

No. 12434

Supreme Court of Illinois

Zimmerman

---

vs.

*w*  
Mead

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71641  7

State of Illinois, <sup>True</sup>  
County of Peoria, <sup>True</sup> In the Circuit Court.

Hezekiah M. Read  
for the use of the  
Illinois Central Rail  
Road Company

vs  
Charles W. Henneman

Plaintiff

Defendant

State of Illinois }  
Peoria County } ss

Pleas in the circuit court in and  
for the county of Peoria and state of Illinois, be-  
fore the honorable ~~the judge~~ of said court presid-  
ing therein according to law.

To all whom it may concern, Know ye,  
that the records of said <sup>Court</sup>, being inspected and examined,  
there appears of record among the records and  
proceedings of said court, the following matters  
and things to wit:-

Be it remembered that heretofore to wit:  
on the eleventh day of October A.D 1856, there was  
filed in the office of the Circuit Court clerk, in  
and for said county and state, a process in words  
and figures following - to wit:-

Court

Hesekiah M. Mead & Circuit Court  
for the use of the Illinois & in and for the County  
Central Rail. Road Company of Peoria above term  
Chas W. <sup>vs</sup> Zimmerman thereof A.D. 1886.

The Clerk of the Circuit Court of said  
Peoria County will issue Summons in favor  
of the above named plaintiff against the  
above named defendant as above in an  
action of trespass on the case on promises  
returnable according to law - Damages  
\$1000.00 Mead & Williamson  
Atty's for Plff

And afterwards to-wit: on the day and date last above  
named, there was issued from the office of the  
clerk aforesaid, a summons in words and  
figures preceding, to-wit:-

The People of the State of Illinois  
To the Sheriff of Peoria County -  
Greeting

We command you to summon Charles W. Zimmerman if he may be found in your County, to appear before our Circuit Court on the first day of the next <sup>term</sup> day thereof, to be held at Peoria, within and for the said County of Peoria, on the 3<sup>rd</sup> Monday of November next then and there in our said Court, to answer unto Zezekiah M. Read for the use of the Illinois Central Rail Road Company of a plea of trespass on the case on promises to his damage one thousand dollars as is said, and make return of this writ with an endorsement of the time and manners of serving the same, on or before the first day of the term of the said Court to be held as aforesaid.

Witness James S. Barkman,  
Clerk of our said Court, and  
the seal thereof, at Peoria, this  
11<sup>th</sup> day of October in the year  
of our Lord one thousand eight  
hundred and fifty six.

(Signed) James S. Barkman  
Clerk

And on the day of the issuing of said summons,  
there was filed in the office of the clerk aforesaid  
a declaration in words and figures following to-  
wit:—

Hezekiah M. Mead  
for the use of the Illinois Central Rail Road Company } In the Peoria  
Central Rail Road Com- } C. C. Nov 7 1836.  
pany }

vs  
Charles W. Zimmerman } Declaration

State of Illinois }  
Peoria County } & Hezekiah M. Mead  
who sue for the use of the Illinois Central Rail  
Road Company plaintiff complains of Charles  
W. Zimmerman who was summoned &c,  
Defendant, in a plea of the Case on promise  
for that the said defendant heretofore  
towit on the 7<sup>th</sup> day of November A.D. 1835  
at and within the County and State aforesaid  
made his certain note in writing of that date,  
thereby by the name of C. W. Zimmerman  
promising to pay to the order of William  
Kellogg (by the name of W. Kellogg) at the  
office of F. B. Carter & Co. in the city of Peoria  
Ill. the sum of seven hundred dollars Eight  
months after the date thereof, for value received.  
And the said Kellogg by his signature in writing  
on the back of said note afterwards on the  
same day (signed Wm. Kellogg) ordered and  
assigned said note to be paid to the plaintiff  
of which defendant had notice. Yet the

