part of the defendants guilty and a part of them not guilty if you shall think the evidence warrants you in so doing

3 If you shall find the defendants not guilty you will merely say "We the jury find the defendants not guilty"

given

4. Under this Indictment you may find the defendants or any of them guilty of Manslaughter, if you think the Evidence warrants you in so doing. And in case you find them or any of them guilty of Manslaughter then you will also fix the term of their confinement in the penitentiary for any term not exceeding Eight Years.

Wane County Circuit Court May Term
A.D. 1854

The People vs

3

Kem Breunum
Michael Denney
James Denney
Master Ryan
implied with

Indictment for Murder

The court is asked to instruct the jury on the part of the people as follows:

given

1st Murder is the unlawful killing of a human being in the peace of the people with Malice aforethought, either Express or implied

given

2nd Express Malice is that deliberate intention unlawfully to take away the life of a fellow ~~being~~ creature which is manifested by external circumstances capable of proof

given

3rd Malice shall be implied where no considerable provocation appears or where all the circumstances of the killing show an abandoned and malignant heart

+ 4 given An Accessory before the fact is one who stands by and aids, abets or assists in the perpetration of a crime, or who not being present hath advised or encouraged the perpetration of a crime

given 5 ✓ X The advice or encouragement that may make one an accessory to crime need not be by words, but by any word or acts sign or motion done or made for the purpose of encouraging the commission of a crime is sufficient to charge one as accessory.

given 6th An accessory before the fact under the law is deemed and considered as principal and is to be punished accordingly

given 7th If the Jury believe from the evidence that the prisoners on trial or any of them together with other persons entered into a common design to kill Albert Stoen or to do him any personal violence or to do any other unlawful act, and in pursuance of such common design any of the persons so combining killed Albert Stoen at the time and place and in the manner mentioned in the indictment, then all who participated in such common design are equally guilty as those who actually killed Stoen

given 8th If the Jury believe from the evidence that Albert Stoen was killed was killed at the time and place and in the manner charged in the indictment and that the prisoners on trial were present aiding, abetting or assisting in such killing then they are equally guilty as though they themselves had struck the fatal blow

given ✓ 9 if the jury believe from the evidence that the prisoners on trial were present at the killing of Story and were armed with offensive weapons and were acting in concert with those who perpetrated the killing those facts are sufficient to warrant the jury in finding them guilty though the evidence failed to show that they actually struck Story if the jury also find that Story was murdered at the time and place and in the manner charged in the indictment -

given ✓ 10th If the jury believe from the evidence that the prisoners on trial or any of them, together with other persons met together with the common design purpose to kill Story or to do him any personal violence, or to commit any other unlawful act, or being met together for a lawful purpose, if they afterwards had a common purpose to kill Story or do him personal violence or to do any other unlawful act and in pursuance of such common design purpose Story was murdered (at the time and place and in the manner charged in the indictment) by any of the persons having such common purpose, then all who had entered into such common purpose are equally guilty of the murder

given ✓ 11 The common purpose mentioned in the preceding instruction need not necessarily have existed for any considerable length of time it is sufficient if it is shown by the proof to have existed prior to or at the time of the killing

given ✓ 12["] The fact that Story refused to pay the laborers more than a dollar a day constitutes no justification for killing him and if Story was

relieved from ill feelings thus engendered. That is
Evidence of deliberate Malice in his Slayers

13rd The only doubt that can avail
gives to acquit the accused must be a reasonable doubt -
honestly and reasonably fairly entertained after all
reasonable effort to find out the facts. A juror is not
authorized to have an artificial or captious doubt
in order to acquit the accused.

14 If the jury believe that the
prisoners on trial could procure proof to explain
whatever may be proved against them and have
failed to do so. That is a circumstance to be weighed
by the jury in determining the question of their guilt
or innocence.

15 The combination or confederacy con-
spiracy mentioned in the preceding instruction may
be proved by circumstantial evidence

which was done to which
decision of the court in giving such instructions the
defendants by their counsel at the time excepted.

The defendants then asked the court to instruct
the jury.

1st ~~for defense~~
given If the jury believe that without the
testimony of Anthony the defendants could not be
convicted, and that they ought not to believe or
credit the testimony of Anthony then they should acquit
the defendants.

2nd if the jury believe that the witness Anthony
is mistaken in identifying the persons with whom

given
which was well acquainted and did not see persons whom he swore he did see then the jury should take these facts into consideration in determining whether he is correct in his statement - as to identity of persons with whom he was not acquainted

given
3 If the jury believe from the evidence that the circumstances detailed by the witness establish the guilt of the defendants beyond all reasonable doubt then the jury should acquit them

given
4 If the jury believe from the evidence that the circumstances detailed by the witness are not inconsistent with the innocence of the defendant then the jury should acquit them of the charge of murder

given
5 If the jury believe that the witness Anthony or any other witness knowingly testified falsely either as to identity of persons or any other material matter the jury are at liberty to ~~discredit~~ ^{disregard} and throw aside their testimony in toto

given
6 If the jury believe that the witness Anthony swore that he saw Galtup and ex. Marynard and Fields come around the store together after Stony shot John Bryan. And that in his statement - he is directly contradicted by the witness Galtup and Marynard. And if the believe that Anthony was incorrect in such statement - Identifying Marynard and Fields they ought not to give full credit to the testimony identifying the defendants. If his opportunity for identifying defendants was no better than for identifying the persons above named

