

No.

12610

Supreme Court of Illinois

Parmelee.

vs.

Saxon.

71641

Sup<sup>73</sup> Court 15  
Franklin Parmelee  
vs. Roffman  
Sarah E. Saxon  
Dept. in re

Points & Authorities  
for Supersedas,

Filed Aug. 8. 1888.  
V. Deland M.

State of Illinois  
Cook County } ss.

Bear before the Honorable Robert S Wilson  
Recorder of the city of Chicago and Presi-  
-ding Judge of the Recorders Court of said  
city at a term thereof begun and held  
at the Court House in said city of Chicago  
on the first Monday of February it being the  
fifth day of the Month February in the year  
of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred  
and fifty five and of the Indepen-  
-dence of the United States the Seventy ninth  
Present R S Wilson Recorder of the city of  
Chicago and Judge of said Court  
Daniel McIlroy States attorney of 7<sup>th</sup>  
Judical Circuit James Andrew Sheriff  
Cook County

Attest

P A Hoyne Clerk of said Court

Be it remembered that on the twelfth day of  
January anno Domini One thousand eight hun-  
dred and fifty five there was filed in the Clerks  
office of said Recorders a certain Peoples writ  
of Summons which said Summons is in words  
and figures as follows to wit:

State of Illinois

Cook County } ss

The People of the state of Illinois  
to any Constable of said County Greeting, You are  
hereby commanded to summon Frank Parnell  
to appear before me at my office in S Chicago on the  
9<sup>th</sup> day of December 1854 at 9 o clock AM to  
answer the Complaint of Sarah E Septer in  
tress and Conversion for a failure to pay  
her a certain sum not exceeding one hundred

dollars, and hereof make due return as the law directs  
Given under my hand and seal this 7<sup>th</sup> day of Dec.  
Ember A.D. 1854 Calvin DeWolf *Seal*

Justice of the peace

And on the back of said writ was the following endorsement  
to wit: Served by reading to the within named defendant  
this 6<sup>th</sup> day of December 1854 fees \$5-

C T Boque Court

And afterwards to wit on the same day and year last  
aforesaid there was filed in the Clerks office aforesaid  
a certain Manuscript which is in words and figures  
as follows to wit:

Sarah E. Saxton vs Frank Parmelee  
Prover and Converion Demand \$100  
Summons issued to C T Boque Court returnable  
Dec 9 / 54 at 9 O'clock A.M. returned served  
by reading to defendant December 6<sup>th</sup> 1854  
Contd on application of plff to Decr the 16 / 54  
at 2 O'clock P.M. and by agreement  
deponents issued to take depositions Contd to  
Dec 20 / 54 at 2 P.M. on motion of plff Contd  
to Decr 21<sup>st</sup> / 54 at 2 P.M. Contd to Decr  
22<sup>nd</sup> / 54 at 2 P.M. Decr 22<sup>nd</sup> / 54 came  
Called for trial after hearing the evidence Judgment  
is rendered in favor of the Plaintiff  
against the defendant for the sum of (Judg)  
\$57.00 and for costs

January the 4<sup>th</sup> / 53 Deft prays appeal and  
files Bond which is approved and appeal  
allowed Taken to the Recorders Court of  
the city of Chicago

Justices fees Dec 12 1/2  
Sums 18 3/4  
1 Court 12 1/2  
1 Spa 18 3/4

		Court Bogue
order	25	1 Sev
Judgt	25	1 Mile
Transcript & Cost	50	Service
Bond & App	50	1. Mile
Judges fees	150	

I certify the foregoing Transcript to be a true copy of the proceedings before me from my docket in the above entitled cause.

C De Wolf J P.

And afterwards dwit on the same day and year last aforesaid there was filed in the Clerks office aforesaid a certain Bond which is inwards and figures as follows dwit: Know all men by these presents, That we Frank Parmele and Frederick E Parmele of the County of Cook and State of Illinois are held and firmly bound unto Sarah E Saxon in the penal sum of one hundred and twenty dollars lawful money of the United States for the payment of which well and truly to be made we bind ourselves our heirs executors and administrators jointly severally and firmly by these presents Witness our hands and seals this 4<sup>th</sup> day of January AD 1855-