Said defendant his promise aforesaid not regarding hath not paid said note, nor the sum of money therein specified either at office of the said A.B. Curtis & Co. in the City of Peoria aforesaid, nor to the said Plaintiff, although the time specified in said note for the payment thereof hath long since elapsed; but to pay the same or any part thereof hath hitherto refused and still doth refuse to the damage of the said Plaintiff one thousand dollars wherefore he brings suit &c

(Signed) Mead & Williamson  
Atty's for Plaintiff

The following is a copy of the note on which this suit is brought

\$700. Peoria Novem 7. 1855

Eight months after date I promise to pay to the order of W<sup>m</sup> Kellogg at the office of A.B. Curtis & Co. in the city of Peoria Ill. seven hundred dollars value received

C. W. Zimmerman

Endorsement on the back of said note as follows "Pay the within note to Hezekiah M. Mead

W<sup>m</sup> Kellogg"

And afterward to wit: - on the 12<sup>th</sup> day of November AD 1850, there was filed in the office of the clerk aforesaid a plea, in words and figures following to wit:

State of Illinois }  
County of Peoria }  
In the Circuit Court for  
said County

Charles W. Zimmerman }  
at the suit of }  
Hezekiah M. Read }  
who sues for the use of }  
The Illinois Central RailRoad }  
Company - }

And the said defendant by  
Charles C. Bonney his Attorney comes and  
defends the wrong and injury when &c.  
and says that the said declaration, and  
the matters therein contained, in manner and  
form as the same are above stated and set-  
forth, are not sufficient in law for the said  
plaintiff to have or maintain his aforesaid  
action thereof against the said defendant,  
and he the said defendant is not bound  
by law to answer the same. And this he  
is ready to verify, wherefore, by reason of  
the insufficiency of the said declaration in  
his behalf, the said defendant prays judg-  
ment and that the said plaintiff may  
be barred from having or maintaining his  
aforesaid action thereof against him &c.  
and the said defendant states and shows

to the Court here, the following causes of demurrer to the said declaration, that is to say,

1. The said declaration is not properly entitled of the Court in which this action is brought,
2. The said action is brought for the use of the Illinois Central Rail Road Company, yet there is no averment in the said declaration that the said Company hath any interest in the cause of the action aforesaid.
3. The said Plaintiff complains in "a plea of the case on promises" which is not any plea known to the law.
4. There is no averment in the said declaration that the said defendant promised to pay the sum of money therein specified -
5. There is no averment in the said declaration that the ~~said~~ defendant ~~promised~~ note therein mentioned is a promissory note.
6. There is no averment in the said declaration that the said defendant promised to pay the amount of said note to the plaintiff.
7. The said Declaration is pleaded and

signed in and by the Copartnership name  
of two attorneys, and not otherwise.-

8. The said declaration is otherwise  
informal, uncertain and insufficient,  
etc.

(Signed) Charles C. Bonney  
Attorney for  
Defendant.

Proceedings at a term of the circuit, began and held in the  
city of Peoria in the county of Peoria and state of  
Illinois, on the third day of November, 1856, it  
being the 17<sup>th</sup> day of the month. - Present Honorable  
D. N. Powell, Judge of the 16<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit in the state  
of Illinois, to wit:

Monday, December 1<sup>st</sup> 1856.  
Hezekiah M. Head, for the  
use of the Illinois Central  
Rail Road Company,

vs. Assumpsit  
Charles W. Zimmerman

This day came the Plaintiff in person and  
the defendant by Charles C. Bonney his attorney, and  
this cause came on to be heard on the demurrer of  
the defendant to the declaration of the Plaintiff  
and was argued by counsel and the court being fully  
advised in the premises is of opinion that the decla-  
ration aforesaid, and the matter therein contained

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are sufficient in law to support this action, whereupon  
it is considered that the said plaintiff ought to re-  
cover his damages against the defendant by reason  
of the premises; but because the court knowe not  
what damages the plaintiff has sustained and  
this suit is brought upon an instrument in writing  
for the payment of money only, the clerk is directed  
to make an assessment thereof and report the same  
to the court which is accordingly done and reported to the  
court at the sum of seven hundred and fifteen dollars  
and seventy-five cents, which report is approved by the  
court. Therefore it is considered that the said Nezekiah  
M. Read for the use of the Illinois Central Rail Road,  
have and recover of the said Charles W. Zimmerman,  
the sum of seven hundred and fifteen dol-  
lars and seventy-five cents damages aforesaid  
in form aforesaid assessed, and also his costs  
and charges by him about his suit in this be-  
half expended, and that he have execution thereon.