7 only the jury believe beyond all reasonable doubt that the facts and circumstances are proof exclude every hypothesis but the guilt of the defendant when the jury should acquit them
 given

8th If the jury believe the facts and circumstances related by the witness ~~may be true~~ and yet the defendant ~~may be innocent~~ then the jury should acquit them
 given

9 If the jury believe that the life of Stony was taken upon design premeditated by others in a crowd on which various were present committing an affray but that said prisoners were not privy to said design & did not assist at the killing: And said life was not taken by persons confederately with the prisoners in some common design proposed Said other persons did the killing in question No Law is with the prisoners & they are not abettors and aiders in Law to said killing
 given

10th If the jury ^{do not} believe from the evidence beyond any reasonable doubt that the Prosecutors have established the guilt of the prisoners as charged in the indictment they are bound to acquit the prisoners
 given

11 If the jury entertain any ~~reasonable~~
 given upon the whole case any reasonable doubt upon the Law and evidence that the prisoners are guilty in the manner charged in the indictment they are bound to acquit them

12 Before the prisoners can be convicted as aiders and abettors in the crime of Murder or Manslaughter it is necessary that the Jury should
 given

Rufell
on crimes
p 27

13. Illinois
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just satisfied by proof that they were present as the confederates of those who killed Story and were engaged at the time with them who did the killing in a common undertaking in the prosecution of which the killing was committed; or that not being present they had advised or encouraged the perpetration of the offense

13rd If the jury believe that the prosecution have failed to establish any common design or confederacy between the prisoners on trial and those who actually killed deceased in pursuance of which design said Story was killed by those who really committed the facts and the prisoners did not actually kill deceased or assist in killing him they are entitled to an acquittal

14 If the jury believe from the evidence that the prisoners were present in the crowd with others and took part in the affray and riot but that is not proven they were engaged with those persons about killing deceased by some confederacy, combination or agreement to effect an unlawful enterprise in pursuance of which the killing took place and that they were not in such crowd as confederates of those killing upon the same person and under the same combination or engagement of mutual defense and sufficient to effect it at the instant the killing was committed the law will not hold them as aiders and abettors to the act of killing deceased

15 [Through also] If the jury should believe from the evidence that the prisoners at the bar were with the persons who killed deceased engaged comp-

as confederates to effect some unlawful enterprises but that while so engaged a murder was committed by some others of those engaged with them upon some account of their own; and not in prosecution of the common design or purpose of all engaged; And the prisoners are not proven to have known of the design of those killing; the Law will not hold them as aiding and abetting to the death or assault by others confederates unless they had participated in the design of killing.

Given 16th
If the Jury believe from the evidence that the prisoners & those killing deceased were all engaged in some unlawful design and to effect some criminal enterprises at the time of killing deceased, but that it does not appear but that such killing was committed from some malice prepense on the part of those actually killing on which design or guilty purpose the prisoners at the Bar did not participate - and it does not happen according to s in pursuance of the original design. the Law will not hold them as aiding & abetting to the fact of killing

17th

Given
If the jury believe from the evidence that the prisoners at the Bar were only engaged in an affray originally commenced by others; but on which prisoners had intermeddled and taken sides as combatants. But that the killing of Stony was by other persons who intended to kill him of which the prisoners were innocent then and in such a case the Law will not hold them guilty as aiders and abettors to the crime of Murder on the party killing deceased

which was done. The defendants also asked the court to instruct the jury that

18th

To aid abet and assist another who is guilty of killing a human being so as to make it murder or manslaughter in those aiding it is necessary that the jury should be satisfied by proof

1st

That those aiding were united with those actually killing in some common design of which the offender formed a part

See Russell 20

Hall Pg.

2nd

That the killing of Story happened and was caused in pursuance of such design

3

That the killing was not upon some other account of mere malice prepense in those actually killing of which intention or malice the persons were ignorant

19th

If the jury believe that the witness Anthony testified falsely in any one material matter then they have a right to disregard his testimony as to all other matters

20

If the jury do not believe from the evidence that the persons on trial James Michael Doherty and Ken Breman and Martin Ryan are the persons who actually killed the deceased they should be acquitted unless the proof establishing beyond a reasonable doubt the fact that they were standing by aiding abetting and assisting such persons or persons as actually caused the death

21

If the jury believe from the evidence that there was no intent on the part of the persons to kill Story and who killed him will be got

Defendents

To the sum. And that the prosecution have failed
to show, by proper evidence that the defendants had
such intent to kill or concurred, or agreed with the
persons who killed Story, before or at the time he was
so killed in such intent - and that the defendants
and the persons who killed Story were engaged in
a common or concerted intent. The jury should
acquit the defendants.