The condition of the above obligation is such that whereas the said Sarah E Saxon did on the 22<sup>d</sup> day of December AD 1854 before Calvin De Wolf a justice of the peace for the said County of Cook recover judgment against the above bounden Frank Parmele for the sum of fifty seven dollars and costs, from which judgment the said Frank Parmele has taken appeal to the Recorders Court of the City of Chicago of the County of Cook aforesaid and State of Illinois Now if the said Frank Parmele shall

prosecute his appeal with effect and shall  
pay whatever judgment may be rendered  
by the Court upon dismissal or trial of said  
appeal then the above obligation to be void  
otherwise to remain in full force and <sup>effect</sup>  
Approved by me at my office

this 4<sup>th</sup> day of January 1855 Frank Parmele <sup>Seal</sup>  
C DeWolf Justic peace F E Parmele <sup>Seal</sup>

And afterwards to wit on the same day and year  
last aforesaid there was issued out of the office  
of the Clerk aforesaid the Peoples certain Writ of  
Summons directed to the Sheriff of Cook County  
aforesaid which is in words and figures as  
follows to wit;

State of Illinois  
Cook County

City of Chicago ss. The People of the State of  
Illinois to the Sheriff of said County greeting  
We command you that you summon Sarah  
E Saxton if he shall be found in your County  
personally to be and appear before the Recorders  
Court of said City in said County on the first  
day of the next Term thereof to be holden at the  
Court House in Chicago in said County on the  
first Monday of February next to answer unto  
Frank Parmele on an appeal from the Judgment  
of Calvin De Wolf Esq; a Justice of the  
peace within said city and have you then  
then this writ with an endorsement thereon  
in what manner you shall have caused executed  
the same Witness Phillip A Hoyne Clerk of our said  
Court and the seal thereof at Chicago aforesaid  
this 12<sup>th</sup> day of January A D 1855

<sup>Seal</sup>

P A Hoyne Clerk

And on the back of said writ is the following endorsement to wit:

The within named Sarah E Saxon not found  
in my County this January 18<sup>th</sup> 1855.  
Fees 100 J as Andrew Sheriff By J H Summers  
Dep

And afterwards to wit on the eighth day of February  
in the year last aforesaid there was issued out of  
the Clerks office aforesaid the Peoples Writ of  
Alias Summons which is in words and figures  
as follows to wit:

State of Illinois }

Cook County } Is The People of the State of Illinois  
to the Sheriff of said County Greeting: We Command  
you as we before have commanded you that you  
summon Sarah E Saxon if he shall be found  
in your County personally to be and appear before  
the Recorders Court of said City in said County  
on the just Monday of March next to answer  
unto Frank Parmalee on an appeal from the  
judgment of Calvin De Wolf Esq; a justice  
of the peace within said City and have you then  
and there this writ with an endorsement thereon  
in what manner you shall have executed the  
same Witnes Philip Hoyne Clerk of our said  
Court and the seal thereof at Chicago aforesaid  
this 8<sup>th</sup> day of February AD 1855

Leul<sup>3</sup> P A Hoyne Clerk

And on the back of said writ was the following  
endorsement to wit The within named Sarah  
E Saxon not found in my County

4<sup>th</sup> March 1855 Return 10cts

James Andrew Sheriff  
Shff

And afterwards to wit on the 9<sup>th</sup> day of January  
February in the year last aforesaid it being one  
of the days of the February Term of said Court  
the following proceedings among others were had  
and entered of Record to wit  
Sarah E Saxton

vs appeal  
Franklin Parmalee

This day comes the said plaintiff by Farnsworth  
and Bassett her attorney and the said defendant  
by Anderson his attorney also comes and issue  
being joined it is ordered by the Court that a jury  
come and thereupon come the jurors of a jury  
of good and lawful men to wit J R Allen  
H Kingsley L Cuswell J P Knott George C Ross  
H M Bird Jacob Doney James Duffy G A  
Johnson F A Bacon B T Brown and J A  
Reed who being duly selected tried and sworn  
will and try to try the issue joined between  
the parties according to law and the evidence  
and they hearing the testimony of witnesses ar-  
guments of Counsel and instructions of the Court  
retire under charge of an officer of the Court to  
consider of their verdict and afterwards come into  
Court and say we of the jury find the issue for  
the plaintiff and assess the damages at the sum  
of sixty two dollars and seventy five cents and  
now comes the said defendant by his attorney  
and moves the Court for a new trial herein

And afterwards to wit on the fourteenth day of  
February in the year last aforesaid there  
was filed in the Clerks office aforesaid a certain  
motion in writing which is in words and figures  
as follows to wit:

Recorder Court

Franklin Parmelee }  
ads  
Sarah & Saxton }

Now comes the said Franklin Parmelee and by his attorneys Anderson McAllister Garrison and moves for a new trial in this case on the grounds that there was no evidence that the trunk and contents had been in the actual possession of the deft with his knowledge and assent and that he had converted them to his own use, or that he had them in his possession when demanded and refused to deliver them up.