Thursday, December 18<sup>th</sup> A.D. 1856.

Nezekiah M. Read, for the use of the Illinois Central Rail Road Company  
vs. Assumpson

Charles W. Zimmerman,

This day came the defendant by his  
attorney and prayed an appeal to the supreme court  
of this state herein, which is allowed on his filing  
in the office of the clerk of this court in thirty days.

an appeal bond payable to the plaintiff in  
the penal sum of one thousand dollars  
with William S. Moss as surety and con-  
ditioned according to law.

And afterwards to-wit on the 25<sup>th</sup> day of De-  
cember, A.D. 1856, there was filed in the office afores-  
aid, an appeal bond, in words and figures following  
to-wit

Know all men by these presents that we  
Charles W. Zimmerman as principals, and  
William S. Mose as surety are held and  
firmly bound unto Hezekiah M. Read  
for the use of the <sup>Illinois</sup> Central Rail Road Company  
in the penal sum of One thousand dollars  
for the payment whereof well and truly to  
be made, we hereby bind ourselves, our heirs  
executors and administrators, jointly and  
severally, firmly by these presents. Witness  
our hands and seals at Peoria this 18<sup>th</sup>  
day of December A.D. 1836. -

The condition of the foregoing obligation is  
such that whereas the above named Heze-  
kiah M. Read for the use of the Illinois  
Central Rail Road Company did at the  
November term A.D. 1836, of the Circuit  
Court within and for the County of Peoria  
in the State of Illinois, recover by the con-  
sideration of said Court, a judgment  
against the above bounlers Charles W. Zim-  
merman for the sum of Seven hundred  
and fifteen dollars and seventy five cents  
damages, besides costs of suit, from which  
said judgment the said Charles W. Zim-  
merman has taken an appeal to the ~~Supreme~~  
~~Supreme~~ Court of said State of Illinois,  
now if the said Charles W. Zimmerman

shall duly prosecute his said appeal,  
and shall well and truly pay the  
judgment aforesaid and all costs,  
interests and damages, in case the  
said judgment shall be affirmed by  
the said Supreme Court, then this at-  
tachment shall be null and void,  
otherwise to remain in full force and  
effect.

C. W. Zimmerman

{ seal }

Wm. S. Mops

{ seal }

State of Illinois,

Pekin County, this 9<sup>th</sup> I. Crook Sloan, clerk of the  
circuit court in and for said county, do  
certify that the foregoing is a true tran-  
script of the proceedings and the records of  
the cause, wherein Hezekiah M. Head is plaintiff  
and Charles W. Zimmerman is defendant, as  
the same remains of record and on file in my  
office

In witness whereof, I hereto set  
my hand and the seal of said  
court at Pekin, this 9<sup>th</sup> day  
of April A.D. 1857.

Crook Sloan, Clerk

State of Illinois; et al.

In the Supreme Court  
at Ottawa - Of the  
April Term A.D. 1857.

Charles W. Zimmerman  
appellant

vs  
Zekeleah M. Head for  
the use of the Illinois  
Central Rail Road Company  
appellee -

Appeal from  
Peoria Circuit  
Court -

And therefore comes the said  
Charles W. Zimmerman by Charles C. Bon-  
ney his attorney, and says that in  
the record and proceedings aforesaid,  
and also in the judgment of the judge-  
ment aforesaid there is manifest  
error in this twill; that the said Circuit  
Court overruled the said demurrer to the  
said declaration; there is also error in  
this twill, that the caption of the record  
aforesaid is repugnant and insuf-  
ficient: there is also error in this twill,  
that by the record aforesaid it appears,  
that the judgment aforesaid, uniform  
aforesaid, was given for the said Charles W. Zimmerman  
Zekeleah M. Head whereas by the law

of the land the said judgment ought  
to have been given for the said Charles  
W. Haineman, against the said  
Hezekiah M. Head.