22^d

If the jury believe from the evidence
that the persons did not participate in any design to
take the life of Story. But that it was taken by other
persons without their consent or knowledge of intent
and that such life was not taken or planned by
any persons previous design formed between persons
& those killing than the law will not hold them as
aiders & abettors to the fact of killing unless they have
engaged and advised the perpetration of the act or
assisted or took part in the act of killing.

Defendents

4. It is essential for the prosecution
first to establish by proof the killing of the deceased
Albert Story. By some one of those charged in the
indictment, with Malice express or implied to constitute
murder, and if the jury are not satisfied beyond
any reasonable doubt that such killing was with
malice the jury cannot find any person charged
in the indictment guilty of the crime of murder

Which the court refused to which decision
the court in refusing said instructions as asked
by the defendants. the defendants by their counsel
at the time excepted. The jury rendered a

Verdict of guilty as charged in the Indictment
against all the defendants. The defendants then
moved the court to set aside the verdict and grant
them a new trial for the following reasons

People & C

{ Indictment for Murder
John Brannan
Michael Borhey
James Borhey
Martin Byam

And defendants come

by Plato Tammawest and Hoyne

and then moves the court for a new trial on the ground

1st That the verdict is against the evidence

2nd That the verdict is against the Law

3 That the verdict is against the Law and Evidence
and instructions of the court

4th That the court erred in giving the Instructions
asked for by Prosecution

5 That the court erred in refusing the Instructions
asked for on the part of defendants and
respectively themselves

6th The cause or Point was admitted to be
tried on Sunday morning the 28th May 1812

Plato Tammawest attorney

atty for seys
which motion was overruled by the court
and a judgment rendered on the verdict. On which
decision of the court in overruling said motion
for a new trial and rendering judgment on
said verdict. the defendants - by their counsel
at the time excepted and pray that their

Bill of exceptions being be signed and sealed
which is done in open court

Isaac G. Nelson
July 1st 1857

State of Illinois

Kane County J^{ss}

I Luther Dearborn Clerk of the
Kane County Circuit Court do hereby
certify that the above and foregoing is a full perfect and
complete copy the Record Transcript from the record of the
LaSalle County Circuit Court. Plea and statement
Indictment Records of the Kane County Circuit Court
and the Bill of ~~exception~~ Exceptions in the case of
The people of the State of Illinois against James Brum-
James Penney Michael Penney And Martin Ryan as
appears from the records and files of my said Office

In Testimony Whereof I have hereunto
set my hand and the Seal of said Court
at Geneva in said County this 14th day
of June AD 1857

Luther Dearborn

 Clerk

Supreme Court of Illinois

James Brumnow Michael Penney

James Penney & Martin Ryan

Court to Kane Co.

The People of Illinois

And now comes

the said Office of Plea, Transcribed above their Counsel
who say that in the Record of proceedings of said cause there is
manifest & notorious Error and that they are ready to
affy, whereon they may judgment,

under

And for causes of error in the Record upon
the following —

1st. The said Circuit Court of Kansas having
never obtained jurisdiction of said cause nor the
parties thereto, and has no right to try the same.

2^d. The Court erred in overruling the
objection of Pepp. to the question put by counsel proposed
to the witness Anthony & permitting said question to be put
and answered —

3^e. The Court erred in overruling a motion
in arrest of judgment in said cause —

4^f. The Court erred in overruling a motion
for a new trial herein —

5^g. The Court erred in giving each of the
instructions asked for & given on the part of the
People — ^{and all}

6^h. The Court erred in refusing each of the
instructions asked for and refused on the
part of said Plaintiffs —

7ⁱ. The Court in giving each of the instructions
asked for the People —

8^j. The Court erred in pronouncing judgment
and sentence on the verdict herein —

9^k. H. — — erred in rendering judgment
and sentence of death upon the verdict as may
appear from the record was ^{formerly} ^{agreed} ^{between} ^{the} ^{parties} ^{to} ^{the} ^{trial} ^{before}
the charge of murder on a former trial of
said cause —

10^l. The Court erred in giving sentence and
rendering judgment of death on the verdict
against each of the above named Plaintiffs —

11^m. The Court of Appeals erred in overruling the
Plea or Statement of said Offt, and retaining
the sentence thereof —

12^d These Plaintiffs were unmercifully put upon a trial
for their lives after one verdict upon the same
Indictment had been rendered against them
and they were thus put in jeopardy of
life for the same offence.

13^d There is error in the order of Service
allowing the Jury to seal their verdict
over their Cause —

Hopra Plato & Samson
Counsel for Plaintiff in Error

14 The verdict of the Jury is contrary to other
evidence in the Law of the case —

And the said People by Wallace & Blackwell
their attorneys come & say that in the
Records of the proceedings and in
the rendering of the judgments
aforesaid there is not any error
in manner and form as above
assigned, and that they are
ready to verify by the record &c
Wherefore they pray judgment &c

Wallace & Blackwell
for People