Anderson McAllister Garrison  
defts attys.

And afterwards, to wit on the first day of March in the year last aforesaid it being one of the days of the said February Term of said Court the following other proceedings were had and intituled of Record in said Cause to wit, This day comes the said plaintiff by Farnsworth his attorney and the said defendant by Anderson his attorney also comes and the Court having fully advised himself on the motion for a new trial heretofore entered in this cause orders that the same be overruled Therefor it is ordered and considered by the Court that the said plaintiff do have and recover of the said defendant her damages assessed as aforesaid of sixty two dollars and seventy five cents together with all her costs and charges as well in the Court below as in this Court by her herein expended and have Execution therefor

And now comes the said defendant by his attorney  
and prays the court for an appeal to the Cook County  
Circuit Court which is allowed by the court ~~as~~  
upon the filing of an appeal bond by the said  
defendant with sufficient security conditioned  
according to law, by the first day of the next term  
of this Court.

And afterwards to wit on the first day of  
March in the year last aforesaid comes the  
said defendant by his attorney & files his Bill  
of Exceptions herein which is in the words &  
figures to wit:

Recorder Court of the City of Chicago

Franklin Parmelee,

ads { Appeal  
Sarah E Saptar }  
Sarah E Saptar

And afterwards to wit on the day and place written  
Mentioned before the Hon R S Wilson Recorder of said  
City of Chicago comes as well the said Sarah E  
Saptar by Farnsworth & Burgess her attorneys as  
the said Parmelee by Anderson McAllister & Garrison  
his attorneys and the juries aforesaid being called  
likewise come and after being elected tried and  
sworn to try the issues herein the said plaintiff  
introduced and gave evidence to said jury as  
follows to wit:

William H Dredrick being called and sworn  
as a witness on the part of the plaintiff testified  
that he resided at the City of Utica New York - that  
he first saw the plaintiff about the ninth of October  
last coming to Chicago <sup>in</sup> the cars of the Michigan  
Southern Rail Road that shortly before arriving

at the Depot in this City plaintiff gave witness a check  
for her trunk saying that she was going to take the  
Milwaukee Boat and requesting witness to see that  
her trunk was properly sent there - that on arriving  
at the Depot witness enquired if there was any  
agents of Parkers Cos line of Omnibuses there (Here  
defendants Counsel objected to the witness stating the  
answer he received which objection was sustained  
by the Court) that thereupon a person presented  
himself who had according to witness best rec-  
ollection a badge upon his hat with "Parkers  
Line" upon it. to whom witness gave the check  
for the trunk and told him it was to be sent  
to the Milwaukee Boat, witness said this person  
who took the check got the plaintiffs trunk  
and put it upon the top of an omnibus which  
omnibus was marked upon its side "Parkers  
or Parkers Cos line" that he saw the plain-  
tiff go into the omnibus and the driver then  
drove the same away.

Question by the Court Mr. What capacity did  
this man appear to be acting there at the depot  
who took the check and placed the trunk upon  
the omnibus? To which question the defendants  
Counsel objected that the acts of this person in  
the absence of the deit are not competent to  
prove his agency. but the Court overruled  
the objection and permitted the question to  
be answered, to which ruling of the Court the  
defendants Counsel then and then excepted

The witness answered, he appeared to be  
acting as agent of Parkers line of Omnibuses  
by receiving baggage from passengers, placing  
it upon the omnibus and driving the omnibus

George Scoville another witness on the part of the plaintiff testified being duly sworn.

That he was a resident of the City of Chicago and a practising lawyer - that he knew the defendant and knew Parker & Co's line of omnibuses, and knew that defendant was one of the firm of Parker & Co last October.