And the said Charles W. Haineman  
prays that the judgment aforesaid for  
the errors aforesaid and for other errors  
apparent in the record and proceedings  
aforesaid, may be reversed, annulled,  
and altogether held for nothing, and  
that he may be restored to all things  
which he hath lost by occasion of  
the said judgment &c.

Charles C. Bonney  
attorney for  
appellant

And the said Hezekiah M. Head  
in his own proper person cometh  
into court here, and saith that there  
is an error, either in the record and  
proceedings aforesaid, or in the rendition  
of the judgment aforesaid, and prays  
that the justices of the said Supreme  
Court here may proceed to examine  
as well the record and proceedings  
aforesaid, as the matters aforesaid  
above assynd for error, and that  
the judgment aforesaid, in form afo-

= said given, may be in all things  
affirmed &c.

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Gummeman v.  
Wead &c Appeal

Record &  
Errors -

Filed April 23 1857

S. Leland  
Clerk

\$500

State of Illinois et

In the Supreme Court  
of the State of Illinois  
Northern Division

Zimmerman

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Wraa et al

Brief of Appellee

The appellant has abandoned his  
first ~~assignment of error~~ cause of  
demurrer to the declaration of fact  
below.

To the 2<sup>d</sup> cause of Remainer assigned  
to said declaration Appellee replies  
That the issues are between the nominal  
Plaintiff and the defendant and the fact  
that the suit is brought to the Illinois  
and Rock Island Railroad Company is sufficient  
notice that said Company will be  
entitled to whatever ~~judgment~~ may be  
recovered against the defendant and to  
the money collected by virtue of  
the same. On the true the defendant  
had the right to ~~any~~ make any de-  
fense he might have existing between  
him and the Plaintiff Wraa, therefore  
We say the issues were ~~not~~ to  
turn Wraa and Zimmerman. If  
so the cause assigned was not ground

of Demurrer, the declaration being neither  
bad in substance or in form.

Of the 3<sup>o</sup> cause of demurrer ~~asserted~~  
the appellee says that the said defendant  
below was summoned as the Record  
shows to answer the Plaintiff in an  
action of Trespass on the case or prom-  
ises. (see Principia Summis) and the  
declaration by its averments and al-  
legations shows an action of Trespass on  
the case on promises, and therefore the  
defendant could not be prejudiced  
by the fact that theiff in his declaration  
called it a plea of the case on promises.  
But the appellee ~~acknowledges~~ he is un-  
able to see any ~~&~~ impropriety in calling  
said action a plea of the case on promises.  
The action is on promises, and the ap-  
pellant is unable to see the difference  
between saying an action on promises,  
a plea of the case on promises, and  
a plea of trespass on the case on prom-  
ises, he understands them all to mean  
the same thing, and had he been said  
an action of Assumpsit, he would  
have understood it to mean an  
action of trespass on the case or  
promises. We think the pleas are  
but one plea and that is ~~broken~~

one familiarly known to all who  
counts if not to the law.

4. The objection is that the Declaration  
don't call the note "a promissory note" but  
it shows that it is one conclusively.  
It calls it a "note in writing" & sets it  
out. Would it have been any less a  
promissory note, if the pleader had called  
it a "hurricane"? 5

The allegation is, "thirby promising"  
that is "he thirby promised" &c. The note  
was assigned before it became due of  
which defendant had notice, of course  
by virtue of the Statute, the note was  
then due to pltf.