On his cross examination the witness stated that Parker & Co were a company who had a line of omnibuses which run to and fro for the carriage of passengers and their baggage to cars depots boats & Hotels &c for pay. That Parker had been dead some time, but still it was called "Parker & Co. Line" and he knew that defendant and one Swift carried on the business since Parker's death. He did not know whether Parker's death dissolved the partnership or not - did not know whether the property had been sold or not. That he knew about the company from having done professional business for them and further said defendant connected therewith.

William Burgess being called and sworn on part of plaintiff testified that he was an attorney at law resided here that he was requested by plaintiff to assist her in getting her trunk that afterwards and before the commencement of this suit and after the 9th October last he saw the defendant at his office in this city and asked him for the plaintiff's trunk that it was not delivered to him nor to the plaintiff to the knowledge of the witness -

The plaintiffs Counsel then offered the plaintiff as a witness to prove the contents of the said trunk not being otherwise able to prove the same to which the defendant objected and the court overruled the objection allowed the plaintiff to be sworn for that purpose to which the defendant then and then excepted.

And Sarah E Saxon the plaintiff being sworn testified that she had heard the testimony of the witness Deederick and could state the contents of the trunk in question She had in it a muff and Victoria could not tell the quality of the Victoria was in good order the muff she had rapped up to make a Victoria of it was good Had a plaid silk dress worn some 12 yds in it. in pretty good order French merino dress in good condition seven yards of it. a de laim dress 10 yds not made up a good article Mourning bonnett first bought cape a good article Sa winter bonnet velvet and feather on it got last winter a summer hat of straw and lace wore it through the summer had a gingham dress good but not expensive a plaid skirt made of silk linen and cotton a pretty good one a black silk back two yds of silk in it trimmed with lace and ribbons - a blue de laim sack lined and trimmed had another Alpaca sack they were in good order Two aprons one de laim the other gingham Two pairs of under sleeves good order Some dotted muslin a lace cape embroidered with linen braid One yd of Embroidery for an underhand Kuchif a good article two yds of New ribbon plaid a good article

and linen under clothes,

with the consent of the counsel for the defence  
the witness then stated the value of each article  
which in the whole amounted to the sum found  
by the jury in their verdict.

After the plaintiff had given her evidence in  
answer to the counsel employed in the case  
one of the jurymen asked her if she had  
ever got her trunk and she replied that  
she had never seen it since she got into  
the omnibus.

The above is all the evidence given on  
the trial of said cause and the plaintiff rested  
her case and thereupon the defendant moved  
the court to nonsuit the plaintiff on the following  
grounds

1<sup>st</sup> The evidence is insufficient in law to au-  
thorize a recovery by the plaintiff against the  
defendant in this action there being no dis-  
pute about the facts of the case it resolves  
itself into a question of law

2<sup>nd</sup> The trunk and contents were not in the  
deft's possession or under his control when  
demanded by the plaintiff. Hence there will  
not lie the action should have been assumpsit  
or care founded upon the custom &c.

3<sup>rd</sup> The deft cannot be made liable in an action  
of tort for the negligence of his servant or  
agent.

4<sup>th</sup> There is no evidence showing that the money  
due for the carriage of the trunk has been paid  
or tendered by the plff to the deft before suit  
brought. Which motion to nonsuit the plff  
the Recorder refused and the defendant there-  
then excepted to such decision.

The defendant asked the court to give the jury the following instructions in writing to wit

1<sup>st</sup> That the non delivery of the trunk and contents to the owner by the deft is not sufficient to authorize the plff to recover in trover which the court refused as written but gave with the following modifications "Yet if the jury believe from the evidence that the trunk was in deft's possession & he refused to deliver it, it is different" To the refusal of which as asked and given with said modification said defendant then and then excepted.

2<sup>nd</sup> "That if the jury should find from the evidence that the person receiving the trunk was the agent of the deft and the same was lost through the negligence of such agent or was stolen from him, the deft is not liable in trover".

Which was not marked given or refused nor was it modified by the court and deft's counsel then and then excepted.

3<sup>rd</sup> "That to maintain this action it is necessary for the plaintiff to show that the goods were in the possession of the defendant or under his control at the time of demand."

Which was refused and so marked by the court and to the refusal of which the defendant then and then excepted.

4<sup>th</sup> "That the plaintiff cannot recover without showing that she paid the debt or his agent for carrying said trunk and contents.

"That without such payment the debt has a lien on the property for such charges"

Which was refused by the Court and so marked and to the refusal of which the defendant then and then excepted.

5<sup>th</sup> "That the facts in this case do not warrant a recovery in town."

Which was refused by the Court and so marked and to ~~the~~ refusal of which the defendant then and then excepted.

6<sup>th</sup> "That to make out a delivery of the trunk to the debt it is necessary for the plaintiff to show that the person receiving the same was the debt's agent and the fact that the person acted as such is not sufficient proof to authorize the jury to find that he was in fact the agent of the debt"

Which the Court refused to give as asked for but gave with the following modification  
"But if the evidence shows that he was at the cars with the debt's omnibus receiving baggage and driving omnibus there are circumstances to be considered by the jury in determining whether he was the agent."

To the refusal of which as asked for and the giving it as modified the said defendant then and then excepted -

The Jury having received the above instruction  
retired to consider of their verdict and returned  
into Court with a verdict finding the issue  
herein for the plaintiff and assessing her  
damages at sixty two dollars and seventy five  
cents.)

The defendants Counsel moved for a new  
trial <sup>upon</sup> the foregoing grounds and also on the  
ground that there was no evidence that the trunk  
and contents had been in the actual possession  
of the defendant left with his assent and  
knowledge and that he had converted them  
to his own use or that he had them in his  
possession when demanded and refused to  
give them up - Motion denied and deft's  
Counsel then and there excepted,

And because none of the said Rulings decis  
ions and Exceptions appear upon the Record  
of said trial the said Recorder has therupon  
upon the prayer of said defendant by his  
Counsel set his hand and seal to this bill  
of Exceptions this first day of March  
One thousand eight hundred and fifty five  
according to the Statute in such case made  
and provided, in open court.

R S Wilson   
Recorder &c

Afterwards to wit on the second day of June  
A D 1855 comes the said defendant and  
files his bond for a writ of error which  
said bond, and the approval thereof by the  
said court endorsed thereon, is in the words  
and figures following to wit:

Know all men by these presents that we Franklin  
Parmelee and William R Loomis of the City of  
Chicago in the County of Cook are held and firmly  
bound unto Sarah E Saxton in the penal sum  
of two hundred dollars lawful money of the  
United States for the payment of which well  
and truly to be made we bind ourselves, our heirs  
executors and administrators firmly jointly and  
severally, by these presents

Witness our hands and seals this twenty seventh  
day of June A D 1855.

The condition of this obligation is such that where  
as at the February Term of the Recorders Court  
in and for the City of Chicago held on the first  
day of March A D 1855 at the Court House in  
said City by and before the Hon R S Wilson Recorders  
Sarah E Saxton by the consideration of said Court  
recovered a judgment in a certain action of  
trotter then and there pending against the above  
bounden Franklin Parmelee for the sum of sixty  
two dollars and seventy five cents damages besides  
the costs of the said action, from which said judgment  
the said Franklin Parmelee brings a writ of error  
from the Supreme Court of the State of Illinois to  
said Recorders Court —

Now therefore the condition of this obligation is such  
that if the above bounden Franklin Parmelee  
shall diligently and effectually prosecute his  
writ of Error in this cause and shall pay what  
- ever judgments costs interest and damages  
may be rendered upon and awarded in  
case the said judgment shall be affirmed  
then the above obligation to be void otherwise  
to remain in full force and effect

Franklin Parmelee Seal  
Wm R. Sosius <sup>Post</sup> Seal

Which said bond is endorsed as follows to wit:

"Recorders Court June Term 1855  
The written Bond approved by the  
Court June 28<sup>th</sup> 1855 in open Court  
R. S Wilson Recordest"

Endorsed Filed July 2<sup>d</sup> 1855

P. A. Hoyne Clerk

Filed

State of Illinois

Cook County City of Chicago as I Philip A. Hoyne Clerk of the  
Recorders Court of the City of Chicago in said County and  
State do hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct  
transcript of the original Record and  
proceedings in the foregoing cause, and of  
the Bond and approval remaining  
on file in my office and of the whole  
<sup>and which Record is completed</sup>  
of said originals ~~and that they are complete~~  
Witness Phillip A. Hoyne Clerk of said Court  
and the seal thereof at Chicago this  
2<sup>d</sup> day of July A.D. 1855

P. A. Hoyne  
Clerk

Records Court City of Chicago

Sarah E Saylor

Frank Pardee  
Copy of Record & Bond

Supreme Court

Franklin Parmlee  
as Plaintiff

Sarah E Saxon  
Defendant

of the June Term

Aug 1 A.D 1858

And now comes the said Franklin Parmlee by Anderson & McAllister his Attorneys and says that in the Record and proceedings aforesaid and also in giving the judgment aforesaid there is manifest error in this that the said Court erred in overruling the objection made by the said defendant in the Recorder's Court to the question put by said Court to witness Diederich.