5<sup>th</sup> The 5<sup>th</sup> cause is already answered  
of th. This objection is too refined &  
spiritual for us to understand  
It may be good, but as it is  
hazardous we can't see it

8. It "was ordered & agreed to be paid  
"to pltf" in writing on the back of the  
"Note". What more is needed?

We can't see the defects

20 W Hazard & Mead & Williamson Atts

Yonnerman  
or  
Mead

Defendant's Brief

Elli Hagard &  
Mead & Williamson  
for Defendants

State of Illinois      8th      In the Supreme Court -  
                                at Ottawa  
Zimmerman }  
v.  
Wead &c.    {      Appeal from Peoria.

Appellants Brief -

The appellant does not here insist upon the special cause of demurrer to the said declaration by him firstly in the Court below assigned. Of the like cause by him in like manner secondly assigned, he says that every declaration ought to show upon its face that the party for whom the action, wherein the same is filed, is brought hath some clear and certain right, also the foundation of that right and how it accrued. In this case Wead sueas as a mere nominal party, describing the Illinois Central Rail Road Company as the real or beneficial plaintiffs yet by this declaration it appears that ~~both~~ the legal and equitable rights to the cause of action here set forth are in Wead alone. For this the declaration is either bad in substance or in matter of form.

Of the third cause of demurrer by him assigned, the appellant says that in all cases safe and sound practice requires parties to plead in legal language and forbids the toleration of loose averments or unknown terms as dangerous to their opponents and unbecom-

ing the dignity of Courts of Justice - And it is no answer to this to say that the Court can readily guess what the pleader ought to have said -

Of his fourth and sixth cause of demurrer the appellants suggests that the very foundation of the action of Abumpssit is a promise by the defendant to the plaintiff; that such promise must in every case be either formally or substantially averred and this not by way of recital merely. Here there is no allegation of any promise or liability to the plaintiff, nor ought but a bare recital of "promising" to Kellogg the payee who is not a party -

Of the cause of demurrer by him fifthly assigned, the appellant suggests that while the term "promissory note" is found in our Statute of negotiable instruments, the mere word "note" is insufficient without further description.

Of his seventh cause of demurrer to the said declaration, the appellant, has but to say that his profound respect for Mr Chitty induced him to make this assignment, which he submits to the judgment of this Court with a reference to 1 Chitty's Readings, pg 428 and authorities there cited, and the remark that however many times this objection may have been waived in other cases, no such waiver ought to prejudice his legal right here upon exception fairly taken - The reason of the rule is that the Court may always know certainly what

attorney to hold responsible for any pleading  
which may be filed.

Under his last general assignment of  
causes of said demurrer, the appellant says  
that technically an assignment of ~~assig~~<sup>able</sup> instrument cannot be made by a  
mere "signature" as in the said declaration  
alleged. Even by ~~clonell's~~ (N.Y.) Practice - even  
by Evans (Ohio) Practice and Precedents this  
declaration would be bad; and if bad  
by them the appellant respectfully submits  
that it may be difficult to find law  
to sustain it.

Of the matter secondly by him assigned for  
error the appellant respectfully submits, <sup>that</sup> the  
proceedings in the said caption mentioned  
are not alleged to be the proceedings of  
any court; that the day of the term is not  
mentioned in said caption, nor doth it  
appear therefrom that the Clerk and Sheriff  
were present to constitute a Court.

The appellant therefore respectfully  
insists that the said Circuit Court erred  
in giving judgment for the said plaintiff  
and that the same ought to be reversed.

Charles C. Bowmer  
attorney for appellant  
Authorities. " "

11 Chit's Pldys 125 et seq - 111 Do 1411 et seq - 11  
Wash. 187. - 11 N.H. Reps 289 - Hardin 225 - Stra  
793 - Ld Ray 1516 - 1 Sid 246 - Com Dig. cfc.  
Aapt. H. 3 - 1V Tyr 314 - 11 Cal 39 - 111 Mass  
566 - X Wend. 487 -

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Gimmenman v. Head &c.

Appeal -

Appellants' Brief

Filed April 28, 1857

J. Leland  
Clerk

Charles C. Bonney for App't

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