And also in this that the said Court decided that the said Sarah E Saxon was a competent witness in her own behalf and so received her.

Also that the Court refused to instruct the said plaintiff.

The Court also erred in refusing to charge the jury as requested by the defendant in said Court in <sup>a instruction</sup> proposition Number one, and in modifying the same,

The said Court also erred in not marking proposition <sup>a instruction</sup> Number two aforesaid request, either as "given" or "refused" as required by the Statute in case made & provided,

The Court also erred in refusing to charge as requested in propositions <sup>a instruction</sup> Numbers four five and six and in modifying Number six - and in refusing to give the same as requested.

The Court erred in refusing to the defendant in said Court a new trial.

Anderson & McAllister Atty's  
for Plaintiff in Error  
W W McAllister of counsel

~~Supreme Court~~

Franklin Parmelee  
15 D. 22, 1855 Plaintiff

Sarah E. Sexton  
Defendant

Manuscript of Record  
Assignment of Errors.

Filed Aug. 8. 1855.  
L. Veland Ch.

In this case the appeal to the circuit court was rejected and upon the hearing in the second trial judge of the Recorder's Court was affirmed and this fact is herewith given and with it is given other facts which I never told the circuit no will be given his civil cases to this circuit from the previous proceeding, it having been in prior courts so as well by the constitution as by common law here in the circuit courts - some where there is no record.

Answer to the Plaintiff  
for Sustaining

STATE OF ILLINOIS,

Supreme Court,

{ ss.

The People of the State of Illinois,

To the Sheriff of the County of Cook — Greeting:

BECAUSE in the record and proceedings, and also in the rendition of the judgment of a plea which was in the ~~Recordus~~ court of the City of Chicago in said county, before the Judge thereof, between Sarah E. Sayton, plaintiff

& Franklin Parmelee —

defendant, it is said that manifest error hath intervened, to the injury of the said defendant

as we are informed by *his* complaint, the record and proceedings of which said judgment we have caused to be brought into our Supreme Court of the state of Illinois, at Ottawa; before the Justices thereof, to correct the errors in the same, in due form and manner, according to law; therefore we command you, that by good and lawful men of your county, you give notice to the said

Sarah E. Sayton

that *she* be and appear before the Justices of our said Supreme Court, at the next term of said court, to be holden at Ottawa, in said state, on the 2<sup>d</sup> Monday in June — next, to hear the records and proceedings aforesaid, and the errors assigned, if *she* shall see fit; and further to do and receive what said court shall order in this behalf; and have you then there the names of those by whom you shall give the said

Sayton

notice, together with this writ.

Walter B. Seates

WITNESS, the Hon. Samuel H. Treat, Ch. of Justice of our said Court, and the Seal thereof, at Ottawa, this 12<sup>th</sup> day of August in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-six.

L. Seland

Clerk of the Supreme Court.

154 144  
Franklin Parmele

Sarah E. Saptan

Sei. Ia.

to June 11, 1856.

I hereby certify that  
after diligent Inquiry  
and Search the said  
Perf. in Emma Sarah E.  
Saptan cannot be  
found in my County  
Date June 9-1856  
J. H. Dart, Sheriff

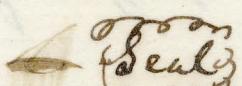
James S Beach Coroner  
Acting Sheriff  
By John H Dart Deputy

Filed June 11, 1856.  
L Leland  
Clerk

Know all men by these presents that we Franklin Parmelec  
and Theodore Doty, Inn Keeper  
of the City of Chicago in the County of Cook are held and firmly  
bound unto Sarah E Saxon in the penal sum of two hun-  
dred and fifty dollars lawful money of the United States  
for the payment of which well and truly to be made  
we bind ourselves our heirs Executors and Administrators  
jointly and severally firmly by these presents.

Witness our hands and seals this sixth day of August  
A D 1855

The Condition of this obligation is such that Whereas, at the  
February Term of the Recorders Court in and for the City of  
Chicago in Said County held on the first day of March AD  
1855 at the Court House in Said City by and before the Hon  
R S Wilson Recorder, Sarah E Saxon by the Consideration  
of Said Court recovered a judgment in a certain action  
of trover then and then pending, against the above bounden  
Franklin Parmelec for the sum of sixty two dollars and  
seventy five cents damages besides the costs of the said  
action, from which said judgment, the said Franklin  
Parmelec brings a writ of error from the Supreme Court  
of the State of Illinois to the said Recorders Court  
Now therefore the condition of this obligation is such  
that if the above bounden Franklin Parmelec shall  
diligently and effectually prosecute his writ of error  
in this cause and shall pay whatever judgments,  
costs, interest and damages may be rendered, imposed  
and awarded in case the said judgment shall  
be affirmed in and by the said Supreme Court  
then the above obligation to be void otherwise to  
remain in full force and effect

Franklin Parmelec 

Theodore Doty 

State of Illinois  
Cook County ss

Theodorus Doty

of the city of Chicago in said County Inn Keeper  
surety for Franklin Farmer in the foregoing bond  
being duly sworn deposes and says that he  
is a freeholder and resides in the City of Chicago  
aforesaid and that he is worth the sum  
of five thousand dollars over and  
above what will pay his debts.

Swnn to and Subscribed / Theodorus Doty  
the 20th day of August  
A.D. 1855 before me

Wm. Daquin post  
notary public

15.  
43

Sarah E Saxon }  
vs.  
Franklin Parmenter)

The transcript is left with the court to remain  
with an assignment of errors. Will Judge  
Dickey or Parmenter make a motion for  
a suspendeders in the case to morrow?

The Clerk is satisfied with Bond &c  
Aug 6<sup>th</sup> 1885.

Anderson & McAllister  
Chicago

No. advised the  
court being of  
opinion that the  
burden of proof  
is on the plaintiff  
in error to show  
the loss of the  
woods.

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Chicago Aug 10<sup>th</sup> 1855-

L Leland Esq  
Dear Sir.

We have altered our minds respecting that case of Parmelee vs Saylor. You may docket the case and issue Sci. Ira. for they will not appear unless compelled to, as much as they will get the money into their pockets.

The Court has refused the supersedeas without full, understanding the facts in the Bill of Exceptions. Let it always when a case is submitted without argument.

We return the four dollars, therefore,

Yours &c

Anderson & McAllister

Sup Court  
Parmeter  
ads

Saxton

II

Trover will not lie against a common carrier unless he has actually converted the goods to his own use, or having them in his possession refuses to deliver them on demand,

Packard vs Lutman 2 Wend 613

1 Chit Pl 143 old p

Salk 655 5 Burr 2825

Peake 44 1 Faunt 391 4 Esp 137

Cited in 4<sup>a</sup> Wend.

See also Hallanbaker vs Fish 8 Wend 347  
In this last case the goods were actually delivered to the debt. The law says, "The plff demanded them of the debt; what had become of them or that at the time of the demand they were in the possession of the debt was not shown" The Sup Court held that trover would not lie and remarks a well settled distinction between trover, and case & assumption.

The Bill of Ex. expressly states that it contains all the evidence given upon the trial and there was not a syllable of proof that the debt ever converted the goods, &c or that he had them in his possession when demanded and we submit that the verdict is wholly against law, and so the ruling of the court below; for these points were expressly taken.

But it was clearly error, for the Court to refuse  
to mark the Deft's Second Instruction either  
"given" or "refused." The Statute with  
which the Court is familiar imperatively  
demands it, and it is just as much  
the right of a defendant to ask the Court to  
give instructions to the jury on the law  
(if he does it in the mode required by  
the Statute), as it is to call witnesses to  
sustain his part of the issue on the  
facts, of this right this defendant was deprived.

The plff is a nonresident and if  
she should collect this judgment, and  
this Court afterwards reverse the same, she  
would have the money notwithstanding.

W B McAllister  
Council for Plaintiff

F. Parmelee

S. E. Saxton

15.

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